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東京帝國大學法學部研究室

Germans Thrown Back In Thrilling Series of Battles

20 Messerschmitts Scattered by Two Spitfires; 43 Nazis Downed

A South Coast Town, Eng., Sept. 3.

THREE formations of German raiders, numbering at least 70 planes each, attempted to cross the coast yesterday, but were hurled back by British fighters after furious battles that lasted the whole afternoon.

"One Messerschmitt crashed in flames. I saw three more shot down over the Channel. A large German bomber badly damaged and attempting to land four miles away exploded with a terrific blast that shook the town, as his whole load of bombs were set off, blowing the plane to pieces," writes a United Press staff correspondent.

"Later in the afternoon, a formation of 176 German bombers and fighters came out of the clouds in which they were taking cover. Flying along the coast they encountered Spitfires and Hurricanes and started one of the biggest air battles I have seen since the war started.

"Five planes went crashing into the Channel. In the course of the fighting I saw two Spitfires dive among 20 Messerschmitts and break up their formation. One bomber flew off toward France, losing height rapidly.

"When one of the Spitfires tackled another bomber, six Messerschmitts dived to assist their compatriot. But another Spitfire jumped into the scrap, scattering the Germans. Each Spitfire then selected a Messerschmitt for his special attention and both sent a German plane hurtling down."

Spitfires "Too Good For Us"

One German pilot baled out and was captured.

"Your Spitfires are too good for us," he said.

A Hurricane pilot baled out and came down from 20,000 feet by parachute with the Germans firing at him. When he reached the ground he was suffering from burns on the face and hands.

"The dirty blighters had a crack at me as I jumped out," he said.

The British pilot's wrist watch had been shot off by a machine gun bullet.

Early in the evening, two Messerschmitts made a dive bombing attack here. One released a high explosive bomb which fell in the mud in the inner harbour, making a huge crater. Another dropped a crude oil incendiary bomb which landed in the residential district without damage.

Two Fighters to One Bomber

Thirty German bombers in mass formation, escorted by at least double that many fighters, attempted to penetrate London's defences from the south-east late yesterday afternoon.

They flew past this town in formation, protected above and below, behind and before by fighters. As they neared this town anti-aircraft guns loosed a terrific barrage and then British fighters cut up between the bombers and their escorts. In a few seconds 100 wheeling planes were in the sky.

The German bombers were soon forced to break their formation. They were unable to face the anti-aircraft barrage, which grew fiercer as the German planes headed for home in scattered groups.

More British fighters appeared and attacked the bombers as they fled, after which nine parachutes were seen falling. The German bombers hurtled home with what appeared to be British Defiants at their tails. It was believed some bombs were dropped, but miles from military objectives.—United Press.

Fourteen Attacks Repelled

London, Sept. 3.

German planes made four fierce thrusts up the Thames Estuary toward London yesterday and four times the defenders hurled them back with heavy losses, according to the Air Ministry here last night.

Ten even heavier attacks comprising 200 planes each, directed at the London area from another direction —across the south-east coast—also

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Nazi Pilot Aids Spitfire Fund

Five-Mark Note Given by Captured Airman Will Be Put Up for Auction

London, Sept. 3.

A captured German pilot contributed to the British Spitfire Fund yesterday when a railroad buffet waitress thrust a collecting box into the railway car in which he was riding.

The German, who was shot down in Kent during an air raid, was being escorted under armed guard through Chatham when the waitress asked him to contribute to the fund. The German pilot, smiling, contributed a five mark note. It was expected that the note would be auctioned for the Spitfire Fund.

The German was piloting a yellow nosed Messerschmitt when he was shot down and captured.

"This is the first time I have ever been here," he commented.—United Press.

Hidden Holocaust Awaits Germans

Britain Prepared to Meet Any Nazi Attempt

London, Sept. 3.

A hidden hail of fire awaits the invaders of England, writes Reuters' Special Correspondent who visited the Southern Command yesterday.

Looked at from the sea, the foreshore looks still what it was—a sunny lido with hills on both sides and woodland beyond. Rolled barbed wire is the only snag an invader would see, but rifle and machine-gun marksmen would be at concealed posts the moment an alarm came, and there is a series of ingeniously concealed and camouflaged pill-boxes to be found anywhere in Britain.

Narrow roads leading across country through which an invader might spread out to capture the main cities would be under fire and flame. The farther west the enemy lands the more treacherous roads become, getting narrower and steeper every few miles.

Expert horsemen enrolled in the Home Guard patrol moors after dark astride of ponies, on the look-out for parachutists. Counter-bombardment and close defence both from a frontal attack by sea and from inland are well provided for. There is every hope that a drive across England from the west and south-west, should a landing be made, will be soon localized.—Reuter.

Italians Claim Damaging Warships

Rome, Sept. 3.

A British aircraft carrier was hit and severely damaged by bombs "of the heaviest calibre" when Italian planes carried out a "successful" attack on British warships off Malta, the headquarters of the Italian Army announced here today.

The official communique said Italian heavy bombers and dive bombers participated in the raids. Three British pursuit planes were shot down in dogfights over the warships, the report claimed.

In addition to the aircraft carrier, two British cruisers and one torpedo boat were claimed to have been severely damaged in the Italian attacks.—United Press.

R.A.F. Raids Plants in North Italy

Attacks Also Carried Out Against Eritrea

London, Sept. 3.

British planes again crossed France and the Alps Sunday night and bombed the Fiat factory at Turin and the Marelli magneto works at Sesto San Giovanni, near Milan, the Air Ministry announced here yesterday.

"Yesterday, R.A.F. bombers attacked enemy aerodromes at Ypenburg and Schipol," the Air Ministry added. "Our bombers carried out extensive operations over Germany, Italy, Holland and France. German aircraft factories at Munich and Stuttgart, oil plants at Ludwigshaven and Nordenham, munition factories at Leipzig and Bitterfield, shipping at Emden, a power station at Kassel, goods yards at Soest and Mannheim and many enemy aerodromes were among the targets attacked."—United Press.

Further Details Given

London, Sept. 3.

Extensive operations over Germany, Italy, Holland and France were carried out by bombers of the Royal Air Force on Sunday night, states a communique issued by the Air Ministry last night.

After bombing the enemy's aerodromes at Ypenburg and Schipol on Sunday, aircraft factories at Munich and Stuttgart, oil plants at Hanover, Ludwigshafen and Nordenham, munitions factories at Leipzig and Bitterfield, shipping at Emden, a power station at Kassel, goods yards at Soest and Mannheim and many enemy aerodromes were among the targets attacked.

The Fiat aircraft factory at Turin and the Marelli Magneto works at Sesto San Giovanni were successfully bombed.

Aircraft of the Coastal Command attacked the enemy submarine and E-boat base at Lorient.

From all these operations all British aircraft returned safely, except one which crashed on landing.

The Royal Air Force attacked from the North Sea to Lombardy on Sunday night and one of the new objectives on this 700-mile front was the Bosch ignition plugs factory at Stuttgart, which was heavily defended by anti-aircraft batteries and search-lights, reveals the news service of the Ministry. Several explosions and fires were observed.

High-explosive bombs fell all along railway sidings at Munich, which was bombed for the first time, and many fires broke out.

At Turin, the first aircraft bombed the Fiat works so effectively that an explosion occurred, and the reverberation shook the aircraft at a height of several thousand feet.—Reuter.

Swiss Alarms Sounded

Berne, Sept. 3.

Anti-aircraft guns opened fire today on foreign planes, believed to be British, flying over this area and apparently headed for Italy.

The anti-aircraft batteries burst into action early this morning. An air raid alarm was sounded at 2 a.m. and the anti-aircraft guns began firing soon after. The all-clear was signalled at 2.45 a.m. Earlier, there was a forty-minute alarm, followed by another lasting thirteen minutes and ending at 11.31 p.m.

Alarms were also raised in Zurich, although the all-clear was sounded there at 11.34 p.m.

The Army Staff today announced that the bombs dropped in the open fields during Sunday night exploded without causing any damage or casualties near the village of Au in St. Gallen Canton. Numerous points in this Canton also were placed under alarm.—United Press.

Raids in Eritrea

Cairo, Sept. 3.

Successive raids were carried out on Assab (Eritrea) Harbour, buildings and warehouses by British bombers on Sunday, according to a communique issued here last night.

"Our aircraft attacked in a series of waves throughout the day. Two direct hits were registered on a large jetty and another on a small jetty. Many bombs hit buildings and warehouses at the head of one jetty. One petrol fire was started and burned for two hours.

Another petrol fire occurred after a heavy explosion and was seen burning fiercely by the following flight of bombers from a distance of 25 miles. Direct hits were also registered on military barracks.

"Enemy anti-aircraft fire was heavy, but all our aircraft returned safely.

"Numerous reconnaissances were carried out over various parts of Italian East Africa and Somaliland. A seaplane operated by a French crew effected valuable reconnaissance in the western Mediterranean."—Reuter.

British Retire from Buna

London, Sept. 3.

British forces have retired from Buna, caravan station in Kenya, to the south before the pressure of Italian troops, British military authorities announced today.

Rome announced the occupation of Buna yesterday, indicating that it appeared part of an Italian move to gain control of all important transportation points in Kenya.—United Press.

23 German Machines Shot Down So Far

London, Sept. 3.

In another day of lively aerial activity over Britain today, 23 German machines are so far known to have been destroyed, while 15 British fighters are missing, but eight pilots are known to be safe.—Reuter.

Nazi Weapon of Aerial Terror Tried And Humbled in Battle of Britain

Confidence Declared Unwavering at End of First Year of War; R.A.F. Shatters Goering's Dream

London, Sept. 3.

The first year of the war has made it dramatically clear that the greatest potential weapon of terror against European civilization has been tried out for the first time against a powerful adversary and humbled, states Reuter's air correspondent.

It was recognized that Germany would strain every nerve to make Britain feel the full power of her Luftwaffe (air force). Confindence, however, does not waver at the prospect of heavier night raids over the darkened face of Britain and repeated hammering at anti-aircraft guns and balloons sheltering its capital by day and night.

Almost from the start of the war, the Royal Air Force shattered Marshal Hermann Goering's dream of the inviolability of Germany's aerial frontiers on its leaflet raids as far as Prague and Vienna.

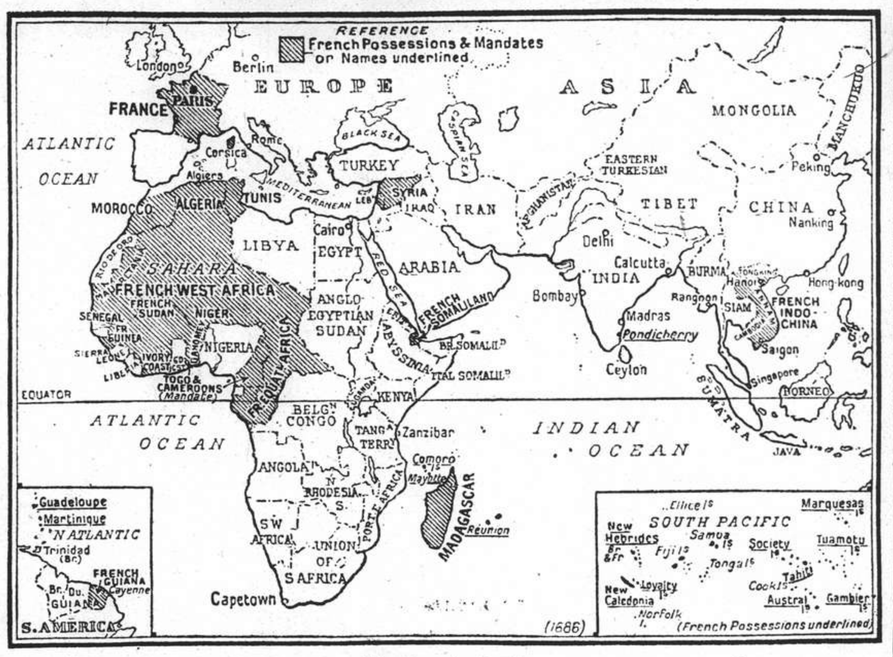
The Norway chapter contained a stirring record of what few determined young men can do under hazardous conditions against heavy odds.

Then, in France and the Low Countries, the Royal Air Force made great holes in the armour of invincibility which appeared to be the shield of the German army.

It seemed certain that if Britain could reach parity in numbers in time—and such parity is now in sight —the war in the air was as good as won. All that has happened since the *Blitzkrieg* and counter-*Blitzkrieg* on Germany and occupied territories has underlined this assertion of R.A.F. superiority in men and aircraft.

Experts today discount excessive optimism, but they are far from being pessimistic. They point to the proud record of the R.A.F. during the first 12 months of the war, to the rapid growth of Britain's air fleet and to the almost unlimited supply of eager and well-trained men to fly it both in Britain and the Dominions.—Reuter.

FRENCH POSSESSIONS OVERSEA



The French Empire

The strategic importance of the movement which is sweeping the French Empire in favour of General de Gaulle can be seen from this map. French Equatorial Africa, with the exception of Gabon, which is in the extreme south, has already joined General de Gaulle. Most of French West Africa has also thrown in its lot with the party that wishes to fight on. New Caledonia, shown in one of the insets, has also declared for de Gaulle, while Morocco and certain islands in the West Indies are reported to be about to follow suit. In Indo-China a Japanese report, which is partially confirmed from Vichy, says an insurrection against the Vichy-appointed governor is in progress. Syria is said to be loyal to Vichy, while French Somaliland is so situated that it can do little else but abide by the terms of the armistice. The movement to continue fighting in the African colonies must necessarily embarrass the Italian command in Libya, where an offensive against the Egyptian Sudan is believed to be preparing.

Rumanian Volunteers Offer To Resist Hungarians

Regulars Recover Possession of Oradea-Mare After Ejecting Hungarians from Buildings

Bucharest, Sept. 3.

HUNDREDS of volunteers from all parts of Rumania yesterday were en route to Transylvania to offer their services either to fight the Hungarian occupation or to help the Rumanians evacuate.

Many volunteers were part of the recently demobilized army and were still in uniform.

When asked what they would do for guns, one replied, "We will find them on the way."

One hundred and two traction company lorries left here yesterday for Transylvania to evacuate the company's employees and families before the Hungarian occupation of those districts ceded to Hungary by the Vienna Award. Traffic was jammed on the highways and railways across the Carpathians.

According to eye witnesses, thousands of peasants living on the Rumanian side of the new frontier knelt in churchyards Sunday before the priests and swore an oath "to defend their unfortunate brothers falling again under Hungarian rule."

Bucharest authorities were worried over the influx of refugees, which seemed continuous. It was believed the influx would necessitate the import of foodstuffs to feed the refugees.

Occupation Date Set

The Rumano-Hungarian mixed commission agreed that the occupation of Transylvania by Hungarian troops will be completed September 13, it was learned here. Under the agreement, Hungarian troops will enter Oradea-Mare and Satu-Mare September 6-7, and will enter Cluj September 11.

According to a high Government source here, Hungarian troops who crossed the frontier north of Oradea-Mare yesterday were pitching camps and waiting to give the Rumanian troops time to evacuate their supplies.

The Bucharest police arrested the former Lord Mayer of Bucharest, M. Demetriu Dobrescu, yesterday on suspicion of helping to organize last Sunday's demonstrations against the cession of territory to Hungary. The police, meanwhile, released three society women and M. Ion Lugosiano and M. George Popp, who were arrested for leading demonstrations Sunday.

German Consulate Attacked

Unrest swept through Rumania today as tempers of patriotic Rumanians soared to boiling pitch because of the Vienna decision forcing Rumania to yield the larger portion of Transylvania to Hungary.

Rumanian demonstrators stormed the German Consulate in Brasov in the Transylvanian Alps last night and riots raged throughout the city.

Firing was heard during the night in the Satu-Mare region in Transylvania next to the Hungarian border, official quarters reported this morning.

Hungarian irregulars were charged with pillaging village after village north of Satu-Mare. Rumanians also

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Hungarian Premier Appeals for Calm

People Warned Existence Of Entire State Risked; Confidence Asked

Bucharest, Sept. 3.

An appeal to the people of Rumania to remain "calm, disciplined and dignified" was made by the Prime Minister, M. Gigurtu, today.

He stated in his appeal that they had received a guarantee of the liberties of the people of Rumania. Continuing he said: "We must not, however great our suffering, risk the existence of the entire Rumanian state, by resisting the cession of a single part, for that would only provoke the downfall of our country. Thanks to the guarantees given to our frontiers we can begin our new task of building up Rumania."

M. Gigurtu also appealed for confidence in the Government.—Reuter.

Nazi Troops Said Prepared

New York, Sept. 3.

Associated Press reports received here yesterday quoting semi-official Nazi sources at Budapest, state that Nazi troops will occupy all of Rumania if nation-wide agitation over Rumanian territorial losses remains unchanged.—Domei.

Russo-German Rivalry Seen

Istanbul, Sept. 3.

Efforts are being made by the Axis Powers to prevent the further infiltration of Soviet influence into the Balkans, competent neutral observers here declared in commenting upon the most recent moves made by the large Powers in southeastern Europe.

Germany and Italy, by giving territorial guarantees to Rumania at Vienna, hope that the action will serve to close the Balkan door to further Soviet penetration, they said. Furthermore, the action was contemplated to prevent Rumania from seeking too close ties with Red Russia which already has taken possession of Bessarabia.

The Axis also desired the demobilization of Rumania and a stepping up of production in that country, it was observed here. Circles in close touch with the situation predicted that the next move would be up to the U.S.S.R.—Domei.

Japanese Gendarmes Attempt to Seize Chinese Doctor in Settlement

S.M.P. Chinese Constables Prevent Abduction And Arrest Gendarmes, Two Chinese

An abduction in which three Japanese gendarmes were implicated, was averted by the timely arrival of two Chinese constables yesterday when Dr. Pau Tsoo-yoong of 105 Rue Baron Gros was lured by a fake call to attend a sick person in Room 246 of the Asia Lodging House at 571 Hankow Road at about 2 p.m.

The Chinese doctor was at his home when he received a call asking him to come to the Asia Lodging House where a sick person required medical assistance. Not suspecting any foul play, Dr. Pau went there immediately. As soon as he had arrived at the place, he was surrounded by three Japanese gendarmes in plain clothes and two Chinese, who intimidated him with a pistol and ordered him to get into a waiting car.

The victim called for help and struggled with his would-be abductors. His cries were heard by the C.P.C's on duty in the vicinity. The constables ran to his help and managed to secure his release, at the same time taking the gendarmes and Chinese to a police station.

Members of the quintet were questioned by the police and released after they had proved their identities. Further enquiries are being made by the police.

Anglo U.S. Pact On Bases Nears

Aboard Presidential Special en route to Charleston, West Va., Sept. 3.

President Roosevelt early today was reported to have reached an agreement with Britain on all the major phases of the plan under which the United States is to acquire naval and air bases in British possessions in the western hemisphere.

An announcement to this effect was understood to be imminent, although minor details may defer it for 48 hours.—United Press.

U.S. to Hand Over Fifty Destroyers

Dramatic Announcement Made By President Before Congress

Washington, Sept. 3.

President Roosevelt today advised Congress that the United States was giving Great Britain 50 over-age destroyers in exchange for naval and air bases in British possessions in the Western Hemisphere.

Under the agreement with Britain, President Roosevelt said, the United States acquired the right to lease bases in Newfoundland, Bermuda, the Bahamas, Jamaica, St. Lucia, Antigua and British Guiana.—United Press.

Urged by Adm. Stirling

Newark, N.J., Sept. 3.

Rear-Admiral Yates Stirling, Jr., retired, last night urged that the United States send destroyers to Britain.

The former commander of the United States Yangtze Patrol, speaking on a nationwide radio network, frankly admitted that such an "act violates international law, but what nation does not at this time? Any question of legality under our laws can be corrected by Congress.

"The defeat of the British Navy would remove the sea protection of the Atlantic on which the United States depends, thus opening our country to a naval war in two oceans with only a one-ocean navy.

"The great number of planes that we are sending to Britain are considered by some airmen even more valuable than battleships much less destroyers. Should Britain be defeated, Hitler will carry out his threats against us whether we will have sent destroyers or not."—United Press.

Air Raids Give Colds To Berliners

Epidemic Said Caused by Sleeping in Cellars

Berlin, Sept. 3.

At the end of the first week of extensive British air raids on Berlin, during which it was estimated that the population slept more than twelve hours in air raid cellars, a sharp epidemic of colds in the head spread throughout the capital, a special survey revealed today.

One druggist in central Berlin told the United Press that his sales of cough tablets and cold cures jumped steeply during the past week.

The epidemic also apparently was partly due to the long spell of unusually cold weather which caused a large proportion of Berliners to wear overcoats during the second fortnight of August.—United Press.

Australian Defenses To Be Built Up

Melbourne, Sept. 3.

Mr. Robert G. Menzies, Prime Minister, said last night that if he is re-elected he would continue to build up Australia's defences while supporting as fully as possible the British Empire's war efforts.—United Press.

Japanese Ultimatum to Indo-China Reported

Demand for Passage of Troops Said Refused By Indo-China Authorities; Tokyo Foreign Office Spokesman Says "Nothing to It"

Saigon, Sept. 3.

AN ultimatum demanding permission for passage of troops through Indo-China was presented by Japan on Sunday, states an official communique.

The ultimatum was refused by Indo-China authorities.—Reuter.

Manila, Sept. 3.

Indicating that "something serious was brewing" in French Indo-China, authorities in the French colony today clamped down the strictest possible censorship both on incoming and outgoing radio and telegraph messages.

Messages sent to Hanoi by press agencies inquiring as to various reports were returned undelivered. They were notified that the censorship commission did not permit transmission of such queries.

Private messages reaching Manila today, however, indicated that serious tension prevailed at Hanoi.—United Press.

Tokyo, Sept. 3.

"There is absolutely nothing to it," said the Foreign Office spokesman, Mr. Yakichiro Suma, today when asked about the reported Japanese ultimatum to French Indo-China.

Reports of revolt in Indo-China are most meagre here and it is believed that, at present, they are insufficiently clear to justify any action by Japan.

The "Asahi Shimbun" in an editorial this morning refers to the reported revolt and accuses Britain of scheming to take over the French colonies through General de Gaulle, leader of free Frenchmen in Britain.—Reuter.

Tokyo Reports Uprisings

Tokyo, Sept. 3.

The Japanese press continued to carry reports of alleged uprisings in French Indo-China today and warned that Japan would be "gravely concerned" if the alleged revolt against the German-controlled Vichy government spreads.

The "Asahi Shimbun" reported from Hongkong that the Vichy Government was "desperately attempting to maintain French Indo-China intact." The report alleged that the French government in Vichy had telegraphed to the French garrison in Indo-China and the French Far Eastern Fleet requesting their loyalty in "efforts to quell the uprisings."

The Vichy Government also was reported to have requested the Italo-German Armistice Commission to take immediate measures for the "maintenance of peace and order in Indo-China."

"British Puppet"

"While the particulars of the reported revolt in Indo-China are not known," the "Asahi" said in a special editorial, "if the insurgents have really rallied around the regime of Gen. Charles de Gaulle, Japan cannot but be gravely concerned because the de Gaulle regime is a mere puppet of the British Government."

Commenting on reports that New Caledonia and New Hebrides had pledged their allegiance to Gen. de Gaulle, the paper said Japan "should not relax vigilance over them."

"Whenever the increasingly effective performance of aircraft is considered, Japan must extend her vision farther and farther out into the Pacific," the paper said.—United Press.

Vichy Explains Catroux Replacement

Vichy, Sept. 3.

Foreign radio reports allege that General Catroux was relieved of his functions as Governor-General of Indo-China because he showed intention to resist the conditions of the Armistice, it was said here last night. In fact, however, General Catroux lost his position by the decree of July 26 because he had seriously failed in his duties as a soldier and head of colonies, compromising by his personal policy the defence of the interests of Frenchmen in Indo-China, it was declared here.—Havas.

British Escort Vessel Sunk by Torpedo

London, Sept. 3.

His Majesty's escort vessel Penzance (1,025 ton) has been torpedoed and sunk, it is officially announced.

The ship was commissioned in 1931 and figured in the occupation of the Red Sea port of Hodeida by King Ibn Saud's troops in 1934. After the withdrawal of Yemeni troops, she was used to transfer 300 foreigners, including a number of Britons and Indians, from Hodeida to the island of Kamaran.

Her commander, Wavish, was formerly harbour master at Gibraltar.—Reuter.

Morocco Reported Joining de Gaulle

Agitation in Favour of London Leader Growing, Says Spanish Journal

Tangier, Sept. 3.

Agitation favouring the leader of the French National Committee in London, General Charles de Gaulle, is growing in Morocco, according to the Spanish news agency, Cifra, here yesterday.

The agency said there were strong indications that French West Africa will shortly join the revolt against Vichy.

The agency also reported from Algiers that six planes, believed to be French, landed at Gibraltar yesterday, making 30 planes which have landed at the British stronghold in recent days.—United Press.

French Colony Protests

Baltimore, Sept. 3.

The Council of the French island colony of New Caledonia has resigned in protest against the appointment of Lt.-Colonel Denis as Governor by the Petain Government, according to Mr. Paul Patterson, publisher of the "Baltimore Evening Sun," now visiting the island.

He cabled his paper saying the council, which favours General de Gaulle, head of the French National Committee in London, demands a general election, and adds if this is refused serious trouble may develop. —Reuter.

Congo Revolt Denied

Vichy, Sept. 3.

The Minister of Colonies yesterday officially denied British reports that the French Gaboon colony, on the north shore of the Congo, had joined the Equatorial African revolt against the Petain Government.

The Minister of Colonies, M. Henri Lemeri, as proof of this, published a telegram received from the loyal French High Commissioner at Dakar, M. Boisson, reporting the failure of Colonel de Larminat, the emissary of the leader of the French National Committee in London, General Charles de Gaulle, to provoke dissidence in Gaboon.

M. Boisson appealed from Dakar by radio to the French population of Chad to discontinue their dissidence, according to M. Lemeri.—United Press.

German Air Losses 550 Men a Week

London, Sept. 3.

Losses of German air force personnel are conservatively estimated at 550 a week since May 10.

However, comments Reuters' Air Correspondent, the success of German air raids is not to be entirely determined by these losses for Germany has sufficient reserves both in men and planes, but if the present effort proves inconclusive, Marshal Hermann Goering may well find the weight and length of future aerial assaults seriously impaired.—Reuter.

Mr. Churchill Making Statement Thursday

London, Sept. 3.

It has now been definitely arranged that Mr. Winston Churchill, the Prime Minister, will make a statement on the war situation when the House of Commons re-assembles on Thursday.

A brief debate may follow his statement.—Reuter.

Formosan Shot Dead by Gunmen in Foochow Road Restaurant

Tragic End to Luncheon Party; Victim an Official Of Japanese Film Company; Political Motive Seen

Another assassination, believed to be of a political nature, took place yesterday at 2.10 p.m. when Mr. Liu Tsai-po, a naturalized Japanese of Formosan origin, was shot dead by two unidentified gunmen at the Kin Hwa Restaurant at 623 Foochow Road.

The deceased, who was about 36 years of age and connected with the China Film Company, a Japanese concern with offices at Hamilton House, had luncheon together with Mr. Keiji Matsuzaki, of the same firm, and several other Chinese and Japanese friends at the Kin Hwa Restaurant.

The company came to the restaurant at about 12.30 p.m. and engaged a private dining room on the first floor. About 2.10 p.m. they finished their luncheon and were going downstairs, Mr. Liu ahead of the company, when two gunmen, occupying a table near the entrance to the restaurant, stood up and fired three shots at their victim. Hit by two bullets in the chest, Mr. Liu sank to the floor, while the assailants rushed across the restaurant and made their escape through the kitchen.

The wounded Formosan was taken to the Lester Chinese Hospital, at 145 Shantung Road, but died soon after his arrival there.

A political motive was held likely as Mr. Liu was to be the new president of the "Kuo Min Hsin Wen," a pro-Nanking Chinese daily. Mr. Mu Shih-ying, president of the daily, who visited Japan in May, accompanying Mr. Chen Kung-po, president of the Legislative Yuan of the Nanking Government, on an official goodwill mission to Japan, was killed by gunmen on July 28.

No arrests had been made by the Municipal Police yesterday, although two witnesses were detained for questioning. These were allowed to go later.

First Year of War Ends with Britain Strong, Confident

Certainty of Eventual Victory Despite Number Of Strategic Setbacks Stressed in Reviews

London, Sept. 3.

TWELVE months of war find the British Empire, despite a number of strategic setbacks, strong and united, certain of eventual victory, states the London press on the first anniversary of the declaration of war.

Summing up the year, "The Times" says: "We can see where our defence is adequately equipped and that the destructive possibilities of aerial bombardment have been exaggerated. In general the loss of life in this war is much less than anyone would have dared to forecast a year ago.

"The manpower of the nation therefore is not seriously depleted by the casualties of the first year. Our material resources are substantially intact. On the other hand we have suffered a worse series of strategic disasters than the most pessimistic imagination could have contemplated a year ago. We now know for certain that when our rising aircraft production has given us numerical parity, as it will do within a known time, our attacking forces of bombers, already doing heavy damage, will become irresistible. Meanwhile we answer Hitler's domination of Europe with power to draw on the resources of all other continents, which command of the sea guarantees us. Thus we enter the second year of the war confident that though the tide has ebbed far it has turned and already is flowing towards victory."

"Proving By Deeds"

The "News-Chronicle" states: "The start of the second year finds us united, certain of eventual victory and already proving by spectacular deeds, courage and resource our power and determination to destroy all the assaults of our enemies.

"Hitler's early successes were easy because they were achieved against ill-prepared or half-hearted resistance. Now that for the first time his forces find themselves matched against a foe who is both resolute and strong his rebuff is plain for all the world to see."

Fighting For a Just Cause

Says the "Daily Herald": "For 12 months the murky tide of cruelty, corruption and oppression has rolled on, but unsubmerged by its onrush there stand today two rocks more strongly embedded than before. One is the unanimous conviction of the whole world of free men that the cause for which Britain and her Allies are fighting is beyond question just.

"The second rock is this island fortress itself. It stands like an outpost in the very jaws of the world's enemy and knows itself to be far more securely defended than in the anxious moments of three months ago."—Reuter.

Moyale's Defenders Decorated

Lived for Five Days in Trenches Under Hail of Fire from Greater Forces

London, Sept. 3.

Captain J. D. Henderson, son of Lady Henderson, of Nairobi, and nephew of Sir Nevile Henderson, former Ambassador to Germany; and Lieutenant S. E. Tutoit, both serving with the King's African Rifles, have been awarded the Military Cross for their share in the heroic defence of Moyale, says Reuters' Special Correspondent somewhere in Kenya. A number of other awards have also been approved.

Captain Henderson commanded a company of the King's African Rifles, 150 strong, who held out against Italian forces ten times stronger, and led out the garrison of Moyale after five days of siege, during which more than 1,000 shells were pumped into the fort, which is barely 500 by 300 yards.

Praise from General

The defence of Moyale is described by General Dickenson as "one of the finest things in the history of the King's African Rifles."

The official report says that the garrison lived five days and nights in trenches under a rain of shells and bullets, repelling attack after attack and hurling back enemy stormtroops repeatedly from the barbed wire of the outer defences. The garrison was prepared to defend Moyale to the last man, but the higher command considered it not of a sufficient strategic value to justify such a sacrifice, and ordered the withdrawal of the garrison who slipped through the enemy lines in darkness and joined a relief force.—Reuter.

Nazis Thought Trying Out Giant Bombers

Tests Believed Made of Plan to Land Troops

London, Sept. 3.

The appearance of giant Nazi four-engined bombers during raids in the last two days gave rise today to the belief that Germany was planning to land troops from the air by using such craft.

Air experts carefully examined the possibility of this new development. They said it indicated either a fresh experiment with the hitherto discredited multi-engined bombers, or that Chancellor Adolf Hitler was planning to land troops from the air and was giving his pilots opportunity to verify the possibilities of successful landings.

The planes were believed to be the Junkers 89, with a span of 115 feet and a length of 86 feet. They were said to be similar to the commercial Junkers 90 frequently seen at Croydon airport prior to the outbreak of the war.

A number of these Junkers 89's were known to have been delivered as bombers at the Luftwaffe plane factory in October 1939, although it was understood that the Royal Air Force command was not impressed with this craft and preferred the twin-engined high-speed type of bomber.

The Junkers 89 previously had a top speed of 220 miles per hour, but this speed was since believed to have been increased to 275 miles per hour. It was reported capable of carrying 17,000 pounds of bombs.

Commenting on the German bombers, Royal Air Force quarters tonight indicated that British pilots regarded these craft as "juicy targets" and did not believe they constituted a new threat.

One four-engined German plane was reported sighted during one of Sunday's raids, while two crossed the coast in the middle of a large formation of raiders yesterday.—United Press.

U.S. Prepared to Induct Guardsmen

First Batch Expected to Be Called up

Washington, Sept. 3.

The War Department yesterday made preparations to induct 60,500 National Guardsmen from 26 states into the Army September 16 for a year of training in accordance with President Roosevelt's call under the Mobilization law, which the President signed last Tuesday.

The men to be called up September 16 constitute the first of a series which will bring all available National Guardsmen into the Army in a few months. The first militiamen called form the vanguard of the President's contemplated preparedness army of 1,200,000 soldiers. They may serve anywhere in the United States, its territories or possessions, according to the mobilization law, but there are no indications that any will go beyond continental United States.

Mr. Roosevelt announced that he hoped the 60,500 called would be increased by 76,689—the full peace time strength of these units—by voluntary enlistment as soon as possible.

The first group will be drawn from New York, New Jersey, North Carolina, South Carolina, Tennessee, Georgia, Oklahoma, Arizona, New Mexico, Colorado, Washington, Idaho, Oregon, Montana, Wyoming, New Hampshire, Delaware, Illinois, Missouri, Massachussetts, Pennsylvania, California, Maine, Connecticut, Virginia and Arkansas.—United Press.

★Fourteen Attacks On London Repelled

(Continued from page 1)

ended with smoking, flaming Messerchmitts and Dorniers plunging into the countryside and the Channel, it was said.

The Air Ministry announced that 42 German planes had been shot down by 9 p.m. Unofficial quarters estimated that the Germans used 1,000 planes in yesterday's raids. Nine British fighters were missing, of which the pilots of five were safe, according to an official announcement.

Thousands of Londoners who had been hoping to see an air battle watched three of the German planes coming up the Thames blasted from the sky on the outskirts of the city by anti-aircraft gunfire.

Continuous Night Patrol

R.A.F. fighters patrolled continuously over the London area during last night's air alarm. Occasionally they were picked up by searchlights, which quickly were turned off. At one time roof watchers heard the heavy drone of bombers overhead and bomb flashes were visible in the distance.

"It is now known," the Air and Home Ministries said in a joint communique last night, "that during early attacks today bombs were dropped which damaged houses in several towns in Kent and Essex and hospital casualties were caused in each area, a small number of them fatal. During the afternoon raid, on the Thames, the raiders bombed some buildings and buildings were damaged in a town in Essex, but no casualties resulted.

"In one town in Kent, some buildings were hit and some persons were injured, a small number of which were fatal. Thirteen of our fighters were lost, the pilots of seven being safe.

All Driven Back

"Enemy aircraft launched further attacks on south-east England Monday afternoon. A considerable number crossed the coast of Kent simultaneously in three waves. While one of these approached south London, the other two massed on the Thames Estuary and flew northwards. All the enemy formations were engaged and driven back by our fighters."

In addition to the London area, German planes were reported over the southeast, southwest, north-west, and north-east coasts, the Midlands and Wales.

The Air Ministry said, "During the year, our fighters shot down 1,752 enemy planes, while our anti-aircraft guns accounted for 196." This refers to German planes shot down over Britain.

Meanwhile, a series of 20 or 30 heavy explosions on the French side of the English Channel late yesterday marked an apparent Royal Air Force surprise attack on German gun positions and other military objectives in the Calais and Boulogne areas.—United Press.

Prince Konoye Interviews Foreign Minister

Tokyo, Sept. 3.

Immediately after his return to Tokyo from Karuizawa at 7 o'clock last evening, Premier Prince Fumimaro Konoye had an interview with the Foreign Minister at his official residence half an hour later.

Mr. Yosuke Matsuoka reported to the Premier on the latest developments in Japan's diplomatic affairs with special reference to the new appointment of 14 officials as announced yesterday by the Foreign Office.—Domei.

Volunteers Leaving Tientsin Today

Tientsin, Sept. 3.

The first group of 10 local Britons who volunteered for service with the military forces is scheduled to depart tomorrow.

The party includes several members of the local Volunteer Corps. All are sailing on 40 hours' notice.—Reuter.

★Tension Continues In Rumania

(Continued from page 1)

asserted that Hungarian Fifth Columnists were involved in the pillaging.

Germans Said At "Ready"

Not far from Satu-Mare 12 motorized German divisions were reported ready to enter Transylvania on a moment's notice.

The Rumanian troops along the western frontier were fluctuating between two opinions, high Rumanian quarters alleged.

Regiment after regiment last night swore to resist the Hungarian troops which are to occupy Transylvania, they said.

Eye-witness reports from Brasov said that fire department was summoned last night to disperse the rioters there. The firemen, however, joined the demonstrators, they said.

Swastika Flag Trampled

Agitators rode in the fire trucks and knocked down a German flag from an official automobile. The flag was trampled on by the rioters, the eye-witnesses said.

A Rumanian Cabinet Minister told the United Press this morning that he doubted whether the Government would be able to halt the demonstrations throughout Rumania against Germany and Italy.

He admitted that the failure of the Government in this respect could only lead to a German occupation of Transylvania.

When asked what he thought Russia's attitude would be if Germany entered Transylvania, he said, "Russia is not sleeping, you know. Depend on that."—United Press.

Army Said Resisting

Cluj, Sept. 3.

The Rumanian Army yesterday regained control of the city of Oradea-Mare after forcing Hungarian fifth columnists out of the telephone building there at the point of bayonets, according to reports reaching here last night.

Hungarian troops were said to have entered Oradea-Mare, Satu-Mare, and Szighet, which were awarded Hungary by the Vienna conference last week. Nine Rumanian gendarmes were reported killed in a clash with Hungarian troops near Szighet.

Tension neared breaking point in Transylvania yesterday, where some observers felt the Hungarians' eagerness to take over the power might result in bloodshed and the institution of a reign of terror.

Voluntary Police Formed

The Hungarian authorities organized voluntary police forces in every city and town in the district of Transylvania ceded to Hungary by Rumania in accordance with the Vienna Award. The Hungarians residents in Cluj, combined with the Hungarian police force here, numbered 700 at the end of the first day's recruiting.

Observers feared tension here might result in a period of terror such as occurred in Bessarabia and Bukovina between the departure of the Rumanian Army and the arrival of the Soviet forces when those territories were ceded to Russia by Rumania, unless the Axis makes its will felt.

Regiment Holds Ground

Reports of border incidents increased the uneasiness of the public here yesterday. It was reported that a Rumanian regiment at Oltena had refused to withdraw before the approaching Hungarians and pledged themselves to defend that portion of the frontier to which they were assigned.

Residents here were busy disposing of property for the quick departure into Rumanian territory. It was understood the military equipment here, including the anti-aircraft unit which shot down three Hungarian planes last week, will be sent to the Bessarabian frontier. Some comment was caused in this connection by reports in military circles that 20 German aviation officers are in Transylvania at present studying the topography.—United Press.

Hungarians to Quit Rumanian Army

Budapest, Sept. 3.

The Rumanian-Hungarian Commission today agreed to the immediate discharge of all Hungarians from the Rumanian Army whose citizenship has been restored by the Transylvanian award.

The Commission also agreed upon the creation of Rumanian-Hungarian civil guards during the transfer of Transylvania to Hungary to keep order and protect persons' property.—United Press.

British Fleet Praised By Admiralty

London, Sept. 3.

The British Fleet was paid high tribute today by the Board of the Admiralty for its courage and fighting spirit in exploits during the first year of the war.

"The Fleet not only has demonstrated fighting spirit in no uncertain manner on every occasion that the enemy has given them an opportunity, but the personnel have shown, over many months, endurance and determination which have enabled ships to be maintained at sea for a greater proportion of time than had ever been contemplated," the message said.—United Press.

Mussolini on Inspection Tour of Central Italy

Rome, Sept. 3.

Premier Benito Mussolini left for Rimini, central Italy, yesterday, to inspect new factories, review troops stationed in the area and visit seaside camps for Italian children.—Domei.

British Diplomatic Position Improved

Bright Background for Work Afforded by Many R.A.F. Victories

London, Sept. 3.

After several diplomatic setbacks since last September, Great Britain's diplomatic activity is now on an upward curve, declares Reuter's diplomatic correspondent.

British air victories, he says, have afforded British diplomacy a bright background for its work. Anglo-American affairs have never run more smoothly than at present, and "we are assured that whether Mr. Franklin D. Roosevelt or Mr. Wendell Willkie becomes the President, they will continue in Mr. Churchill's phrase to be 'somewhat mixed up together,' to our mutual benefit.

"No informed person expects any Utopian developments with Russia, but there is every confidence that the interests of both nations will be found to be complementary.

"The pact with Turkey has withstood every wile of Axis propaganda, while the ancient alliance with Portugal stands as firm as a rock.

"Argentina, Brazil, Chile and Uruguay remain true to their friendship with Great Britain, despite the expenditure of millions of marks and lire in propaganda.

"Moslem States and communities in the Near and Middle East have rejected the proferred 'protection' of Mussolini. Axis propaganda has signally failed among our colonial peoples and is now failing in French colonies also.

"A dire example of what happens to nations that throw away the safeguard afforded by a British guarantee, is given by Rumania, who a few weeks after relinquishing our protection and aligning herself with the Axis has been ruthlessly robbed by her newly-found friends. The fate of Rumania will not weaken British diplomacy. On the contrary, it will strengthen it by giving small nations yet another warning against trusting in Axis 'friendship.'"—Reuter.

British Life-Boats Save 100 in August

London, Sept. 3.

One hundred lives were saved by British life-boats during the month of August during which there were 101 launchings. This is more than the total for all the months of August in the last war.—Reuter.

New Japanese Structure Discussed by Committee

Five Subjects Believed Placed on Agenda

Tokyo, Sept. 3.

Concrete discussions for the realization of the new national structure embodying the ideals presented by Premier Prince Fumimaro Konoye on August 28 were undertaken by the Preparatory Committee which held its second meeting at the Prime Minister's official residence at 2 o'clock this afternoon.

Attending today's meeting were Prince Konoye and all members of the Cabinet excepting the Navy Minister, Vice-Admiral Zengo Yoshida, and the Commerce and Industry Minister, Mr. Ichizo Kobayashi, as well as 25 members of the Preparatory Committee. The 26th member, Mr. Hisashi Aso, was absent due to illness. Seven secretaries also were present.

Admiral Nobumasa Suetsugu, Committeeman and former Minister for Home Affairs, was designated as chairman of today's meeting by Premier Konoye. Well-informed circles understood the agenda to include:—

The general organization of the nation; The organization and character of the body which will form the core of the new structure; The relations between the new structure and the administrative agencies; The relations between the new structure and existing organization, and The relationship between the new structure and both houses of the Imperial Diet.—Domei.

U.S. Reported to Have Television Plane

Craft May be Converted Into Robot Torpedo

Los Angeles, Sept. 3.

Mr. Leede Forest, television-radio authority, today revealed that blueprints for a secret "television torpedo plane" were in the hands of the United States Army flight engineers at Dayton, Ohio.

He said that he believed that its "greatest use would be observational. With a television iconoscopic camera in the nose of the plane, it could flash back to the mother plane—well up and out of anti-aircraft fire range—a closeup of details of objectives seen from a distance through powerful binoculars."

He also added that the robot plane's nose could be loaded with explosives, thus increasing its destructive possibilities.—United Press.

Finn President Has Heart Attack

New York, Sept. 3.

M. Kyosti Kallio, President of Finland, was reported to be suffering from a heart attack and would not resume his duties, the Columbia Broadcasting Corporation said today, quoting the German radio.—United Press.

U.S. Producing 1,000 Planes a Month

New York, Sept. 3.

The production of planes in the United States is now 1,000 a month and will reach the figure of 2,000 a month early next year, according to an announcement by the National Defence Commission in Washington.—Reuter.

Ambassador Arrives In Chungking

Chungking, Sept. 3.

The British Ambassador, Sir Archibald Clark Kerr, arrived this morning by air from Hongkong. Representatives of General Chiang Kai-shek and the Chinese Foreign Office, members of the British Consulate-General welcomed him at the air field.—Reuter.

Japanese Attack Szechuen Cities

Centres Near Chungking Heavily Bombed; Alarm Sounded in Capital

Chungking, Sept. 3.

Four flights of Japanese planes numbering 108 raided north Szechuen cities early this afternoon. While details of the attacks are not yet known it is learned that Kwangan, important highway city north of Chungking, was heavily bombed by 48 aircraft which dropped many incendiaries that started big fires.

It was also reported that 18 machines bombed Nanchung, another highway town, and Patung, near the Szechuen-Hupeh border above Ichang.

The alarm was sounded in Chungking at 11 a.m. when a squadron of planes was seen entering Szechuen Province. One hour later four groups of raiders were reported heading for Hochwan, a town on the Chialing River north of here. Thye circled over Hochwan for some time.

It was not ascertained whether the raiders intended to attack Chungking. They soon dispersed, heading for oities in northern Szechuen instead of continuing southward towards Chungking. The all clear signal was given here at 1.30 p.m. when the raiders returned to their base after unloading their bombs.

Indication that the respite from attack Chungking has had since Aug. 23 will be broken shortly was given this morning when a scouting plane appeared over the city. Fighters went up to engage the scouter, which quickly disappeared eastward. The sound of aircraft zooming at great height was distinctly audible in the city.

There have been steady rains during the past 10 days; though bringing relief from bombings the rains were not welcomed by peasants as this is harvest time. With the weather clearing, good crops are assured but there is fear that aerial attacks will be resumed.

Gunboat Said Sunk

At a Japanese Naval Air Base, Sept. 3.

The Chinese gunboat Koan and four other freighters were sunk by Japanese naval aircraft, it was announced by the press section of the Japanese Central China Seas Fleet.

The communique further revealed that Japanese naval aircraft bombed Patung on the western Hupeh border causing tremendous damage to military establishments in the walled town.—Domei.

Egyptian Cabinet Reshuffled

Prime Minister Holds Three Portfolios

Cairo, Sept. 3.

The Egyptian Cabinet crisis has ended with a minor reshuffle of ministerial posts, it was confirmed last night.

The re-arranged Cabinet will have Hassan Sabry Pasha in the triple role of Premier, Foreign Minister and Minister of Home Affairs.

Nokrashy Pasha, Saadist leader, has taken over the Ministry of Finance, while Abdul Hamid Soliman, who held the post of Finance Minister, has been appointed Minister without Portfolio.

Party representation in the Cabinet thus remains unchanged with six Independents, four Saadists, four Liberals, one Ittihadist and one Nationalist. The Wafdist Party remains in opposition.

Reuter is informed by a high official that the new Cabinet has been planned with a view to attaining "the maximum results in the present difficult war condition."—Reuter.

Three Robberies Staged Last Night

Armed robbers ran pretty wild last night as three robberies were committed within less than two hours. The first was staged at 7.30 p.m. when three bandits, one of them armed with a pistol, entered a Chinese watch shop at 521 Connaught Road. Brandishing their pistol, the micreants forced the assistants in the shop to give them nineteen watches of various kinds. Taking their loot, estimated by the shopkeeper at $250, the robbers disappeared before the stupefied victims could raise an alarm.

Two hold-up men were the next to break the law when they stopped a lone Chinese pedestrian in Sing Dong Ka Loong, off Tiendong road, at 8.10 p.m. The criminals made their victim take off his long gown and escaped after taking it and the $15 the man had on his person.

At 9 p.m., two robbers, in possession of a pistol, entered a Chinese shop at 345 East Seward Road and stole $20. No alarm was raised and no arrests made.

Japanese Mop Up in Nanking Area

After discovery of more than 20 pillbox positions set up by Chinese forces 20 sea-miles below Nanking on the Yangtze River, Japanese forces have commenced mopping up operations in the area, it was reported yesterday afternoon by the "Shanghai Mainichi." The action, according to the paper, is being taken in the vicinity of Tahokow.—Domei.

S. A. Chief in Paris Said Interned

London, Sept. 3.

Commissioner Frank Burnett, chief of the Salvation Army in France, who is in Paris, has been interned.—Reuter.

Navy Stronger Now Than Before War

Building Accelerated in British Shipyards; More Auxiliaries in Service

London, Sept. 3.

After a year of intense activity, the British Navy has successfully countered every enemy attempt to reduce its power, the German fleet has been greatly weakened and Great Britain's offensive power by sea is definitely stronger than it was a year ago, despite losses, writes Reuters' naval correspondent.

These losses include one battleship, the Royal Oak, two aircraft-carriers, the Courageous and Glorious, three cruisers, 30 destroyers and 14 submarines.

A large number of these have either been replaced or are in the process of replacement by an accelerated building programme, and in addition the strength of the Navy in auxiliary craft of all types has been vastly increased.

The convoy system has assured that at no time has a danger point been reached in losses of merchant shipping. British losses of minesweepers amount to about 30, including ships which went to Dunkirk to rescue men from beaches, but despite the enemy's indiscriminate use of mines minesweepers are able to keep ports in Britain open for worldwide trade.

The Navy's most perilous task during the year has been to meet every form of air attack, but thanks to reequipment with the latest anti-aircraft weapons this menace has been countered with heavy losses to enemy aircraft, with the result that the German air force now treats British ships with respect, and that recent attacks have taken the form of inaccurate bombing from a great height.—Reuter.

Mr. Eden Warns to Watch for Invasion

London, Sept. 3.

Mr. Anthony Eden, War Secretary, today emphasized that the coming weeks required special watchfulness against a German invasion of Britain, the threat of which, despite the approach of autumn, still remained as great as ever.

"Vigilance is as compelling a duty today as it has been at any time in these last three months," he warned.—United Press.

New Italian Pact Said Reached with Denmark

Rome, Sept. 3.

It was authoritatively learned here today that a new Italo-Danish commercial agreement was concluded at Copenhagen on Monday.

The agreement provides for the importation into Denmark of Italian chemical products and textiles and exchange of trade.—Domei.

The King Holds Ceremony During Raid

London, Sept. 3.

An air raid warning yesterday failed to upset arrangements for an investiture ceremony by the King which was held in such circumstances for the first time in history.—Reuter.

C.O.R.B.—the British Government's Children's Overseas Reception Board—decided that no more applications from parents wanting to send their children overseas will be accepted. There are 50,000 applications, and they can only cope with 7,000 to 8,000 children a month. Offers have been received from the Dominions to take 20,000 children. The Americans have already offered to take 15,000—10,000 applications from private homes and 5,000 from schools organizations and owners of large estates. Every ship scheduled to leave England for America from now until the end of August, it is announced, has been taken over by the British Government for the evacuation of children.

London agents—known as "shippers" of champagnes, brandies, burgundies and clarets will go on supplying the trade until their stocks are exhausted. The President of the Wine and Food Society, M. Andre Simon, says the stocks of burgundies and clarets in Britain are large, but there cannot be much champagne; however, it is said that the consumption of champagne has fallen 40 per cent. in the last three years. M. Simon related that when the biggest wine merchant in the Channel Isles realized that the Germans were likely to occupy the Islands, he told all his customers to help themselves. Thousands lifted the entire contents of his cellars.

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OBITUARY

Lord Horne

London, Sept. 3.

Lord Horne of Slamannan, V.C., G.B.E., former Chancellor of the Exchequer, died today, at the age of 69.

Educated at George Watson's College, Edinburgh, and at the University of Glasgow, he became an advocate of the Scots Bar in 1896.

During the World War, he served at the Admiralty and was appointed Minister of Labour in 1919. In 1920, he became President of the Board of Trade and one year later Chancellor of the Exchequer, until 1922.

Lord Horne was chairman of the Great Western Railway, director of the Suez Canal Co., of Lloyds Bank, of the P. and O. S.N. Co. and of other companies. In 1921, he was elected Lord Rector of Aberdeen University.

From 1918 until 1937, when he was raised to the Peerage, Lord Horne represented the Hillhead division of Glasgow in the House of Commons as a Conservative.—Reuter.

Turkish Aid to Greece Discussed

Ankara, Sept. 3.

Informal discussions between Turkey and Greece, it is understood, have been proceeding recently, with the object of establishing what aid, if any, Greece could expect from Turkey if she were the victim of aggression.

In some quarters here it is feared there may be a revival of the Italo-Greek dispute as the lull hitherto may have been oue to the need for the Axis Powers to dispose of the Rumanian question first.—Reuter.

New Night Patrol Repels Nazis

Watchers See Air Battle Fought Near London

London, Sept. 3.

British and German planes fought in the glare of searchlights during the dark hours this morning as the new British night patrol took to the skies to aid the ground defences in keeping the Nazi bombers from vital targets in the London area.

Watchers saw British fighters diving, zooming and circling as machine-guns spat streams of bullets at German bombers.

German planes arrived near London late last night, causing an air raid alarm to be sounded at 10.34 o'clock. The all-clear was sounded at 2.55 a.m.

High explosives fell on at least five outer districts but partly because of the new night patrol there was little damage caused apart from two minor fires and the damaging of a gas main.

A German bomb killed two out of six occupants of an air raid shelter in the Midlands town which was attacked for the eleventh straight night. Several homes were damaged in other sections of the Midlands.—United Press.

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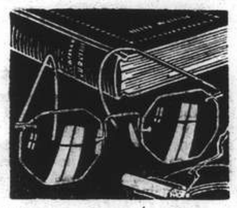

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H.M. Supreme Court for China Celebrates 75th Anniversary

The Oldest Foreign Court in China; Eight Judges Succeed Sir Edmund Hornby in Office 1865-1940

THREE quarters of a century ago, Sir Edmund Hornby, one of the most picturesque and romantic personalities ever to represent Great Britain in the Far East, linked his name with the establishment of the British Supreme Court for China and Japan. Upon his arrival here he was impressed by the few buildings on the Bund, the half dozen streets and maloos leading from the water's edge to the country, and the scattered bungalows built by foreigners amidst paddy and cotton fields.

Today in a city which has risen from obscurity to one of the most important ports in the world, with its teeming millions and all the modern amenities of life, the Court has become a venerable institution and celebrates the 75th year of its foundation. During the seven and half decades of its existence, eight other judges have succeeded Sir Edmund on the bench of the Court and have earned an inescapable pre-eminence, not only by their association with the oldest foreign court in this country, but by their preservation of the lofty tenets and traditions of the British judiciary. Mr. John McNeill, H. M. Crown Advocate, disclosed yesterday that there will be no official observance of the occasion owing to the war.

A fiduciary of the vast British commercial trusts and interests in this country, the cycle of accomplishment and service which the court has just completed, entitles it to distinction as a by-product of what Johnson has so aptly deserbed as one of the "Nurseries of liberty and humanity."

Council's Status Defined

The British Supreme Court for China was founded on September 4, 1865. After its establishment serious doubts were removed regarding the legal status of the Shanghai Municipal Council, which was vested in consular representatives not duly empowered to that extent, in the opinion of legal authorities in Hongkong to whom the matter was referred at the time.

The well-known Wills case served as a test. The Council's right to levy Land Tax was contested. In giving judgment for the Shanghai Municipal Council Sir Edmund Hornby, maintained that the Council had a legal status and was a legally constituted body possessing the chief and material if not all the requisities of self-government.

Some German residents had declined to pay taxes. Their consul could not uphold the position of the Council and a resolution was passed in 1868 debarring defaulting firms and persons from enjoyment of police and other municipal protection and amenities, although it was pertinently asked at the time what would happen if the premises of the defaulters were on fire and the services of the fire brigade were not extended to them.

The British Supreme Court and the U.S. Court for China are the only two national as distinct from consular courts, specially constituted by foreign Powers to exercise unified jurisdiction in this country.

Prior to 1833 control of British trade in China was assumed by the East India Company. Its monopoly was abolished that year and its powers transferred to superintendents of the China trade, the chief superintendent being the head of a new court enjoying admiralty and criminal jurisdiction.

Extraterritoriality

In 1843 by the Treaty of Nanking Hongkong became a British colony and its governor was superintendent of China trade, empowered to legislate for British subjects in China who acquired the right to reside and trade in Shanghai and other cities by treaty provisions, pre-eminently the Treaty of Tientsin of 1858, which gave them extrality rights.

Extrality rights acquired by treaty grant, usage and sufferance are enforced by orders-in-council promulgated under authority of Acts of Parliament known collectively as Foreign Jurisdiction Acts.

At first jurisdiction of consuls over their nationals in treaty ports was

Sir Allan Mossop

effectively exercised but the increasing responsibilities of the consuls and complicated regulations and legislation orders necessitated a central authority with trained judges to enforce a rule of law. On September 4, 1865, 75 years ago, the British Supreme Court for China fulfilled that requirement and was established in independence of Hongkong, by Order-in-Council in Shanghai.

The founding of the court is associated with the name of Sir Edmund Grimani Hornby, its first judge, whose indomitable courage and spirit of adventure made him one of the most picturesque personalities ever to represent Great Britain in the Far East. While in Shanghai he played a prominent part in the social and political life of the community. One of his first acts on assuming office was to instal Mr. Goodwin as judge of civil cases and Mr. Fraser, his law secretary, as magistrate, reserving all heavy and appeal cases, civil and criminal for his own hearing.

Present Incumbent

The incumbent today, Judge Sir Allan George Mossop, M.A., LL.B., assumed office officially on December 24, 1933, after a quarter of a century of experience in China. Born on July 30, 1887, His Lordship was educated at Pembroke College, Cambridge, and was called to the Bar at the Inner Temple, November 17, 1908. After practising law for some years, he was appointed Crown Advocate of Weihaiwei in April, 1915, and continued in that capacity until April 24, 1916, when he became Crown Advocate. The same year he became Acting Crown Advocate in China and on the retirement of Mr. H. P. Wilkinson, he was appointed Crown Advocate, October 27, 1925, and held that office for eight years.

In October, 1918, he was custodian of enemy property in China and on emergency occasions frequently sat on the bench as a deputy judge, in which capacity he heard many important appeal cases. He has wide reputation as an arbitrator especially on nautical matters. His appointment, although local, was not lacking in popularity not only in the British Bar, but with the practitioners of all courts here.

Sir Edmund Hornby

The following is a chronological list of the various Judges, Assistant Judges and Crown Advocates of the Court from its inception until today:

JUDGES	
Sir Edmund Hornby	1865—1876
Mr. George French	1877—1881
Sir Richard Rennie	1882—1891
Sir Nicholas Hannen	1891—1900
Sir Hiram Shaw Wilkinson	1900—1905
Sir Haviland de Sausmarez	1905—1921
Sir Skinner Turner	1921—1927
Sir Peter Grain	1927—1933
Sir Allan G. Mossop	1933—
ASSISTANT JUDGES	
Mr. W. Goodwin	1865—1878
Mr. R. A. Mowat	1878—1879
Mr. H. S. Wilkinson	1879—1880
Mr. Nicholas Hannen (Acting)	1881—1891
Mr. George Jamieson	1891—1896
Mr. F. S. A. Bourne	1896—1916
Mr. Skinner Turner	1916—1921
Mr. Peter Grain	1921—1927
Mr. G. W. King	1927—1931
Mr. P. Grant Jones	1931—
CROWN ADVOCATES	
Mr. Nicholas Hannen	1876—1881
Mr. H. S. Wilkinson	1881—1897
Mr. H. P. Wilkinson	1897—1925
Mr. A. G. Mossop	1925—1933
Mr. V. Priestwood	1933—1939
Mr. John McNeill	1940—

Judgment Reserved by Court on Emigres

Charged with Passing Counterfeit Notes

Judgment was reserved until September 10, by the First Special District Court yesterday in the case of the five German emigrés charged with circulating spurious $5 notes of the Bank of China.

The accused were arrested on the complaint of obtaining money by fraud from other emigrés by holding out to them the promise of obtaining for them Japanese naval Landing Party permits. Subsequent investigations made by the police resulted in the charge of passing counterfeit money, being preferred against them.

The five accused: Heinz Ahronheim 32; S. Pinkus, 48; I. Director, 20: and H. Recthlung, 30; and E. Schragenheim were arrested on August 12 following a complaint made against two of them of defrauding a Mrs. Bandman of $50 by promising her a Japanese Naval Landing Party permit. On the statement made by one of the prisoners the three other accused were arrested.

Ahronheim, who was alleged to have made a confession to the police, professed complete ignorance of it yesterday and expressed his surprise over the matter when interrogated by the judge.

Caruso Picture Theft

Lands Young Emigre in Court And Ward Road Gaol

Stealing a caricature of Enrico Caruso, world renowned tenor landed Hans Selig, 26 year old emigré, in the First Special District Court yesterday when he was sentenced to two months' imprisonment.

The youthful thief disclosed that he sold the picture for $3 to a studio in Nanking Road. The owner of the caricature, Miss M. Sussmann of 98 Ward Road, told the court that the frame and picture altogether were worth $50. It was drawn by a well-known caricaturist ten years ago she said.

Mechanic Caught After Year's Hunt by Police

Finally arrested after a year's hunt by the S. M. P. for complicity in a $5,000 machinery theft, Vasily Bulatoff, a Russian mechanic, was sentenced to six months imprisonment by the First Special District Court yesterday. His accomplices in the theft were arrested last year, shortly after the crime, and were sentenced then.

Farewell Luncheon To Mr. J. Arnold

American Chamber of Commerce Honours Commercial Attache

Mr. Julean Arnold, who is retiring from the post of American Commercial Attache in Shanghai, and who is due to leave for the United States on Friday after 38 years' service in China, was honoured by several hundred members and guests of the American Chamber of Commerce yesterday when a luncheon organized by the Chamber was given in his honour.

Many Chinese and American friends of Mr. Arnold paid high tributes to his work in China as they wished him health, happiness and prosperity in his native country. Mr. Bruce M. Smith presided at the luncheon.

In his response to the testimonials of his friends, Mr. Arnold again voiced his optimism in the future of China and of Sino-American Relations.

Weathered Many Storms

The Chinese people have weathered many storms," Mr. Arnold asserted, "and each time came out on top in the end. I expect them to do likewise in the present crisis."

Reassuring his hosts that the Commercial Attache's office will be left in the charge of capable hands, Mr Arnold paid high tributes to his two colleagues, Mr. A. Bland Caldar, Assistant Commercial Attache, and Miss A. Viola Smith, Consul and Registrar of the China Trade Act.

Continuing, Mr. Arnold commented highly on the leadership of the Chamber in the promotion of Sino-American trade and remarked that its hard-working secretary, Mr. James M. Howes, contributed materially toward the organization's many successes.

As his parting "suggestion" Mr. Arnold counselled that the chamber here should endeavour to explain its activities to the people back home "pictorially". He exhibited a publication issued by the American Maritime Commission to explain its work, adding that this method of presentation is both attractive and effective.

Following the introduction of the guests of the day by Mr. Smith, Mr. Hollis H. Arnold, a former president of the Chamber, described briefly Mr. Arnold's early years in China. He was followed by Mr. Percy Chu, General Manager of the Joint Reserve Board of the Shanghai Association, who paid a tribute to Mr. Arnold on behalf of the Chinese guests present.

"We shall not forget Mr. Arnold's acts of kindness and consideration toward the people of my country," Mr. Chu said, "and his past services will aid us in remembering him as a great friend."

No Appeasement

To the hearty applause of the audience Mr. J. B. Powell, editor and publisher of the China Weekly Review, expressed the hope that "we shall hear from Mr. Arnold soon, perhaps speak against any American appeasement in China."

Mr. Powell reminded the honoured guest that the defence sector in Shanghai was still unsettled and hoped that on his return to America, he after getting this issue settled, would help to open up the Burma Road.

Following Mr. Powell, Mr. J. J. Steve Clark, President of the American Junior Chamber of Chamber here, told of the active assistance and leadership given to his organization by Mr. Arnold, who, with Mr. Howes, was instrumental in the founding of the organization.

Souvenirs Presented

On behalf of his organization, Mr. Clark presented two pieces of ivory carvings to Mr. Arnold.

Presentation of a statue of Iu Hai reputedly Chinese god of commerce of the 10th century—the patron saint of commerce with a three-legged toad—was made to the guest by the Chamber.

Among guests of the Chamber present were: Dr. Sao-ke Alfred Sze, former Chinese Ambassador to Washington; Judge Milton J. Helmick of the U.S. Court for China; Mr. Li Ming, Manager, Chekiang Industrial Bank; Col. DeWitt Peck of the U.S. Fourth Marine Corps; Dr. J. R. McMullen, Chairman, American Association; Mr. Yu Ya-ching, member of the Shanghai Municipal Council; Mr. Richard P. Butrick, Acting American Consul-General; Admiral William A. Glassford, U.S.N., Commander of the U.S. Yangtze Patrol; Dr. Usang Ly, President, Chiaotung University; Mr. Ki Chun, Managing Director, Universal Investment Company and Mr. T. F. Wei, Kailan Mining Administration.

Six of the organizations with which Mr. Arnold was associated in Shanghai on Monday tendered a joint farewell dinner to Mr. and Mrs. Arnold. More than 200 members and guests attended.

Each of the organizations presented souvenirs to the well-known departing couple. An address was delivered by Dr. Y. C. Yang, President, Soochow University.

Mr. Y. Miura

Mr. Y. Miura May Get Post in Mexico

Japanese Consul-General To Become Minister

Mr. Yoshiaki Miura, Japanese Consul-General here, who will shortly be replaced by Mr. Tateki Horiuchi will be promoted to the rank of Minister and possibly will be accredited to Mexico, it was learned on good authority yesterday.

As Mr. Horiuchi's appointment was formally announced by the Tokyo Foreign Office yesterday, it was expected that Mr. Miura will leave Shanghai shortly.

Although Japanese consular officials here refused to name the country to which Mr. Miura would be ordered, it was generally believed that he would be sent to Mexico to replace Mr. Saichiro Koeda, present Minister to Mexico.

Robbers Arrested by Police Constables

Early Gun-Battle Fought By Police, Robbers

Two robbers were arrested by the police yesterday after a gang of seven unarmed Chinese assaulted a Chinese bank coolie in Yu Ya Ching Road, near Amoy Road, shortly after 9.55 a.m. The victim was carrying a parcel with $10,000 when he was knocked down by his assailants, who snatched the money he was taking to a customer. The assault attracted several policemen, who gave chase after the robbers and succeeded in detaining two of the gang. The rest escaped, taking most of the money with them. Only $960 were recovered by the police, and this sum was returned to the victim.

Earlier in the morning, a Chinese pedestrian was held up by two bandits, one of whom was armed, in Tunsin Road and robbed of $172 in cash. The victim raised an alarm, attracting the attention of a passing policeman. The policeman pursued the robbers into Fushu Gardens, near the British Ambassador's residence. The armed bandit fired a shot a his pursuer, but the latter, joined by several policemen, kept close on the heels of the miscreants. In the course of the chase, a shot was fired by a policeman, but the bandits managed to evade arrest by disappearing in the surrounding country.

An impressive ceremony, marking the laying of the foundation for engineering works to provide drinking water for the population of Kweiyang, capital of Kweichow, was attended on Monday by Mr. Wu Ting-chang, chairman of the provincial government, and a number of other officials, says the "Sin Wan Pao." Mr. Wu declared that he had noticed, since he assumed his post in 1937, that the province of Kweichow suffered from a shortage of suitable drinking water, and it was therefore necessary to drill more wells in all districts of the province, the paper says.

War Fund Donation To Church Army

Founder's Thanks Received In Shanghai; Good Work of Organization Praised

In May the Central British War Fund subscribed £250 to the Church Army. In a personal letter of thanks to the Very Rev. A.C.S. Trivett, Prebendary Carlile, founder and Chief Honorary Secretary of the Church Army, wrote:—

"It is most heartening to see the appreciation by the British Community in Shanghai of the work which the Church Army is doing on behalf of the men and women of the services, and I deeply appreciate your own share in making this remittance possible. In passing on our formal receipt, which is enclosed herewith, I shall be obliged if you will convey to the Honorary Treasurer and the other administrators of the fund our very deep sense of gratitude to them all."

Work Praised

The nature of the Church Army's war work is admirably summed up in an extract from a speech by the Rt. Hon. Anthony Eden, who said in February this year at a Church Army meeting in London:—

"In regard to this cause we all feel that here is a direct and pressing appeal to each one of us. Many in this room had first-hand experience of the work of the Church Army in the lost war. The call is, if anything, greater today. If we take mere physical needs, the soldier needs warmth and comfort when off duty, somewhere to write his letters and a place where he can talk to his friends. The army billets, not only in France but at home, are often only barns, or something even less comfortable than barns. The army can do, and does, much to supply amenities, but there is much that the army cannot do and which only voluntary work can do; and we have in the messages from the three service Ministers a tribute to that. There is the work too among the sailors. I read yesterday an account of services rendered by one of the Church Army institutions to sailors from our minesweepers; and there are certainly no men anywhere who are more worthy of any help that we can give to them; there is no service more perilous, there is none more humane than trying to make the seas safe, not only for our own people but for the neutrals who are now suffering and dying in this new method of warfare in which Germany indulges.

Helps the Men

"But apart from the practical side. It helps our men in the Army and Navy and Air Force to get the best they can out of war-time companionship. We somehow never succeeded after the last war in carrying the spirit which animated the army back into civil life. We have to be successful in taking that spirit back after this war is over by making a happier and healthier land for our people. If that effort is to be worth while, if we are to do that, we must maintain our spiritual values, which are so often and so openly scoffed at and derided in these days. For that your work can do much."

An outstanding feature of the Church Army's activities is the provision of Recreation Huts and Mobile Canteens. A perusal of the Church Army's "Review" for June shows very clearly that wonderful work was being done for the men of the returning B.E.F. and it needs little imagination to picture the great scope for continuous activities of this kind presented by the large concentration of troops in Great Britain.

Water Surcharge to Be Delayed for Present

Result of Council Request Over Dividends

In giving approval in May to the application submitted by the Shanghai Waterworks Co., Ltd., for an increase in the surcharge on the tariff of charges for water from 50 per cent. to 110 per cent. in respect of consumption periods ending on and after June 17, the Shanghai Municipal Council directed that the Waterworks Company be invited to enter into conversations with delegates appointed by the Council with a view to exploring the possibilities of relieving consumers to some extent of the burden of providing the maximum sterling dividends on issued share capital to which the company is entitled under its franchise.

This invitation was accepted by the company and several conferences ensued, the result of which is that, although the company has not during the past two years paid the maximum sterling dividend rates authorized under its franchise, it is not prepared to commit itself as to the future by agreeing to any variation, temporary or otherwise, of the relative provisions of the franchise, but has undertaken not to apply for an increase in the existing surcharge of 110 per cent. on the tariff of charges for the supply of water during the remainder of the year 1940.

Gang of Cotton Thieves Before Court

Three alleged members of a gang of cotton thieves who were described by the prosecution as coolies employed by transport companies, and have been active in stealing cotton from transport trucks appeared before the First Special District Court yesterday on a writ of detention. They were remanded for further police investigation.

Prisoners were arrested on Monday at 24 Ward Road, where the police unearthed more than $1,000 worth of cotton believed to have been stolen recently from various trucks.

The prisoners told the court that they were about to deliver the cotton to a Formosan, who was to call for it at their home.

Police Pose as Opium Traffickers

Foiled by the police, who posed as opium dealers, and negotiated with them for the purchase of opium, and who brought about their arrest, a Chinese man and woman, who were described as recent arrivals here from Tientsin, were sentenced to 38 and 30 months imprisonment respectively in the First Special District Court yesterday.

They were arrested on Monday on Kiukiang Road near Szechuen Road on their way to sell the opium to the detectives who had passed themselves off as opium dealers. Approximately 63 ounces of opium which they were carrying to deliver to the dealers were seized by the police.

Mr. Paul Y. Ru, Assistant Municipal Advocate, prosecuting, told the court that accused may be in some way connected with the four Chinese seamen who were apprehended recently here in connection with large scale drug traffic in Tientsin.

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MYRNA LOY
"ANOTHER THIN MAN"
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Directed by W. S. VAN DYKE II
Produced by HUNT STROMBERG

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THE SPORTS PAGE

Shanghai Open Swimming Championships

Heats to Be Held Tonight at Foreign Y.M.C.A. In Preparation for Five Finals on Saturday

HEATS for the five Shanghai open swimming championships to be held at the Foreign Y.M.C.A. annual swimming meet on Saturday night will be held this evening at that association's pool at 5.30 o'clock, when all entrants for these championships are asked to be present to participate in the eliminations.

The five championship events are: 100 yards free style men; 150 yards medley men; 50 yards breast stroke—ladies; men's diving; ladies diving.

Entry lists again showed record breaking numbers, and heats will be required in every event. The largest number of entries is in the ladies 50 yards breast stroke where there are 15 competitors taking part, while 12 men have signified their intention of participating in the men's 100 yards free style. The relaxation of the strict rules regarding set dives has opened up the diving championship to a larger number and there 10 men entered and 7 ladies. In this connection it has been noted that the foresight of G. J. Grilk in making the rules for diving easier by reducing the number of set dives from four to three in both the ladies and the men's championships, and also by allowing the front jackknife as an optional dive and not classifying it as a front header, as it would normally be classified, gives the younger and lesser experienced divers more opportunity and has renewed interest in diving which in the last few years fell away badly, so much so that only a few men took part last year and only one lady entered.

The following are the entries:

Men's 100 yards free style: C. L. Huang, A. R. Pure, L. J. Oliveira, H. Schloten, J. A. Figueredo, L. J. Lumsdaine, R. Leonie, C. T. Chung, Z. K. Loh, C. L. Wen, H. A. Logan, R. Hekking.

Men's 150 yards medley swim: G. J. Figueredo, O. Grabenchikoff, E. G. Smith, L. J. Lumsdaine, C. C. Wang.

Ladies 50 yards breast stroke: Misses: H. Premet, M. Davis, E. Resck, M. Dudley, J. B. Peach, D. Gray, R. Riege, D. Lee, V. Dodd, I. M. Barros, V. Donnelson, M. Callo'ch, T. Brown, E. Kunfi, Ling Mei Ling.

Men's diving: R. Eidel, C. Ozorio, A. Griffiths, R. S. Want, Fan Tsoong Chuen, G. J. Grilk, J. D. Johnston, E. Kash, J. Konig, S. Canarro.

Ladies diving: Misses: L. Benhait, D. Lunlap, B. Gray, J. Fraser, I. M. Barros, Mrs. G. J. Grilk, Mme. Thesmar.

Interest Centred on Men's 100 Yds.

Greatest interest will be centered on the men's 100 yards free style wherein it is difficult to predict the finalists. C. L. Huang has showed himself outstandingly good as a middle distance swimmer and will be reckoned as a certainty for the final. L. J. Oliviera and Archie Logan have both swum the century under 59 seconds before now, but whether anno domini has taken toll sufficient to reduce their speed over a distance favourable to both of them remains to be seen. Sufficient to say they will definitely be very close in at the finish, and should qualify for the finals. L. J. Lumsdaine, C. L. Wen and Z. K. Loh are others who may closer on the leaders, although none of these three is expected to do as well as those previously mentioned.

Only five names are given in the men's 150 yards medley swim. Heats will probably be necessary and indications point to the final producing something very exciting. Ernie Smith is probably the best allrounder, being only slightly slower than Lumsdaine on the backstroke and the free style, and faster on the breast stroke. Lumsdaine will be the fastest on the backstroke and free style, but will lose on the breast stroke. Of the others, Grabenchikoff will go ahead on the breast stroke, but will drop back on the backstroke and free style, and similar results are expected from C. C. Wang.

Prospects in Ladies Events

The ladies 50 yards breast stroke has brought about an entry of no less than 15 names. Miss D. Gray is expected to do well in view of her success last year and should be very near at the final. There are a number of entries whose prowess is not known, but Miss Vera Dodd is a past winner of this event and should be very close up, as will be Miss Jill Peach. The latter is very strong, swimming with the butterfly stroke, and may bring about a surprise in the result.

The two diving events will require heats to reduce the number of entries to a sufficient minimum to make the finals not too long drawn out, as the number of dives, including three set dives for both the men and the ladies, and four optional from the men and three from the ladies, will see considerable time taken on th matter.

Tyro Cup Semi-Final This Afternoon

Line-up of Troopers and Etceteras Uncertain

By "The Chaser"

The semi-final of the Tyro Cup tournament, which has been postponed for nearly ten days owing to volunteer duties and typhoon weather, will be held this afternoon at the Race Course, at five thirty o'clock, that is, of course, if the ground has dried up sufficiently and there is no more rain.

The line-up of the teams is rather uncertain as it is understood that several players have gone away on holiday. The Troopers will, if Striker has not yet left, be composed of Kops, Clark, Edmund Toeg and Striker, while the Etceteras, although it was first rumoured that Mirams would not be playing, will probably include him in the team. The other members of the team are Henry White, Dowdall and Laidlaw. If Mirams does not play Lindsay Moller will probably fill his position.

This match is of critical importance to either side as both teams have already suffered one reverse and the loser in today's match will be knocked-out from the tournament, while the winner will earn the right to meet the well-fancied Sparrows in the final, which will probably be held on Sunday. This, however, is not definite and is subject to confirmation.

Borotra Starts School For Sportsmasters

French Youth to Be Given Access to Club Grounds

Clermont-Ferrand, Sept. 3.

Jean Borotra, Commissioner General of Physical Culture and Sports, yesterday inaugurated the first course of training for sportsmasters at an institution here.

"I wish to see," said M. Borotra, "that sports should take a prominent place in general education, so that the Youth of France shall be made lively, vigorous and of a well tempered soul."

M. Borotra, formerly Davis Cup champion and one of France's "Four Musketeers" of tennis, announced that sports ground will be established wherever possible in France, and that grounds now belonging to clubs will be placed at the disposal of the country's Youth.

Swimming pools and shower bathhouses will be built, he said. Bodies of physicians to look after the nation's young sportsmen will be created, and physical culture teachers will be trained in larger numbers.

M. Borotra also announced that plans are under way now to have athletic prowess gain recognition from school authorities in the final ratings of pupils.—Havas.

Recs. Under 20, Over 20 Game on Thursday

Abandoned last week owing to heavy rain another attempt will be made this Thursday and Friday by the Recs to play off their Over and Under Twenties' cricket match. Play is due to begin on the Recs' ground at 5.15 p.m. both evenings.

Selected teams are:—

Under 20 XI:—E. Kidby (capt.), E. Grundt, E. Tivoniuk, R. N. Manley, G. Karmiloff, L. Wade, W. Quincey, G. Katemopoulos, W. Halford, W. Kirby and E. A. Weidman.

Over 20 XI:—Y. H. Anderson (capt.), A. A. Kliene, E. B. Brodd, L. P. Quincey, M. U. Mohideen, Y. T. Bharma, J. Bhojwani, A. England, M. J. Johnston, P. M. Charna and E. N. Caro.

Week-end Teams

S.C.C. v. Police, Saturday, 1.30 p.m. Police Ground.

S.C.C.—G. B. Elliot (Capt.), G. T. Gambling, P. J. Hart, L. T. Lawrance D. W. Leach, W. Marsay, F. Marshall, C. H. Mellor, P. V. Simpson, A. C. Sinclair, H. V. Thorne. Reserves: J. B. Brown, W. E. Tingle. Umpire: C. Victor Syms. Scorer: L. T. Lawrance, (Jnr).

H. A. Crickmer's XI v. A. Lingard's XI, Saturday, 1.30 p.m. S.C.C. Ground.

H. A. Crickmer (Capt.), J. Cornfield, M. V. T. Fiennes, K. M. Campbell, A. J. Harvey, J. R. Kale, G. C. Large, J. Larsen, J. Weager, G. J. Winney, C. Woolhouse.

A Lingard (Capt.), A. E. V. Brown, E. R. Dow, L. R. Lt. Louis, C. H. Godgman, P. N. Knight, R. F. Scott, R. G. Sayle, E. J. Sluis, J. A. G. L. Smith, S. J. Ward.

Reserves from K. S. Mackenzie, A. Armitage, N. Downie, J. Fletcher, W. B. Sim, L. Underwood, W. V. K. Chadwick. Umpire: Messrs Underwood and Chadwick. Scorer: W. B. Sim.

S.C.C. Veterans XI v. S.R.C. Veterans XI, Sunday, 11 a.m. Stumps Drawn 5 p.m. S.C.C. Ground.

S.C.C. Veterans:—C. H. Arnhold (Capt.), T. A. T. Begg, R. D. Bell, J. K. Brand, W. C. G. Clifford (Manager), A. L. Piper, W. S. Read, H. G. Reed, H. Rogerson, R. Southerton, Capt. J. Tippin. Reserves: G. L. Aitcheson, J. A. Eonneyman, A. Lingard, H. H. Morris. Umpire: E. H. Anstice. Scorer: F. J. Sanger.

Italo-German-Japanese Tennis Meet to Be Held

Tokyo, Sept. 3.

With the participation of outstanding German, Italian and Japan tennis players, and international tennis meet will be held here this autumn under the auspices of the Japan Lawn Tennis Association.

The association has already sent invitations to Germany and Italy inviting to Japan four German and Italian Davis Cup players including H. Henkel and von Metaxa of Germany and Stefani of Italy.—Domei.

Hungjao Golf Club August Competition

18 Holes Running Pool v. Par

	Name	H'cap	Score
H	Laffond	11	4 Up
T.	S. M. Terrace	5	2 Up
D.	R. Glass	5	All square
A.	S. Adamson	12	All square
A.	P. Nazer	16	All square
T.	S. Powell	18	All square
H.	F. B. Gardener	10	1 Up
F.	S. Gibbings	9	1 down
K.	K. Rounds	12	1 down
L.	R. Andrews	15	1 down
G.	E. Marden	13	2 down
C.	E. Sherwin	18	2 down
A.	V. Pettitt	7	3 down
H.	J. Krueger	16	3 down
C.	S. Cheetham	17	3 down
H.	J. Sheridan	22	6 down

Entries 99

"Points 'Hole and Hole' Against Par"

Name	H'cap	Score
*A. S. Adamson	12	37
*L. R. Andrews	15	37
D. R. Glass	5	36
H. F. B. Gardener	10	36
G. E. Marden	13	36
H. Laffond	11	35
A. P. Nazer	16	35
T. S. Powell	18	35
J. H. P. Perry	11	35
C. King	18	30
L. Pharis	24	30

Entries 92

Shanghai Golf Club

August Monthly Medal 1940

"A" Class

L. D. Carson	71—	3—68

"B" Class

J. B. Martin	88—	17—71
R. A. Jones	92—	20—72
C. E. Ross	96—	24—72
T. D. Drysdale	94—	20—74
L. R. Schinazi	99—	24—75

Zatz Ready for Title Tilt

Russian Fighter Defeats Sam Lewko in Central War Fund Tournament

At a poorly-attended and disappointing boxing benefit programme in aid of the Central British War Fund held at the stadium at Chengtu and Bubbling Well Roads corner last night, Boris Zatz, local welter-weight, clinched his claim for a bout with "Happy" Welch, leading contender for the 147 pound title of China, by narrowly defeating Sam Lewko of Berlin on points in an eight-round bout after a very hectic set-to in which both contestants displayed good punching powers, good staying ability but poor defensive work.

This bout, the main-event, saved the programme, many of the other fights being either too one-sided, badly matched or lacking in interest. The promoters, however, in view of the bad luck that has attended their efforts to raise funds for a most worthy cause, are to be congratulated on their efforts. Ever since they sponsored the programme ill-luck has beset their path, boxers being unable to carry out their intended engagements and with the programme washed out on Saturday and with the Clark of the Weather still threatening to deluge the city last night, it was not surprising that a bigger crowd did not put in an appearance.

Kid Gabler, Shanghai flyweight, in his first local appearance had little difficulty in disposing of Little Thunderstorm, the idol of all Chinese boxing fans in this city, in the semi-final event of the evening of six rounds duration. This bout was distinctly disappointing, neither contestant evincing the slightest desire to "mix it up" for the first three rounds, only the pleas and cajolings of the referee finally bringing about some action. Thunderstorm proved that he is fast slipping from the highly placed pedestal he once occupied and it is doubtful, if he ever fights again as he did last night, whether the opportunity will come his way to be matched in a championship or championship-elimination event in Shanghai. He gave a pitiful exhibition of boxing and fighting.

"Admiral" Goes Down

Charlie Chase Collaco, forsaking his customary clowning antics, found the youthful Kid Ruckenstein far too good for him and over six rounds, the always game and popular "Admiral" went down badly on points.

Vicious Volovick and Walloper Weis treated the crowd to six-rounds of thrills. The former started off like a house on fire, slashing in powerful lefts and rights to his foe's face and body, but Weis took everything that came his way with apparent disdain. After three rounds in which the Russian hit his opponent at will it became obvious that the aggressor was tiring very rapidly, whereupon Weis assumed the offensive and though he lacked steam in his blows, he kept peppering away at Volovick and eventually gained a very narrow points' decision.

Clean Knock-out

Baby Gourevich had little difficulty with Young Shanghai, winning by a clean knock-out in the third round of a scheduled four round affair, after punishing his man severely from the start. T. Y. Kwok gained an easy decision from a slow and a far from fit Kid Friedlander, while Bobby Lee knocked out Farmer Fleig in the third round of another four round contest. In the curtain-raiser, Rosenberg knocked out Tret in the fourth round after an interesting fight.

The main-event of the evening brought together the crowd-pleasing Sam Lewko, 153, and Boris Zatz, 149 who has never previously fought in the main-event of any local card. The first round saw both fighters landing heavily with heavy lefts and rights and mixing well. Boxing at a good speed, they brought the crowd to its feet with the manner in which they set about their work. The first round was even. Both traded hard blows in the second and though Lewko's left eye was split, he in no wise slowed down and the two contestants hit each other with a persistent stream of straight lefts, right crosses and right hooks. Lewko, a little more the aggressive, gained the round. Zatz narrowed the gap in the third which he took as a result of forcing the pace, which had not slackened, and pleasing the crowd with some well-timed blows to Lewko's mid section. The fourth and fifth went to Lewko by a good margin, a continual barrage of rights and lefts jolting back Zatz's head time and time again, but the Russian was not to be denied and he still came in to let fly with his heavy right, though he took as many as four punches to let it go.

The sixth went to Zatz easily. He caused Lewko considerable trouble with a stream of straight lefts and right hooks and uppercuts that shook the newcomer badly. Although Lewko fought back well, these punches had hurt him and it was obvious in the last two rounds that Lewko would have to pile up a good few more points to be able to defeat his challenger. As it was, however, Zatz cut loose and with powerful rights and lefts gained both rounds to take a popular decision, though many were of the opinion that a draw would have been a better result.

Results

Boris Zatz, 149, beat Sam Lewko, 153, on points.

Kid Gabler, 115, beat Little Thunderstorm, 115, on points.

Onufreichuk and Dolgopoff—no decision.

Kid Ruckenstein, 135, decisioned, Charlie Chase Collaco, 138.

Volovick, 121, lost to Weis, 123, on points.

Gourevich, 128, knocked out Young Shanghai, 128, in the third round.

T. Y. Kwok, 118, was awarded the decision over Friedlander, 117.

Bobby Lee, 120, knocked out Fleig, 120, in the third round.

Rosenberg, 123, defeated, Tret, 120, on points.

Wu, 106, beat Niubieser, 106, on points.

Pittsburg Pirate Manager Suspended for Quarrel

Pittsburgh, Sept. 3.

Ford C. Frick, President of the National League, last night suspended Frankie Frisch, manager of the Pittsburgh Pirates, because of Frisch's argument with an umpire in the seventh inning of the Pirates-Cardinals nightcap Sunday.

The hotly-contested game ended in the eleventh inning with the Pirates and Cardinals tied at 5-all. Pittsburgh's Sunday Blue Law prevented the game from being played to the finish.—United Press.

Yankees Move Up as Indians Lose Two

National League Unchanged as Cincinnati Reds Keep Lead with Win Over Brooklyn Dodgers

New York, Sept. 2.

THE New York Yankees moved up into a second place tie with the Detroit Tigers in the American League standings today, trailing the league-leading Cleveland Indians by only 3½ games at sundown.

The Yankees split a twin bill with the Philadelphia Athletics while the Indians and Tigers were losing both ends of their doubleheaders against the St. Louis Browns and the Chicago White Sox.

The lowly Browns whipped the Indians 2 to 1 in the curtain raiser and turned on more steam in the nightcap to shut the Warriors out by a count of 3 to 0.

The Yankees made the most of seven hits in their opener against the Athletic to mark up a 6 to 3 victory. The Athletics took their revenge in the nightcap, however, by humbling the pennant aspirants 3 to 0. The hard hitting Yankees could collect only five hits off Babich.

American League

(Openers)

	R.	H.	E.
Philadelphia	3	5	1
New York	6	7	1
Batteries: Vaughn, Beckman and Hayes; Russo and Rosar.			
Detroit	1	6	1
Chicago	2	6	0
Batteries: Newsom and Sullivan; Dietrich and Tresh.			
St. Louis	2	6	0
Cleveland	1	7	1
Batteries: Kennedy and Swift; Harder, Eisenstat and Pytlak.			
Boston	0	10	1
Washington	1	8	2
(Thirteen innings)			
Batteries: Grove and Foxx; Hudson, Ferrell and Early.			
(Nightcaps)			
Philadelphia	3	8	0
New York	0	5	1
Batteries: Babich and Hayes; Chandler, Murphy and Dickey.			
Detroit	0	2	1
Chicago	4	10	0
Batteries: Trout, Keats and Tebbetts; Rigney and Turner.			
St. Louis	3	7	0
Cleveland	0	5	1
Batteries: Auker and Swift; Allen, Eisenstat and Pytlak.			
Boston	4	6	3
Washington	5	5	0
(Called in sixth, darkness)			
Batteries: Fleming, Dickman, Heving and Foxx; Chase and Early.			

National League

(Openers)

New York	2	6	3
Philadelphia	11	12	1
Batteries: Gumbert, Lynn and O'Dea; Higge and Warren.			
Brooklyn	6	7	1
Boston	7	12	2
(Eleven innings)			
Batteries: Fitzsimmons, Casey and Franks; Errickson, Javery and Berres.			
Chicago	2	7	2
Pittsburgh	5	10	2
Batteries: Root, Raffensberger, Page and Collins; Sewell, M. Davis and Lopez.			
St. Louis	1	5	1
Cincinnati	2	6	1
Batteries: Cooper and Padgett; Derringer and Wilson.			

(Nightcaps)

New York	5	12	0
Philadelphia	6	12	2
Batteries: Dean, W. Brown, Joiner and Danning; Small, Beck and Atwood.			
Chicago	7	9	2
Pittsburgh	1	8	2
Batteries: Olsen and Collins; Bowman, MacFayden and Lopez.			
Brooklyn	6	13	2
Boston	2	8	0
Batteries: Davis and Phelps; Posedel and Berres.			
St. Louis	7	13	2
Cincinnati	4	12	1
Batteries: Warneke and Owen; Thompson, Shoffner, Riddle and Baker			

American League

	W.	L.	Pct.
Cleveland	75	52	.591
Detroit	72	56	.563
New York	71	55	.5[illegible]
Boston	68	59	.5[illegible]
Chicago	65	61	.516
Washington	54	73	.425
St. Louis	54	76	.415
Philadelphia	47	74	.38[illegible]

National League

Cincinnati	80	46	.635
Brooklyn	72	53	.576
St. Louis	64	58	.525
Pittsburgh	65	60	.520
New York	62	62	.500
Chicago	62	66	.484
Boston	53	73	.421
Philadelphia	41	81	.336

—United Press.

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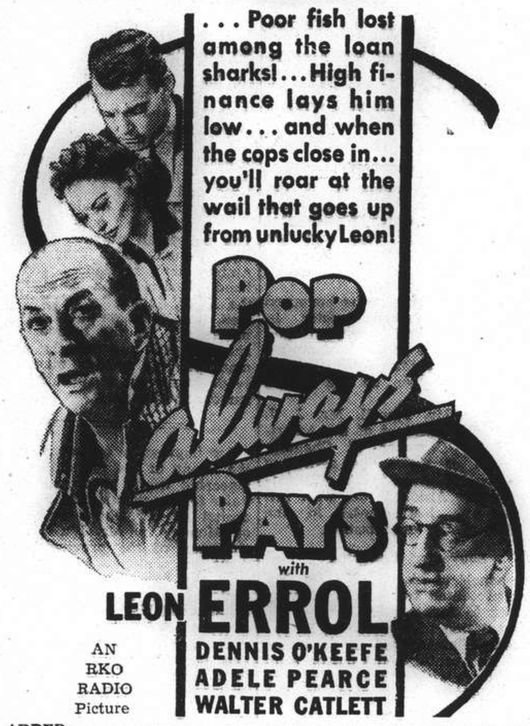
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French Spirit Will Remain, Declares Vichy Envoy

Need for "Discretion" Stressed by Newly-appointed Ambassador in Speech to American Club

By Air Courier to Berlin from Paris, Sept. 3.

THE spirit of France will remain despite all obstacles and the French are confident that everything will be rebuilt, the Mayor of Versailles, M. Henri Haye, who is the new French Ambassador to the United States, said here in the first public address made by any French official since the occupation of Paris.

M. Haye departed for Vichy on August 31 and proceeded to Lisbon yesterday.

Speaking at the American Club to 126 persons, the largest number to attend a public luncheon since the occupation of the capital, M. Haye said, "You have in me a man qualified to speak for the Government, but I have not the right to speak freely today.

"Must Be Discreet"

"I must be very discreet . . . I have the most difficult position of any French Ambassador to the United States. My task will be difficult.

"France has suffered the most cruel defeat of her history. We entered not because of attack—of course, we could not be sure of attacks in the near future. We went to war because of our solidarity with other countries.

"France has been crucified and has lost thousands of her sons, but France cannot believe that her spirit will disappear.

"Today our conquerors here know that the French spirit will not disappear. Today our conquerors here know that the French spirit will remain against all obstacles and difficulties.

"Now Everything Is Hard"

"If it continues, we can hope for a better future. But now everything is hard. The sun is not shining for us. We can be confident everything can be rebuilt and that that task will be carried out.

"Marshal Philippe Petain would like to come to Paris as soon as he is authorized. You should understand the necessity for delay and do not judge too quickly from public reports.

"The United States must believe in the French people. Now we are miserable and at the edge of a hard winter."—United Press.

Plans Started for New Delhi Talks

"Plus and Minus" Meeting Among Dominions Due to Open on October 25

Simla, Sept. 3.

Preparations are in full swing for what has been officially designated as the "eastern group conference" — more popularly known as "plus and minus talks"—which the Viceroy expects to open at New Delhi on October 25.

All countries concerned have now accepted invitations to the conference, which has been called to devise measures for the coordination of war supplies in the Empire east of Suez. Delegates from Australia, New Zealand, South Africa, Burma, Hongkong, South Rhodesia, Malay and East Africa will discuss how deficiencies of some participants can be made up from available or potential resources of others. It is thus hoped to make the countries east of Suez as self-supporting for war purposes as possible.

A standing committee may be established to see that decisions of the conference are carried out.

Though deliberations of the conference will be limited to war supply problems, it is expected that certain delegations may be anxious to exchange information on general questions of trade and industry, particularly those arising from the loss of trade with European countries.

It is learned the Commerce Department of the Government of India is arranging to handle any questions of that sort which may be separate from the work of the conference proper.

Services of a special mission from London, headed by Sir Alexander Roger, will be available for the conference. It is expected that the mission will extensively tour India, examining the capacity of factories and the best methods of increasing the output of munitions and war supplies, after which it will make recommendations from the British Government to the Government of India.—Reuter.

Passengers Searched On Hoten Maru

Japanese Soldiers Board Vessel at Shanghai

Having been delayed more than thirty hours by the typhoon, the Hoten Maru from Dairen and Tsingtao arrived here last night, the gangplanks being put up at about 9.20 p.m.

To the surprise of all passengers, instead of baggage coolies coming on board, two platoons of Japanese soldiers, instructed all passengers to return to their cabins, where they made a complete search of all baggage and personal effects.

In some cases, passengers were searched and had to show money which they carried. This occupied about one hour's time.

The Tsingtao Maru, which was to have left Tsingtao last Thursday, was late three days in leaving that port. The most important reason given was that a propeller had to be repaired. Another story had it that its crew was smuggling banknotes to and from Shanghai, and their actions were to be investigated.

Whatever the reason, the Tsingtao Maru left port at 10 a.m. on Sunday, but was recalled because of stormy weather. It also happened in the case of Hoten Maru, and, according to reports on the latter ship, the Tsingtao Maru was due shortly before midnight yesterday.

Australian Air Force Near Completion

Defence Unit Will Begin Work by New Year

Brisbane, Sept. 3.

The programme for the expansion of air defences in north-eastern Australia has involved the expenditure of many millions on establishments of aircraft and personnel, it was announced today by he Federal Minister of Air.

Command headquarters will be established in Brisbane and will be operating as from the New Year. The proposed strength of the Air Force will be at least 8,500 officers and men.

Large training schools are being established here under the Empire Training scheme.—Reuter.

Convicts Escape Prison Farm After Gun Battle, Kidnap Girl, Two Youths

Group Believed to Number Between 20 and 35 Make Dash for Freedom in Stolen Motor-Cars

Gould, Arkansas, Sept. 3.

Between 20 and 35 convicts yesterday escaped from the Cummins Prison Farm following a gun battle in which Claud Martin, a trusty, killed and wounded "several" convicts.

About 600 convicts working in a field suddenly overpowered Martin. Other guards who rushed up were also overpowered and had their guns wrested away from them.

Firing at guards who pursued them with blazing pistols, the convicts fled into the woods. Later, some of them commandeered an automobile which was found abandoned between Dumas and McGhee, Arkansas.

Reports from Rayville, Louisiana, today revealed that some of the escaped prisoners kidnaped two girls and a boy.

Mrs. Foster Jones, wife of the city's sheriff, said that the men forced Voncille Williams, 16, Gladys Diamont, 16 and Jerry Harrigan, 17, to accompany them in Miss Williams' car, which they commandeered after crashing and abandoning a car in which they had earlier kidnapped Mr. and Mrs. Frank Horstall, near Gould.

The Horsfalls, according to the report, were not injured in the crash. They managed to repair their car and proceeded to their home at Little Rock.

Meanwhile, posses were scouring the country for the fugitives, who were apparently headed towards Natchez. They were believed to be armed with sawed-off shotguns and 33's.

They were reported sighted by the Louisiana State Police near Tallhlah, 22 miles west of Mississippi River, at the Vicksburg Crossing. Police put up barriers at all Mississippi River crossings.—United Press.

Society Organized to Aid De Gaulle Forces

Knitted Comforts Sent by American Ladies

General de Gaulle's fight to free France from Hitlerism found sympathy among American ladies in Shanghai, and a society was formed with the object of sending knitted comforts to the free French troops fighting under the banner of General de Gaulle.

The following have been selected to act on the Committee: Chairman—Mrs. Wirt Leopard; Vice-Chairman—Mrs. Ralph Schilling; Secretary—Mrs. James Fullam; Treasurer Mrs. H. H. Arnold.

The Society depends upon contributions and sale of "Croix de Lorraine" pins for their funds to carry on with their work. These pins may be bought at the following places: Watson's Pharmacy, Gray's Yellow Lantern, Jean Lindsay's, and Sea Captain's Shop.

The Society, which was formed some two weeks ago, has already managed to send a few knitted things to England.

Toy Pistol Holds Up Nazis

Mr. Percy H. Tibble, landlord of a Hampshire inn, shows an airman a toy pistol with which he held up three Nazi airmen when their machine came down near to his establishment. They surrendered immediately.

Fledgling To Officer—2

Continuing The Experiences of China-Born Boy While Undergoing Training To Become Officer

On Monday I had the fun of being made to stalk a sniper for the benefit of two platoons. By the end of my half-hour I had gone to wrong side of a hedge and could not fire on him, however I stalked quite well! The snow thawed on Thursday but my stalking was in the snow. I blancoed my equipment on Wednesday which took 1½ hours. On Friday evening we were marched down to the hospital to have swabs taken but up to now, Sunday, we don't know the result.

February 3. M.B. and I were released on Sunday at dinner time, but I went across to the M.O. and declared my very slight rash. So for two days I was in a ward for 8 men for German measles. They were an odd mixture, artillery, signals, pay corps as well as Devons. The two pay corps men were from Public Schools, one being in the Regular Signals before the war. On Thursday after the M.O.'s. inspection I went across to another barrack room for convalescents; by the way, it was the privilege of the new-comers in the other ward to sweep and polish the floor. I was lucky enough to get a shirt and thick pair of pyjamas issued to me, but most of the chaps had to be content with their shirts and long pants. About four people out of our 2,000 have died, and no wonder, considering how the sick are treated. I was released from the Barrack Room on Friday morning, my damp fumigated clothes were returned to me and I went out and bathed.

Today was an important day, the six O.C.T.U. who remain from November 15 with B. and me had to visit the Territorial Brigadier. He chatted pleasantly about games etc. but Major G. stood by his side to use his "savvy" on us. (We have decided now that Hore-Belisha was evicted because he was putting Territorials into positions for which Regulars think they are unfitted). B. was chosen I am afraid because his father was a Major-General. I hope I wasn't chosen because I happened to bring in the C. H. name when Capt. P. asked me early on why I chose the Somersets. He asked me had I any connection with them. I replied that the people with whom I stayed were connected with Colonel C. H. of the Somersets. Well, three weeks should see me at Aldershot.

Very Muddling

February 11. This week has been very muddling altogether. On Tuesday B. and I were paraded with November O.C.T.U. people to see the Area Commander. Apparently the Territorial Brigadier has people he wants to recommend and took exception to us. Next day three of our platoon had a test from Major G. Next day again one of these and another just back from sick leave went to see the Area Commander. Now we hear two are to go to O.C.T.U. in Y. Coy. so it may be B. and I or it may be P. and S.

February 18. (from Aldershot) Here at last! It was on Monday when we were boredly constructing a barbed wire fence that I heard I was to come. One of the November left-over batch and B. P. S. and I of the December group were the lucky ones. On Tuesday we came out from the warehouse. After lunch we were marched a good mile from barracks and dispersed along certain roads. My lady (for billet) was already full up so I had a weary afternoon waiting till the others had collected their kit bags etc. and finally I was put in a "Spare address." The lady of the house was ill, and I was only accepted as I was only to be there for three nights. He was a retired undertaker! I had a double bed and my blankets, quite a change. It was an effort to be in for breakfast from billets. The food (where we now went) as cooked by A.T.S. women was better.

On Thursday Z. Coy. went on a long week-end leave and we had a farewell talk from Major G. On Friday we O.C.T.U. people and huge amount of rations were inspected by the Adjutant and departed. We left two loaves, one pound of margarine, and four tins of salmon with the guard. I shall describe this place next week.

My impressions now are of very rich officers, of miles of barracks and nothing else, of very rowdy Canadians (some pleasant exceptions, as one in the Y.M.C.A.), of the army becoming my main interest, of only three meals a day and being expected to have some money etc.

A Night 'op

February 25—It has transpired during the week that our officers are not regulars but Artists' Rifles or schoolmasters, which means that the lectures are interesting! We do a good deal of note-taking which is a welcome change from Exeter. Friday had a long night "op" on top of ordinary work till five o'clock. I was a section commander that day but was not notably efficient.

Monday and Wednesday afternoons we play games, though three periods follow on Monday. S. and I went to tea with General and Mrs. D. on Wednesday—we met them last Sunday at church.

We have to be particular about our rooms and owing to untidiness and one bad drill (the R.A.S. and R.E.s are hopeless) we were on defaulters' parade yesterday for half-an-hour's drill, marching at 140 to the minute, continually turning, etc. It was quite interesting in a way.

All that distinguishes us (O.C.T.U.) from privates is a white band on our caps.

March 3.—Tuesday was a black day for me, we marched two miles in the morning, dug and came back for dinner; the soil is very light so it was not too bad; then we had manoeuvres which lasted till seven in the rain. We had a cadet to command us who was hopeless, so it was very annoying. To cap it all, though I did not discover it till next morning, I left my belt and bayonet behind in a copse. Wednesday morning saw the C.S.M., I and another chap, whose bayonet had come out of its scabbard, searching. I found mine esily enough and the other fellow found his in the afternoon. Thursday morning saw the C.S.M. and me marched before the captain, who gave me the dressing down I deserved and then sentenced me to two extra parades; as it happened the R.S.M. never turned up yesterday so I got off one.

Today I went to Choral Eucharist again; somehow though a longer service than mattins I found it easier to concentrate and it was inspiring. I chatted to a member of the Saskatoon Light Infantry on the way back. I was going on leave this week-end but my engagement with the R.S.M put it off.

March 10.—You ask about being left in England or going to France. Officers go just by luck I think. It depends what regiment you go to and which ones are next to go to France. I might be at a depot for some time. I am still wondering whether to plump for the Somersets since there are a good number of chaps planning to go back there. How interesting that father was with the "Ox and Bucks."

Last week we had a talk from the Earl of Cavan in which he told us that soldiering was an absorbing full-time job. I think the officers have to act as father and mother to the troops and the actual dispositions will be so carefully laid down that there will be no danger of our sacrificing them owing to inefficiency. The thing is to make them live creatively in spite of a dull routine by giving them football, odd jobbery etc.

In the Gas Chamber

March 17.—Here I am (address in London) after two days with a fortnight's Easter leave still ahead. Last Sunday I wrote letters, as we were on duty and had to report every two hours. I shot for the first time last Monday. I got a two inch group without anyone spotting, and 15 out of 20 on small application. It is important for us to be able to shoot well, because we may train men on the range, even if we only use pistols ourselves.

On Tuesday we went through a gas chamber with and without gas masks; it was only tear gas, but even so it was quite painful. In the afternoon we made up a foot-bridge in floats to cross the canal.

On Wednesday our platoon attacked the other three; it was very wet and we had to run a great deal; one poor man lost his bolt.

On Thursday we had the platoon lectures; the subjects were morale, the Finnish war, the battle of Cambrai, and General Gamelin. B. gave ours, the third, and was not too hysterical as we feared he might be.

We changed companies on Friday, leaving our belongings in C. Coy. store. We took the 1.15 train up to town, I carrying my belongings in a towel most undignified.

Yesterday F. and I saw Oxford Past and Present beat Cambridge 13-11, a good game though some were out of practice.

March 24.—(On leave all this week, visiting Oxford, etc., etc.)

March 31.—(On leave, gets flu, and spends most of the week in bed.)

April 7.—(Letter now missing, back at Aldershot a couple of days late owing to flu.)

April 14.—Some football on Monday, I seem to be quite a good soccer full back! We had night ops twice, one night the Major brought out a portable wireless so we heard the nine o'clock news before we got going. Of course we have been highly excited about Norway. This week-end we have been duty company. The Major was so pleased with our turn out that we have been let off one period next Tuesday. Now I remember, last Monday the King inspected us and expressed his approbation. We were doing wiring. He looked very fit and interested. One morning we went out in buses for a TEWT (tactical exercises without troops), a grand spring morning, the chestnuts are sprouting and some poplars—oh yes, we had a dance on Wednesday and I summoned up enough courage to dance with three girls (A.T.S. and W.A.A.F.) not very expertly!

(To be Continued)

Front Line Farm In England

War Comes to Escapist's Paradise

"Halt!" said the sentry.

He came out of the dark bend by Pritchett's farm where the oak throws an arm across the road, and loomed against the skyline, huge in greatcoat, accoutrement and morion. His bayonet glinted in the moonlight.

"F-friend," I stammered, groping for the Penny Dreadful catchword—so ridiculous in an English lane, yet so real now writes Neil Macintyre. I advanced and was recognized by the light of the sentry's torch. Instinctively, with sub-memories of gangster films, I took my hands out of my raincoat pockets.

Pocket Book Searched

The sentry helped me search my pocket-book for an elusive Identity Card. "No, that's an old Pools card," he said, rejecting one false clue. I wondered what he would do if I could not find the card. But we found it at last.

He did not say: "Pass, friend, all's well," like Private Sanford of Merton. He said: "O.K., sir, sorry to have put you to all this bother."

I said: "Oh, that's all right, chum; it's got to be done. Good-night." And I went on my way, slightly shaken, up the lane to the lonely farm.

It is a mile and a half from the village, up the rutted lane where few ever come save the children in autumn in search of blackberries. Water comes from the wells. The flat fields stretch away towards the sea, broken only by tree clumps and the bent lines of bushes and fences.

By day there is no sound save the clack of mill-wheel and milk-pail, the call of cattle. Rooks squabble suddenly in the elms. The jackdaw's idiot laughter mocks their quarrel.

If you step from the cool doorway into the heat of the field you spring the partridge and his mate cackling from the corn, the air is full of the whirr of thrushes' wings. At dusk all sounds are muted. You go to bed by candlelight. The nightingale sings in the silent world. The cuckoo is your clock in the morning.

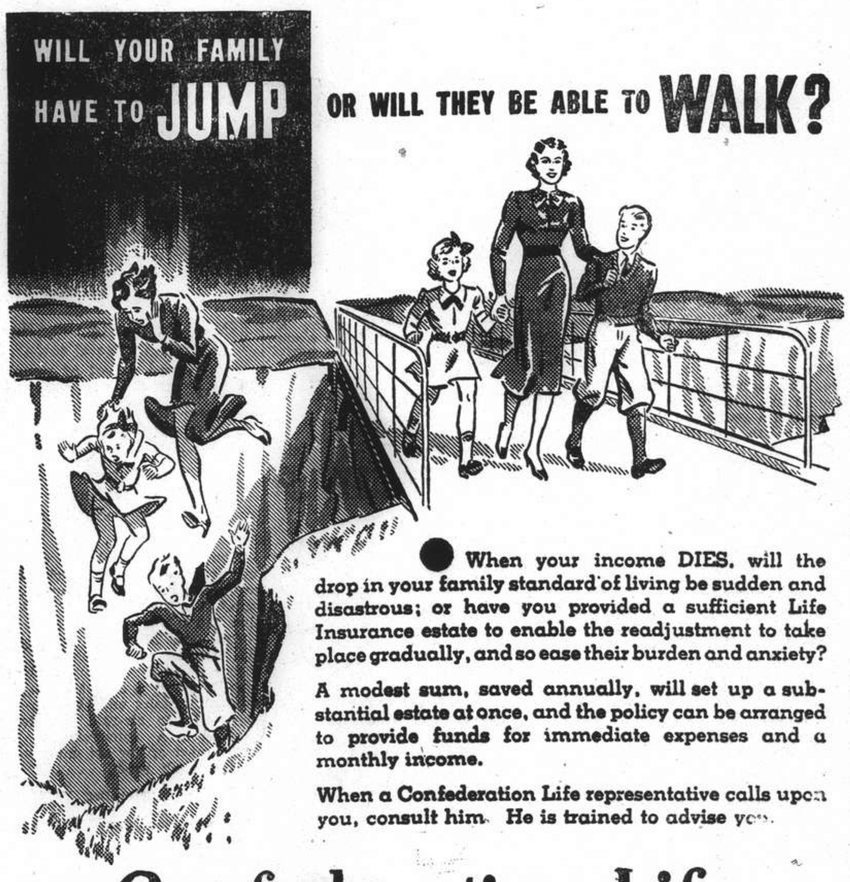
Now war has come to this escapist's paradise. Bombs have dropped a few miles away. All night you hear the distant boom of guns, and all the morning. Far away — boom — somewhere out at sea. The reverberation shakes the old house and rattles the windows. The spider's web trembles and she pauses, startled, alert, then goes on with her spinning.

Down in the village there are machine-gun nests in the ditch outside Birkins the butcher. Anti-aircraft guns and searchlights bristle beneath thorny camouflage in the fields and in the wood. Soldiers hang over the gates flirting with the village maidens. The guns point up the road towards the farm. The farm is in the Front Line.

M. Becu, Secretary of the International Association of Officers of the Mercantile Marine, speaking in the F.F.C. French broadcast, appealed to men of the French Mercantile Marine to bring their ships to English ports. You can be quite certain (he said) that on arriving in a British port you will receive every assistance possible. Speaking now from Great Britain and after witnessing the most terrible sufferings in Belgium and France, I can assure you that there is not the slightest doubt about the ultimate victory of the cause of civilization.

FORD HIRE CAR SERVICE 30189

WILL YOUR FAMILY HAVE TO JUMP OR WILL THEY BE ABLE TO WALK?



When your income DIES, will the drop in your family standard of living be sudden and disastrous; or have you provided a sufficient Life Insurance estate to enable the readjustment to take place gradually, and so ease their burden and anxiety?

A modest sum, saved annually, will set up a substantial estate at once, and the policy can be arranged to provide funds for immediate expenses and a monthly income.

When a Confederation Life representative calls upon you, consult him. He is trained to advise you.

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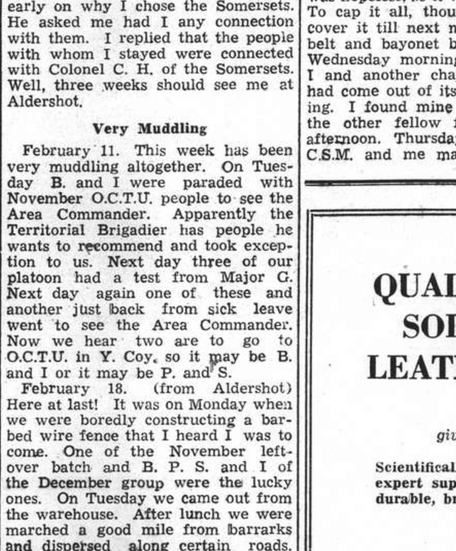

PROPER CARE NOW means SOUND TEETH LATER

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Kolynos not only keeps the teeth clean and the delicate gums healthy but protects the teeth from the germs that cause tooth decay — no ordinary toothpaste can give this protection.

Brush your baby's teeth regularly with Kolynos and keep them clean and free from infection.

The Kolynos habit, started early in life, helps insure sound teeth later. Children love its pleasant, refreshing taste.

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KOLYNOS
the economical
DENTAL CREAM

A Success Story!

若素含豐富之養分、健強腸胃、助長發育、爲正在成長期中之小兒不可缺少之良藥。

素 若

WAKAMOTO

Boy! I'm as Tough as They Make 'em . . .

To think that last year the bigger fellows used to beat me up. Yeah . . . that was last year, but now they're scared of me. I feel strong and I'm happy from the moment I open my eyes in the morning until the minute mother tucks me in. It's all through those darn swell tablets mom gives me regularly . . .

WAKAMOTO
YEAST TABLETS

Success Depends On Health And Energy!

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

Letters for this column should be addressed to the EDITOR, NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS OFFICE, 17 THE BUND, SHANGHAI and to ensure secrecy, marked "Letters to the Editor."

B.W.A. War Work:
Comforts Still Wanted

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—Several people have recently asked whether the comforts for the troops and the Red Cross supplies that the British Women's Association are making are still necessary, now that the war is mainly on the Home Front.

In order to answer this question we have, through the courtesy of the British Embassy, cabled to the Ministry of Information in London and have received the reply that there is no change in the list of things needed. We have also arranged to supply the Assistant Director of Medical Services, China Command, with Red Cross material which he would otherwise have to order from England.

In these circumstances we feel, and we hope all our workers will feel, that we must continue to work hard during the coming winter.

RUTH ARNOLD-JONES
Chairman, B.W.A.

Shanghai, Sept. 3.

A Canard Scotched:
Mr. Sausage's Thanks

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—May I hasten to thank you for a small article appearing in your columns to-day which will undoubtedly do much to correct a wrongful impression which has fast gained credence in the social circles of this city.

Just prior to my Regiment leaving Shanghai I was had up before my commanding officer and informed that as I had become time expired and had married off the strength it was not possible for me to accompany the troops to their destination. I was presented with an honourable discharge which I can produce at any time, and, although it was a great blow to me, I gave my word as a soldier and a gentleman that I would not attempt to smuggle myself aboard the trooper.

Since the departure of my comrades gossip and rumour have been rife. Social Shanghai is definitely of the impression that I secreted myself aboard the troop-ship, one leading hostess of the port going so far as to aver that she perceived a tail protruding from the haversack of a Highlander marching down Nanking Road. In short, sir, it is generally thought that I did not keep my word to my commanding officer and that, in fact, the fair name of Sausage is no longer to be associated with that of a soldier and a gentleman. From the bottom of my heart I thank you, Mr. Editor, for correcting this misconception and scotching this dastardly canard.

Due to a slight temporary financial crisis (undoubtedly the outcome of too many farewell parties) I feel it may be unwise to disclose my address until next pay day after which, however, I should be pleased to welcome all old friends in the usual manner.

JAMES SAUSAGE,
ex Lance Sergeant,
Seaforth Highlanders.

Shanghai, Sept. 2.

The Circus:
And Some Complaints

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—I am writing to ask if you will be kind enough to publish this letter in the hope that it will catch the eye of the Management of Olympic Circus and also be a warning to those who propose to visit the circus in the near future.

Upon the demand of my son, three of us attended the performance at 3 p.m. yesterday and booked seats in the $6 per seat section. Just as we were about to sit down mat cushions were thrust beneath us by Chinese female attendants who demanded 20 cents per cushion; having nothing smaller than a five dollar note I tended this amount and only received four dollars back before the attendant dashed off, I did not see her or the balance due to me again. First gyp. Twice during the performance I was approached by other female attendants who demanded payment for the cushions which I had already been over-charged for.

Now for nuisance number two. From the very moment we sat down we were pestered by vendors of popcorn, liquid refreshments, etc., not only were trays being pushed under our noses at regular intervals but even more frequently the vendors passed up and down the passage immediately in front of us making it impossible to sit comfortably for any length of time during the entire performance. In short they constituted a major nuisance. At the interval the youngsters required some refreshment, and so two bottles were purchased and payment made, the vendor was short of change to the extent of 20 cents and promised to return with this amount, but was not seen again. Gyp two.

The point Mr. Isako should bear in mind is that his prices are somewhat above those we are called upon to pay for first-class seats in the best local Moving Picture houses where patrons are as a rule given excellent fare for their money and are always protected against attendants making themselves objectionable while the performance is on—to say nothing of the gyp racket.

ANTI-GYP AND NUISANCE.

Shanghai, Sept. 2.

Munich:
Can it be "Muniched"?

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—The bombing of Munich for 1 hr. 20 min. should prove a great stimulus to the local aeroplane fund.

The word Munich has been used as a noun, adjective and adverb; many people would now like to see it used as a verb, in the past tense.

J. C. DE B.

Shanghai, Sept. 3.

The Silly Season:
Not Ended With the Heat

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—I am a new arrival in Shanghai and do not like the custom here. On opening the N.C.D.N. this morning I saw this heading, "Typhoon Passes West of Shanghai."

My work takes me to the Western District every day. I have a cholera pass, a curfew pass and a typhoid pass. Please inform me where I can get a Typhoon Pass.

VYISDUR ZOMENIMOR.

Shanghai, Sept. 2.

British Unemployment Reduced

London, Sept. 3.

Between July 15 and August 12, there was a reduction of 27,814 in the number of unemployed persons in Great Britain, according to the Ministry of Labour.

There was a reduction of nearly 50,000 in men and women registered as unemployed, but the numbers of boys and girls rose by nearly 22,000.

The total number of persons registered as unemployed on August 12 was 432,060 less than at the corresponding date a year ago.—Reuter.

Seventy Years Ago

FROM THE "NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS" OF SEPTEMBER 4, 1870

We fear that the heavy weather yesterday will have been awkward for the ship Northampton, if she has not succeeded in getting off the North Bank, where she was reported ashore on Friday. We hear that she had a steam-tug alongside when the Shanse passed by.

B.B.C. (London)

Summer Time	Wave	Freq.	Sim
1.55 to 5.15	19.60 m.	15.31 mc.	GSP
7.40 to 10.45	19.82 m.	15.14 mc.	GSF
11.00 to 1.30	19.82 m.	15.14 mc.	GSF

3.15 p.m. on GSP—Full News Bulletin
5.00 p.m. on GSP—News Summary
8.30 p.m. on GSF—Full News Bulletin
10.00 p.m. on GSF—News Summary
1.00 a.m. on GSF—Full News Bulletin
6.45 a.m. on GSF—Full News Bulletin

"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS" XCDN

"The Voice of Democracy"
Wave length 208m.; Frequency 1440kc.
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Office 11340 Ex. 23. Studio 13786.

To-day's Programme

12.00 Dance Music.
12.30 Recording of BBC talk if available.
12.45 News Bulletin in English.
1-1.30 Light Music.
1.30 News in German.
2.00 Musical Programme announced in Polish.
3.30-4.30 "Tea-time Chat," programme arranged by Diana Hutchins.
6.00 Broadcast in Italian.
6.30 Broadcast in Czech.
7.00 Broadcast in French.
7.45 News Bulletin in English.
8-9 "Love Needs a Waltz," recording of BBC Programme.
9-9.15 "News of England," talk by Paul Tay.
9.15-9.30 "A Tale of Melody," light operatic songs by Rosa Gertzel accompanied by William Loewit.
9.30 Commentary in English on the Day's News.
9.45 Recording of BBC talk if available.
10-10.30 Dance Music.
10.30 Broadcast in Russian.
11.15 Broadcast in German.
11.45-12 Dance Music.

Foreign Language Broadcasts
6-7 p.m.

MONDAY	TUESDAY	WEDNESDAY
6.00 Polish	Spanish	Italian
6.30 Portuguese	Netherlands	Czech
THURSDAY	FRIDAY	SATURDAY
6.00 Polish	Italian	Spanish
6.30 Portuguese	Czech	Netherlands

SUNDAY
6-7.00 Hungarian

TO-MORROW

12.00 Dance Music.
12.30 Recording of BBC talk if available.
1-1.30 Light Music.
2.00 Light Music.
3.30-4.30 "Tea-time Chat"
8-9 "An Hour at the Opera"—Pelleas et Melisande by Debussy.
9.00 The Art of Gillie Potter.
9.45 Recording of BBC talk if available.
10-10.30 Dance Music.
11.45-12.00 Dance Music.

FRENCH BROADCASTING STATION FFZ

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Daily broadcast in five languages

Time table

12.00-1.00 Light music
1.00-1.15 News in French
1.15-2.00 Light music
4.30-5.30 Light music
5.30-5.50 Chinese lesson for foreigners
5.50-6.10 French lesson for Chinese students
6.10-6.15 Chinese music
6.15-6.30 News in Shanghai dialect
6.30-6.35 Chinese music
6.35-6.50 News in Mandarin
7.20-7.30 Music by Russian composers
7.30-7.45 News in Russian
7.45-7.50 Music by Russian composers
7.50-8.00 Light music
8.15-8.30 Light music
8.30-8.45 News in French
8.45-9.00 Light music
9.00-9.30 News in English
9.30-11 Concert:
11.30-12 Light music

"Pelleas and Melisande" opera by Debussy.

"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS" 395m. XMHD 760kc.

The news of the day is broadcast from the Shanghai Christian Broadcasting Association by the "North-China Daily News" at the following times:—

Summertime: 12.45 and 9 p.m.
China Coast time: 11.45 and 8 p.m.

At other hours of the day an English and Chinese programme of music and talks is transmitted from this Station.

"There are the tremendous possibilities presented by the exploitation of the territory acquired by us"
Hitler, to the Reichstag July 19th 1940

"Weekly Review."

They Are Not Afraid

The Story of a Coastal Town Where Only One Family Remains After Heavy Bombing

JOHN Pudney of the "News Chronicle" visits a North-Eastern English Coastal town where bombs have fallen, describes the courage and *moral* of people in the little streets; tells the story of Mrs. K. and her family, who live on in their damaged home because—there is work to be done.

"The street is smashed, empty sockets for windows and doors, pallid walls wispy with flapping woodwork, and a pathetic confusion of goods mouldering in the weather," he writes.

"Before the bombs smashed it, it was desolate, inhabited by working-class people, but I remember how their courage to live blossomed in it.

Now, uninhabited, its ruin is a monument to courage which triumphs over all desolation. "Apart from the pub," says the policeman, "you'll still find one family—No. 167."

And does Mrs. K., leaning over the banisters as I knock, look cowed, disheartened or distraught? No: her idea of moral is a broad grin, an invitation upstairs and the hair-raising story of her air-raid survival recounted in a conversational voice, while most of her six children romp in the small room.

Derelict

Downstairs is derelict, the two upstairs rooms, which were hers, are smashed open to the wind. The family is "making do" in two other small rooms till they can find somewhere to go—and still Mrs. K. smiles and says, "After all, we must make the best of everything in war-time, mustn't we?"

With six children, the youngest two and a half ("And I wouldn't be without one of them"), and a husband busy long hours as a labourer on Government jobs, it has not been easy for Mrs. K. to pursue her hunt for a new house she can afford. Has it occurred to her to evacuate with the children? I ask her.

"What, and leave my husband and my eldest son working? Oh, no! When a man's working he must be looked after. You know what it is..."

Nothing will shake Mrs. K. in her resolution or make her budge from this North-Eastern war zone while her man has work to do. Nothing, I say, remembering what she has just been through.

Baby's Escape

"Yes, all six of them were with me in the shelter; and when we thought it was 'all clear' I let them come back indoors. I carried baby up and left him in the front room (that's the one that had the rain in) and then I went back on to the stairs to make sure all the others were coming up. Then it happened. There was an awful noise. Everything went dark. The ceilings came down, but something must have made baby come toddling on the stairhead just before the ceiling of the room he was in fell.

"As I ran up I could feel his head and I knew he was all right. I couldn't see him, but I could feel his head...."

"We traffic in pennies for ice-cream in what's left of the house. We laugh: and I think of the sediment of panic-stricken citizens with long pockets and loud voices in comfortable rooms far from here asking each other, "What can we do to be safe?"

Nobody has left this town, near the North-East coast: nobody is quitting: there is work: there is neighbourliness: there is still fun. I meet some of the men enjoying a Sunday drink in the pub with the boarded-up windows. Many of them are discussing the new homes to which they have taken their families in the town.

Emphatic Language

"But you can take it from me," says the ship's rigger, "you won't find a blue-pencil man that thinks twice about stopping for blue-pencil air-raids. Mind you, we all take cover if we hear stuff coming down, but we shall soon be used to any blue-pencil thing he manages to get through to us."

"The ship's rigger, I hear, is a one-idea man. Several times in the course of our rather emphatic conversation he comes back to the suggestion: "These blue-pencil sirens now. Why can't they play 'The Campbells are Coming,' instead of the row they do make...."

"I think this hard on the Campbells, but I hear throughout my journey not one kind word for sirens. Now that they unhappily seem to become a part of people's lives, people want them to be accurate and to sound pleasant."

Vessels Warned of U.S. Hurricane

$1,000,000 Damage Left In Trail of Storm

New York, Sept. 4.

Warnings were flashed to vessels in the path of a storm which passed slowly toward the Bay of Fudy yesterday, leaving Nantucket rain drenched while a high surf battered the shore.

In the Cape Cod area, residents were told to expect winds of a 50-mile-an-hour velocity. The hurricane has already left U.S.$1.000.000 worth of damage in its path in New Jersey.—United Press.

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it's Different!
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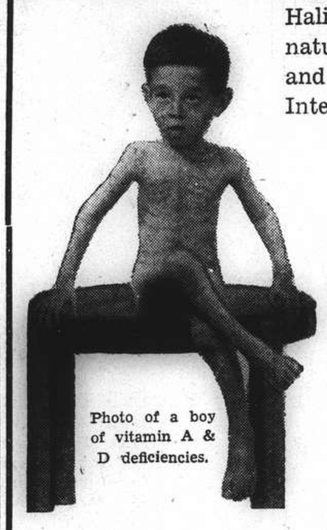

Photo of a boy of vitamin A & D deficiencies.

Halibut Liver Oil fortified with natural Vitamin D, supplied and standardized by The International Vitamin Corporation U.S.A.

Each gram contains 60,000 international units of Vitamin A and 12,000 international units of Vitamin D, which is 120 times stronger than Standard Cod Liver Oil.

Supplied in capsules and liquid.

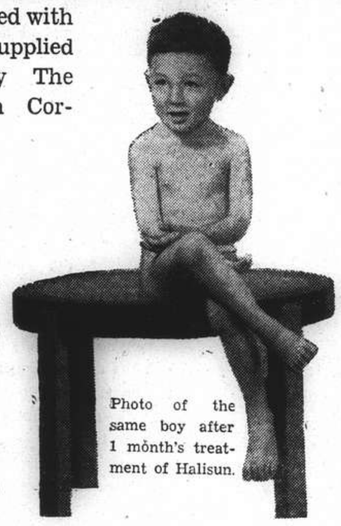

Photo of the same boy after 1 month's treatment of Halisun.

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EXCESS ACIDITY
of the Stomach makes you feel
MISERABLE

GET 1 the Quick relief you want PLUS 2 the Alkalizer you need

BOTH IN **ALKA SELTZER**

How often have you had a headache without actually noticing that you also have an upset stomach? Usually these go together. Did you know that Alka-Seltzer was unique in its effect on both?

Drop one or two Alka-Seltzer tablets into a glass of water. Watch it fizz and sparkle. Drink it down—see how quickly your troubles vanish.

Double-Acting Relief

Science has at last combined and standardized in Alka-Seltzer essential ingredients which doctors for years have prescribed separately—these are the results: First, Alka-Seltzer gives quick relief from pain. Second, its alkalizing agents correct the excess acidity that causes so much distress.

Let this modern remedy make you *feel well* and *stay well*. Try Alka-Seltzer—see what it will do for you!

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(Bleaching powder stored and to be taken delivery of at the Shanghai and Hongkew Wharf Co's Hunt's Wharf)

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On Friday, September 6, 1940, commencing at 10 a.m.

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1 **Large lot of Oregon pine, oakwood, lauan wood, Fukien pine and flooring board**
1 **Large lot of plain and flowered glass (in all sizes)**
1 **Large lot of assorted paint, oil, distemper and enamel**
1 **Case tin ware, 1 bag sulphite of ammonia**
150 **Motor tyres (old)**

ON VIEW WEDNESDAY AND THURSDAY

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Wednesday, September 4, 1940 at 5 p.m.
No. 233 MOHAWK ROAD

Lot No.
1 BLACK RIDING PONY
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3 GREY PONY J/135, 13-2, "Z" Class, good jumper. Believed sound.
4 MERRY ROVER Chestnut 13-0, G/55, "Y" Class. Winner and placed many times. Good jumper. Owner reducing stable.
5 BONUS Grey 13-1, A/17, "Y" Class. Has been placed, Owner reducing stable.
6 GREY GELDING B/17, 12-2, 7 years old, "Y" Class, date of the certificate 3/5/40 Owner reducing stable.
7 ANCIENT JADE Grey 13-0, A/134, "Y" Class, Well known race pony.
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SPOLIATION OF FRANCE

Mail news to hand clearly shows the policy of spoliation which Germany is pursuing in the lands which she has occupied. In the case of Denmark there was something to be said for the action in killing off a large amount of livestock, because of the difficulty of obtaining foodstuffs of which so large a proportion had to be imported from abroad. That is now impossible because of the Allied blockade and large numbers of animals had to be killed. Thus it is reported one million pigs have been killed in Denmark in addition to about 10,000 cattle condemned to death because of fodder shortage. Supplies from Denmark and Holland have had the effect of temporarily improving the German rations allowing an extra ounce of butter a week and three to four more eggs a month. Vegetables are being taken from Alsace-Lorraine to help swell the comparatively small supplies available in Germany itself, while quantities of the same goods enter Germany from Holland to the tune of about 100 railway cars a day. Most of that, however, is going to the Ruhr district to provide extra nourishment for the nerve-wracked inhabitants harassed by the night attention of the R.A.F.

Toward the middle of July reports came out of German-occupied France to the effect that the enemy was systematically denuding the countryside of cattle, horses and other livestock. This is being done without the slightest pretence of payment, and in callous disregard for the vital needs of the people in those areas, and it is reported that they face inevitable famine this coming winter. It is also reported that the champagne stocks in the occupied territories are also seized by the German authorities and are being kept for the purpose of export to secure much wanted exchange at the end of the war. It is also reported that Hitler has planned the seizure of all valuables held by banks in the occupied areas and the only possible conclusion is that he is out with his gang to make a "clean-up" before defeat robs him of his spoils. Naturally all war materials would be expected to fall into the hands of the enemy where he is in possession, but the robbing of the civilian population of their means of sustenance is just as surely murder as if they were machine-gunned from the air.

It is in the light of such facts that the German, and some French criticism of the British reluctance to permit relief work to be carried out in occupied Europe must be viewed. Briefly the position is that, after Germany has thoroughly looted the areas she has overrun, it is now her claim that it is the duty of neutral interests to come to the assistance of the people she has despoiled and of Great Britain to raise the blockade to such an extent as to permit of the relief of those whom she has reduced to the borders of starvation by her own action. Ridiculous as the proposition is, it is significant that that French opinion which two months ago contemplated with resignation the correctness of the continuation of the British blockade with all its disadvantages to the people of France are now as eager in condemnation as the iniquitous Germans themselves.

There are undoubtedly large quantities of goods in the French colonies which would go a long way towards relieving the distress which is being brought about by German action. In other circumstances it might be possible to permit of the help going into Europe which went in during the last war. But conditions are vastly different, for there is no one amongst the Nazis whose assurance could be accepted that they would not seize upon such supplies for the satisfaction of German needs. The tactics of Hitler are now so well known that any British statesman who pretended to believe that he would abide by his word would be immediately turned out of office. That he would welcome aid for the oppressed people from the United States may be taken for granted. It would enable him to rob them even more thoroughly than he has done up to the present, and, what is more, enhance the quality of his resistance to the British blockade. That blockade cannot be raised. Rather must it be made tighter still if that is possible, and the only compensating thought is that by it will these people condemned to suffer, it is hoped but temporarily, ultimately have restored to them that liberty for which they fought gallantly, if at the moment unavailingly.

THAT GERMAN VERACITY

When the German reports of British raids on Germany, and German raids on Britain are read together with the British versions some shrewd idea of the enemy's propaganda technique may be obtained. If a German raid on Britain meets with some degree of success, it is always against the most powerful defence which the British had up to that time offered; if they meet with a reverse,—and they are driven back more often than they get through,—then the British air defence is weakening. It would not be accurate to state that the German communiqués are always to be tested by such means, but it can safely be said that every German success is secured despite the powerful defences of the enemy, while no reverses whatever are admitted, though the slur cast upon the R.A.F. in such cases is probably the best indication of the real state of affairs. The same applies to the figures issued by Berlin relative to air casualties. On no occasion have the Germans, according to their story, failed to shoot down at least four times as many British machines as their own losses.

Now it appears that the German propaganda machine is worried about the stories gaining currency on the subject of the dwindling gasoline and oil stocks which Germany possesses. Yesterday in a message seeking to show that everything in the garden was lovely so far as these war essentials are concerned, the following passage was to be read:—

> According to reports issued by the German High Command, whose veracity after the experiences of the past 12 months probably is not doubted by anyone, it is an established fact that the Royal Air Force during its raids almost exclusively hit non-military objectives. At any rate these raids neither destroyed any gasoline stocks worth while, nor did they curtail the exceedingly efficient production in Germany of synthetic gasoline,

The veracity of the German High Command is the veracity of Hitler, and his attitude on the subject of lying is too well known to need extensive repetition here. Hitler believes in the efficacy of the lie so long as it is big enough to run a chance of securing some degree of credence. The truthfulness of the High Command's statements is not doubted whatever; it is known not to exist, and that is an entirely different thing.

According to the enemy news agency report no shortage of fuel is being felt in Germany, whose stocks have been enhanced by those seized in the occupied territories of Europe. It is probable that big stocks of gasoline and oil did fall into German hands as the result of its successes on land, but that they did any more than replace the huge wastage which the rapid German advances necessitated is greatly to be doubted. The amounts of gasoline and oil which were used in the subjugation of Poland and the overrunning of the Low Countries and a great portion of France ran daily into almost astronomical figures, while large quantities of the fuel in the Allied countries were fired before they could fall into enemy hands. The message in question contains the boast that "Germany's fuel supply for its armed forces is today better secured than that of Great Britain which is totally depending upon imports," and then goes on to claim that the success of the German blockade of the British coast has resulted in Britain's imports being considerably cut.

The facts of the case are completely opposite to what the Germans would like to believe themselves and what they would seek to impress upon the world at large. The alleged German blockade of the British Isles is up to the present an egregious failure. Even with German artillery on the French shores of the English Channel the enemy has not found it possible to prevent that thoroughfare being used by British shipping, or to cut off the Port of London from the outside world as they claimed they were able to do. It is true that Britain does depend upon imports for her fuel supplies, but the failure of the German blockade permits her to receive what she wants with great regularity, and that from all those parts of the world to which the British Navy denies the Germans access. The capture of supplies in the occupied territories will only serve to postpone that day when the demands of the German military machine will have outrun the supplies. That will come inevitably, and not all the "veracity" of the German High Command will serve to prevent it.

A Necessary Job

The S.V.C. are doing a job of work in "B" Sector which has roused the admiration of all who have seen them. The Japanese sentries on the other side of the boundary line have shown considerable respect for the youthful Volunteers, and relations have been easy and friendly, each party co-operating well with the other. Any disposition to treat the Volunteers as "play" soldiers, which might have been felt at the time it was decided to ask them to take over guard duty in the sector, has completely disappeared, and the two units treat each other with the confidence and goodwill which usually exist between professionals. It is recognized that some firms in Shanghai have been put to inconvenience by the fact that some of their employees have been required for this guard duty, but the question may be asked whether the inconvenience is not worth while. The control of "B" Sector by the S.V.C. is a temporary expedient which will last only until the Japanese and American Governments have come to an agreement as to the permanent patrolling of the area. At the present moment, the refusal of the Japanese to accept the two to one vote of the Defence Committee which divided the former British defence area between the Japanese and the U.S. Marines, has created what might be termed a deadlock, but the Japanese have prepared certain counter-proposals which are receiving the attention of the authorities concerned. Until a solution which is acceptable to these authorities has been reached, the Volunteers will have to carry on with their present duties. It is an emergency of the kind the Shanghai Volunteer Corps was formed to meet, and they are to be congratulated on their efficiency in doing so. Employers who grumble at the loss of time by their employees would do well to consider what might be the alternatives, should the Volunteers have to be withdrawn owing to their obstruction. A very awkward situation might easily be created, or the Sector might be left without any guards at all. The ultimate effects of the complaints made by those who are at present criticizing the calls made on their employees might be ten times worse than the temporary inconvenience they are now asked to put up with.

Still On the Air

According to Dr. Goebbels the "Freedom Station" which gave messages of hope to millions of Germans waiting and praying for an end to be put to Nazi tyranny, has been tracked down and is off the air for good. Whether or not the station was discovered by the Nazis, there is still a "Freedom Station" speaking to the German people. This may be another one which has been erected in some obscure corner of Germany or German-occupied territory by those valiant underground workers, who are fighting to aid their own countrymen and bring about the downfall of Herr Hitler and his leaders, or it may be the old one which escaped rigorous searches on the part of the secret police. Whatever it is and wherever it may be, it still carries on each night with its frank, outspoken talks to the German people. The penalty for listening to it is death. For listening to foreign broadcasts, too, death is the penalty. And yet it has been proved that the Germans do tune in, secretly of course, to those foreign stations. They also listen to the "Freedom Station" which is doing its excellent work in precisely the same manner as the present leaders in Russia carried on their underground activities for years and years in the days of the Tsarist regime. Their efforts were crowned with success and so will the efforts of this German radio station be successful as the effects of war are brought home to the German people. The German Führer holds his people today by virtue of the might of the sword. When that sword has been blunted there will be a change. Several factors point to it—the British blockade, air raids on Germany, sweated labour, political persecution and many others. In the meantime the Germans listen to the voice of freedom and read pamphlets, distributed throughout the country, damning their Nazi masters, before they pass them on to others who wait and hope.

STRAY NOTES

Weihaiwei, Aug. 24.—For weeks now the Cicadas have been grinding out their shrill melody and soon they will go to their last rest, *via* the "towers of silence" so faithfully served by the ants. The females have recently been busy laying their eggs—three or four hundred in separate clutches of ten or twelve—all carefully laid beneath the bark of twigs from which the baby Cicadas (about the size of fleas) will have to find their way to their underground home of perhaps four years. But all the adults have not yet finished their summer's work: far from it: even as I write the shrill chorus is coming from a Poplar tree outside my window—decreasing in volume as the sun goes down. All of us who read Fabre's painstaking work must marvel at the accuracy of his observations, yet he raises two points on which I beg to differ. The first point is that he seemed to conclude that Cicadas were deaf, because they were not scared by bombs exploded out of sight: but I cannot believe the insects are truly deaf, even if they do not hear certain sounds, because it is so easy to see how those which have been feeding on the sap of distant trees will continually fly to the tree from which the loudest chorus comes: surely if they cannot "hear" in the strictest sense, they at least get the vibrations which lead them to their kind. The other point is equally interesting, and I depend for my evidence on a lady here who spends much time in watching insects. Fabre concluded that the earthbound nymph spent its last hours below ground in a sort of observation chamber just below the earth's surface, and did not break through to the upper air until the sun shone and the air was warm; whereas I have it on the authority of this watchful lady that the nymphs often come out in the very dullest weather, and even while it is raining. I hate to doubt the word of Fabre....but he made his observations in the kindly air of Southern France; and if the Cicadas had been forced to wait for a fine hot sunny day in Weihaiwei this year, the whole race would have died out.
—E.S.W.

WILL U.S.A. BE TOO LATE?

In 1917 the German High Command was informed by its experts in America that the United States could never arrive in force for eighteen months.

Russia had been knocked out; von Ludendorff, the master general, was nearly ready to release 1,000,000 men from the eastern front for the German victory drive; submarines were sinking Allied tonnage at starvation speed; the German air command made the R.F.C. a suicide club.

The structure of a then *Blitzkrieg* was ready.

Unrestricted submarine warfare was declared.

Has Hitler made the same mistake?

He has, only more so. He has proved that this war is all that the mechanical-minded prophets of future wars have anticipated. He has shown that it is the very structure which America can dedicate most fully which wins the battles. Industrial organization.

When Ford said that he could turn out 1,000 planes a day, it was not an idle boast. His plants can and do turn out several times that many cars and light lorries. Moreover, he pioneered in the all-metal plane field and has been pushing hard on research for the mass production of cheap planes. His Ford tri-motor transport planes were winging over the mountains of North and South America ten years ago. His interest and practical experience in aviation has never lagged a day behind the swift advance of technical knowledge of aerodynamics although Douglas, Curtiss-Wright, Vought-Sikorsky, Lockheed, Martin and other American builders have out-paced him in developing experimental, speed and especially fighting planes.

A potential of aircraft production which could cover Germany with a buzzing cloud of warplanes in such unstinted numbers that all the radio stations would be driven off the air, let alone opposition aeroplanes.

Why has America so few planes at present?

Estimated at about £17,000 each to buy and the same amount to keep up annually, the present cost is huge. This largely derives from the expense of precision, hand-built manufacture as against mass production, interchangeable machines and parts.

The whole scheme of American air defence has been geared around developing new designs which have yearly made old planes obsolete. The idea has been to have a small, but ultra effective force in constant change, and rely upon mass production when the need arose.

Without a created demand from the army, the principal hitch in mass production has been the impracticalities of aeroplanes for private use. Only the wealthy or the hobby-mad could afford aeroplanes for personal use. This relatively meagre demand is unquestionably the largest *natural* demand in the world, but it has been satisfied by old models and a wide variety of civilian planes which are as incapable of stopping warplanes as a pleasure car a tank.

But if demand is created, the means of production are ready and can be mobilized. This is going full speed ahead today in America.

As for surface warfare, the United States can, and is, throwing the mightiest steel industry in the world into action. When C. K. Leith, one of America's foremost economic geologists, said: "Not mettle, but metal will win the war," Germany was building tanks, artillery, rifles, the force of which we now know. Yet there came a day in the last war when a similarly overwhelming army of precision and equipment found itself in difficulties. The German Field Staff bluntly told the High Command that unless the supply of American ammunition was cut off the war was lost.

The sources of American steel are unapproachable. They are largely within her own borders. One mine alone in the Lake Superior district produces every fortnight a bulk of iron ore larger than Great Pyramid of Egypt.

The steel industry itself, feeding the tremendous engineering demands of America, has until recently been idling along at about half its capacity. Even today, in anticipation of demand, it has moved up to only three-fourths of its full potentialities. Its job is to supply the basic needs of the heavy industries.

These are a few of the most potent facts in answer to, "Can America help?"

In answer to, "Will America be too late?", the English themselves have replied, "There will always be an England."

Roosevelt has promised that as long as there is a base to which supplies can be sent America will redouble her efforts. And she will not be too late as long as there is a landing field the size of a man's handkerchief to indicate Europe's Freedom is still holding out.

IN PARENTHESIS

They Told Her

"You don't know enough about him to think of marrying him."

"Yes I do, mums! I know two of the girls he was engaged to."

* * *

Resentful

LITTLE Evacuee (tearfully)—"Oh the c-cow kicked me."

Farmer—"Have you been annoying it?"

"No, I was only t-trying to c-carve my name on it."

* * *

What to do When Invaded

(By Uncle Nat)

WHEN and if this country is invaded the first instinct of any sane person is to run like hell.

This, however, is not only un-British, but would congest the roads. Moreover most people, except the young and fit, can't run like hell for more than a hundred yards.

Your Uncle Nat's advice is to pretend to be a Fifth Columnist. Welcome them with open arms, lead them straight to a British machine gun nest and watch them get wiped out. It will be a lovely sight.

Although the Government advises you to hide your food, you may not have time. You might also have to produce it under pressure. A better idea is to poison it and offer it to them with a winning smile. Poison can be bought at any chemist's by signing the book.

If you have any drinks in the house poison those, too. Keep one intact for yourself, drink to the health of the Fuehrer, and watch them drop in their tracks. This will also be a lovely sight.

The best troops get tired after a time, though if they are suspicious they are not likely to sleep anywhere without posting a sentry.

Win their confidence by telling them how much you admire Hitler (or even Himmler if you think they'll believe it) and offer them your best bedroom....the one with the gas fire in it. When they are snoring seal up all windows, turn on the gas and lock the door. This will be another lovely sight in the morning.

If you have no gas fire in the bedroom lock them up, anyway, and set your house alight.

Other little tricks are pepper in the eyes, itching powder on the towel if they ask for a bath, dressing up as a ghost and haunting them, soap on the stairs and, best of all, a bomb under the bed.

Always remember there is no lovelier sight in the world than a dead invader.

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NEW RADIANT ROAST — I NEVER THOUGHT THEY COULD IMPROVE ON MAXWELL HOUSE — PROGRESS-MY DEAR... A NEW METHOD CALLED RADIANT ROAST BRINGS OUT MORE FULLY THE EXTRA RICH FLAVOUR
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Speculation by Chinese Circles On Burma Highway Re-Opening

Ambassador's Visit to Chungking Considered Highly Significant in Determining Question

London, Sept. 3.

WITH reference to the journey of the British Ambassador to China, Sir Archibald Kerr, to Chungking, it is stated in official quarters here it had been expected that he would travel to Chungking early in September to resume contact with the Chinese Government. It appears that the visit is in the ordinary course of his diplomatic duties, it is added.—Reuter.

Chungking, Sept. 3.

With the arrival of the British Ambassador, Sir Archibald Kerr, early this week, there is much speculation among Chinese circles concerning the mission of the British envoy and the future of Sino-British relations.

The usual crop of rumours connecting the Ambassador's trip with peace overtures is categorically denied in Chinese official circles, who point out that the Ambassador's return to Chungking is merely a routine visit.

When Sir Archibald Kerr left for Shanghai in the summer, it was understood that, after the summer holiday was over, he would return to Chungking to resume his contacts with the Chinese Government. His trip here, therefore, is said to have no political significance.

Date Advanced

It is learned, however, that the Ambassador slightly advanced his date of departure from Shanghai for Chungking upon the request of the Chinese authorities, but the reason for this has not been disclosed.

Chinese circles are particularly anxious to see the return of the British Ambassador in view of their concern over the question of the reopening of the Burma Road after the expiration of the present Anglo-Japanese agreement in October. There is a very wide divergence of views among Chinese over the possibility of the reopening of the Burma Road. Some are confident that Britain will reopen the road as soon as the agreement expires, while others are equally sure that the road will not be reopened but that the present agreement will probably be further extended.

Those who see a possible reopening of the highway give the following reasons for their belief:

U.S. Now Active

1. The British concession to Japan was primarily due to United States unwillingness to support Britain in the Far East in the event of a rupture of relations with Japan. The recent American ban on scrap metals, aviation gasoline and petrol, the establishment of an American-Canadian joint defence board, and discussions for the acquisition of naval and air bases by the United States all tend to indicate closer co-operation between the United States and Britain and a stronger American policy towards Japan in the Far East.

2. The British agreement to close the Burma Road was due to a Japanese threat against French Indo-China. Following the collapse of France and also Indo-China's allegiance to the Vichy Government, the position of Indo-China in the light of Allied defence plans is now on an entirely different footing. Britain relies now more on China than Indo-China for the defence of Singapore and British interests in the Far East.

3. Britain is anxious to see a strong China which can absorb the main strength of Japanese forces in Chinese territory, thereby exhausting the resources and manpower of Japan, which would otherwise be in a position to give active support to Germany's operations against Britain.

4. Britain is eager to maintain close and friendly relations with Soviet Russia. Therefore, Britain's policy in the Far East cannot be contrary to Russian policy, which obviously desires a strong China and wants Japanese armed forces to be kept occupied in China.

Britain Now Stronger

5. Britain concluded the agreement at a time most critical in Britain's history, when an invasion of England was considered imminent. With the prospect of an immediate German invasion now more remote, Britain has a breathing spell to reconsider her position in other parts of the world. At the same time Britain is growing stronger daily, making it possible for her now to pay more attention to the Far Eastern situation.

6. Recent action by Britain, such as the evacuation of women and children from Hongkong, arrests of Japanese in different parts of the Empire, and refusal on the part of Hongkong to permit Japanese ships to enter the Colony in retaliation against Japanese detention of a British steamer at Canton, all show that Britain has abandoned her appeasement policy and is prepared to have a showdown with Japan if the latter insists on one.

7. There is a strong rumour that Britain may permit the entrance of petrol for the transportation of medical supplies into China via the Burma Road.

On the other hand, there are others who are more pessimistic, believing that Britain's appeasement policy is likely to continue so long as Britain is occupied in a life and death struggle in Europe and her force in the Far East is not strong enough to fight Japan.

In any event this much is said to be certain—there will certainly be very strong repercussions among Chinese circles against Britain if the closure of the Burma Road continues after the expiration of the present agreement. Whichever way Britain's decision may take, it is generally agreed here that the presence of the British Ambassador in Chungking at this period in Sino-British relations is of the greatest importance.—Reuter.

"America Must Not Appease Japan"

"New York Times" Stresses Advantage of Japan Being Tied Down in China

New York, Sept. 3.

After reviewing the arguments of those who say "we ought at once to come to terms" with Japan as we cannot afford to be place in a position of having a hostile power on either side of us, the "New York Times" in its chief leader today declared:

"It is plainly to the advantage of the American people to have Japan remain firmly tied down by her present deep involvement in China, rather than have her able to strike, either our own interests in the Pacific or the interests of the British, our natural Allies in this situation. We question whether appeasement of Japan by us would work any better than the appeasement of Germany would in Europe."

It went on to say that the first result of appeasement would be to increase Japan's striking power elsewhere, may be against the Netherlands East Indies, maybe Singapore," the only outpost of a Western power on the Asiatic coast that represents a real check to the aspirations of Japan.

"It would be ironic indeed if, because we fear Germany's gaining control of the Atlantic, we should appease Japan and make it easier for her to deal a blow to British seapower, which is our only present hope for preventing German control of the Atlantic," the "New York Times" concludes.—Reuter.

No Fun Winning Money, Says Prizewinner

Receiver of Y.10,000 Adds Better to Work for it

Tokyo, Sept. 3.

Winning Y.10,000 prize money failed to arouse any enthusiasm in Bunkichi Koizumi, 30 year old gardener, the "Asahi" reported today. When interviewed by newsmen in his modest home, Koizumi, who was wearing an undershirt and trousers with one leg torn and tabi (split toe socks) declared to the reporters, "There is no fun in getting money unless you work for it."

Mr. Koizuma was one of the twenty lucky winners who drew the first in the third drawing of the patriotic savings bond held yesterday.

He told interviewers that he had always intended to save Y.1,000 for the education of his three children. Koizuma declared that he would appropriate one thousand of the prize money to his educational fund.—Domei.

Free French Navy Men Decorated

Happy Co-operation with British Stressed

London, Sept. 3.

The first British decorations awarded to a French naval unit since the start of the war were yesterday presented by Vice-Admiral Sir Max Horton at a north-east Scottish port, where several hundred men of the Royal Navy, the free French Navy and the Dutch Royal Navy paraded.

The senior officer of the French unit received the D.S.O. (Distinguished Service Order), two junior officers the D.S.C. (Distinguished Service Cross), and four warrant officers the D.S.M. (Distinguished Service Medal), while five French ratings were specially mentioned in dispatches.

Addressing the French Navy men, Sir Max Horton spoke of the close and happy cooperation existing between the free French and British Navies, which he hoped to see greatly extended further.—Reuter.

Columbus Captain to Inspect New Camp

Interned Crew of German Liner Being Shifted

San Francisco, Sept. 3.

Captain William Daehne, Commander of the scuttled German liner Columbus, passed through here en route to Texas this week to inspect several camp sites for the internment of the members of his crew, it was learned here yesterday.

The Department of Justice plans to transfer the crew of the Columbus from the Angel Island immigration station, where they have been the United States Government's "guests" since last spring.—United Press.

Mr. Henry Wallace Opens Campaign

Bid Made for Negro Vote At Chicago Exposition

Chicago, Sept. 3.

The Democratic Vice-Presidential nominee, Mr. Henry A. Wallace, starting a 2,000-mile, two-week campaign "scouting trip" yesterday, made a bid for the Negro vote by addressing the American Negro Exposition here.

Opening a five-day tour of Illinois, Mr. Wallace said one of the most effective ways to fight Naziism and Fascism in America was to fight class, religious and race discrimination. The farmers faced hard years, in the south particularly, he declared.—United Press.

"N.C.D.N." Photo.

Wedding of Mr. J. W. Guthrie and Miss Barnett

The wedding took place yesterday afternoon in Holy Trinity Cathedral of Mr. J. W. Guthrie, of the Mercantile Bank of India, Ltd., and son of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Guthrie of Broomhill, Glasgow, and Miss Freda Barnett, niece of Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Fulstow of Shanghai. Mr. A. C. M. Cumming acted as best man. Mr. and Mrs. Guthrie will spend their honeymoon in New Zealand.

Parsees Celebrate Political New Year Tomorrow

Historical Background of Observance Given; Muddle After Emigration to India

TOMORROW the Parsees will celebrate the advent of their political new year, of one thousand three-hundred and ten of the era of Yezdezard, the last of the Persian monarchs of the Sassanian Dynasty. The celebrated Battle of Nehavend, fought in the year 630 A.D. between the Arab army sent by Caliph Omar, under the command of the famous general No'main ben Mokarren, and the Persians under the immediate command of King Yezdezard, sealed the doom of the Persian Empire. The Persian army sustained a disastrous and signal defeat, and was annihilated and was almost wiped out, and King Yezdezard, who fled to Seisten, and then to Merv, was assassinated by a Persian miller, who at first gave him shelter in his mill, but who could not resist the glittering glamour of gold and valuable jewels hidden on his monarch's person, and succumbed to the temptation to take possession of them. The modern Parsees count their era from the year of the fall of this, their last monarch, Yezdezard Sheheriar.

The subjugation of the whole of Persia was soon after achieved with amazing rapidity, and the Arab conquerors imposed upon the whole of the nation the religion of Islam. Those who were unwilling to bend their knees and accept the doctrine of the Koran were put to the sword if they were captured, and the rest escaped and took refuge in the mountains of Khorassan. The iron hand of the Arab dictators, nevertheless, soon reached them there and drove them out of their mountain fastness, and they were compelled to set sail for India, where they expected to receive the help and protection of the Hindus, with whom the ancient Persians had cultivated a close and cordial political, commercial, and even religious intercourse.

Brahmin Converted

Dr. Haug in his famous "Essays on the Parsees," says that not later than B.C. 1,000 the Great Brahmin divine Tohengreghatchah, who had gone to Persia to study the religion of Zoroaster under the guidance of the ancient Magis, went back to India to propagate the doctrines of Zoroaster amongst the Hindus. So, when after a few stormy passages through the Gulf of Ormuz, where thousands of fugitives perished owing to the storms that were raging at that time, a small band of about five hundred souls, men women and children reached the hospitable shores of India, and landed at a place called Sanjan, situated about one hundred and forty miles from the modern city of Bombay; the Hindu Prince Jadav Rana, who was at that time ruling the territory all round, extended to them his protection and granted them full permission to follow the faith of their forefathers.

He, moreover, allotted to them a large tract of land in his territory, where they established a colony of their own, and with his sanction and approval, built a shrine, and consecrated a fire dedicated to, and placed on the Altar of Ahuramazda, the Infinite Creator of this finite world. This fire has been still kept alive and burning for these last twelve centuries, and is now enshrined in a beautiful marble temple built by a wealthy Parsee family of Bombay, in the village of Udwada, near Bombay, and it is a place of pilgrimage to all the Parsees.

Memory Preserved

In grateful memory of the magnanimity of the broad-minded Hindu ruler, Prince Jadav Rana's name is invoked and adored in all Zoroastrian rituals, and as the modern Parsees are the descendants of this tiny band, whom he sheltered and protected, the name and hallowed memory of Jadav Rana will remain enshrined in their hearts as long as the race continues to exist.

According to the figures of the latest census there were 100,900 Parsees all over the earth. The Zoroastrian year consists of 365¼ days, divided into twelve months, each of thirty days, and at the end of 360 days, five additional or complimentary days called the "Gathas" are added, making in reality a year consisting of 365 days only.

In ancient Iran, it was customary to add one month at the end of every one hundred and twenty years in order to make up for the loss of a quarter of a day, or to be exact, five hours and fifty-four seconds, and thus bring their calendar in a line and in strict accordance with the calculation of the Solar year. This process of intercalation of one month at the end of every one hundred and twenty years was known in ancient Persia under the name of "Kabisa," or "Kabisseh."

Muddle in Calendar

It is said that those Persian Zoroastrians, who still remained in hiding in Persia after the loss of their Empire, either forgot, or through their ignorance neglected to intercalate one month at the proper time of the Kabisa, whilst those Zoroastrians who fled to India from the mountains of Khorassan had continued this intercalary month at the proper time due for Kabisa. The result of this unfortunate muddle is that the Persian Zoroastrians in Persia even now are one month ahead, in their calculations, of the Parsees in India, and whilst the Parsees will celebrate their 1,310th year of Yezdezard tomorrow, their brother coreligionists in Persia have already entered upon their new year of their era on August 6.

This mistake was found out late in the year 1720 A.D. when a learned Persian Zoroastrian priest escaped from Persia, and landed at Surat. The discovery of this discrepancy, however, created two sharp divisions amongst the Parsees of India, as some of them divided into two parties or schisms, one calling themselves "Kadimis" or ancients ,from the Persian derivative "Kuadim," meaning ancient or old. The other sect is styled the "Shahenshais," which means "Imperial," or those following the ancient usage of the Persian Empire. It goes without saying, that both the parties are in the wrong, for it is evident from the Avesta, or Zoroastrian Scriptures, that the ancient Iranians regulated and adjusted their calendar by observing the custom of Kabisa or intercalation, but the Parsees of India have on account of the precarious conditions under which they had to live for centuries, and in constant fear of religious persecution, failed to observe "Kabisa," or intercalation for nearly thirteen centuries, and virtually the present calendar does not admit of more than 365 days in their solar year, and is therefore out of reckoning.

Day Divided

Dr. West, in his "Sacred Books of the East" series, and Dr. Hope Moulton in his "Early Zoroastrianism" express a belief that Zoroastrian calendar was reformed and brought up to date by Darius Hystaspes in the year 500 B.C. Again, according to the Zoroastrian calendar the day of twenty-four hours duration is divided into five "Gahs" or sections. From early dawn to noon, it is "Howan Gah," from twelve to three o'clock it is "Rapithvan Gah," from three o'clock to sunset it is "Oujiran Gah," and from sunset to 12 a.m. it is "Aivisruthrem Gah," and from 12 a.m. to sunrise it is "Hooshen Gah." Certain rituals and ceremonies are enjoined to be performed in certain Gahs only.

Don Ameche, who once portrayed Alexander Graham Bell, inventor of the telephone, plays a scene in "Lillian Russell" in which he ridicules the telephone and the possibility of a person in New York communicating with another person in Washington.

Sir George Sansom to Leave for U.S.A.

Tokyo, Sept. 3.

Sir George Sansom, Commercial Counsellor of the British Embassy here, and widely-known authority on Japan, will leave sometime the middle of this month for New York where he will be visiting professor at Columbia University.

Sir George came to Japan in 1904 for the first time and since has spent 20 years in Japan, Manchuria and Korea. Most of his years in the Far East were spent in Japan.

This will be the second time that Sir George will take up teaching duties at Columbia as he was visiting professor at the institution during 1935-1936.—Domei.

WEDDINGS

Guthrie-Barnett

The wedding took place yesterday afternoon in Holy Trinity Cathedral of Mr. James William Guthrie, of the Mercantile Bank of India, Ltd., and son of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Guthrie of Broomhill, Glasgow, and Miss Freda Barnett, niece of Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Fulstow of Shanghai. Dean Trivett officiated.

The bride, who was given away by her uncle, Mr. W. T. Fulstow, wore a short-skirted dress of white crêpe romaine, the skirt made with a full panel, the three-quarter length sleeves caught in a knot at the elbow. The cowl neckline and waist were embroidered in mother of pearl and white beads. A bridal veil fell from a small white hat, and she carried a bouquet of white carnations and tuberoses. Mr. A. C. M. Cumming acted as best man.

Mrs. W. T. Fulstow, the bride's aunt, wore a dress of powder blue angel crêpe with full pleated effect at the back to the waistline, and full long sleeves. Her maroon velvet toque was trimmed with a veil and her accessories were in maroon.

After the ceremony a reception was held at 187 Great Western Road, the residence of the bride's uncle and aunt. The bride went away in an egg-shell blue sharkskin suit with large maroon hat and accessories. The honeymoon will be spent in New Zealand.

Butler-Walker

The wedding took place quietly at H.B.M. Consulate-General yesterday morning before Mr. L. H. Lamb, of Mr. Ernest Oswald Butler, of Messrs. Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd., and son of Mr. and Mrs. E. Butler of Shanghai, and Miss Barbara Walker, daughter of Captain and Mrs. Ellis Walker of Hongkong. After the ceremony a small tiffin for intimate friends was held at Cathay Mansions.

Second Generation Salesmen

Japanese in U.S. Asked To Push Japanese Goods

Osaka, Sept. 3.

The second generation of Japanese residents in the United States should be used widely in the future to push sales of Japanese goods among the middle and upper classes, the Co-operative Trade Agency decided at its inaugural meeting here.

The aim of the Agency is to increase sales abroad of high-quality Japanese goods, and particularly to find foreign markets for the luxury goods which will soon be altogether banned in Japan.

G. Kuroyagi, staff member of the Los Angeles branch of the Osaka Commercial Museum, will be appointed head organizer of the new sales organization in the United States.

Importance will now be given the sale of goods to better class people, rather than to the working class, as has hitherto been the case.—Havas.

Japan to Withhold Milk Export Licenses

Tokyo, Sept. 2.

With an eye up on the health of future generations, new restrictions on dairy products are expected to be imposed in the near future as the Japanese government has decided to reduce exports of dairy products so that babies throughout the country may get more milk.

It is understood here that the Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry plans to withhold export licenses on dairy products until fuller domestic distribution of milk is obtained for all infants. This measure will be enforced by adopting milk rationing with precedence given families and children, it is understood.—Domei.

Japan Youths to Form Imperial Way Group

Tokyo, Sept. 3.

The majority of Japan's patriotic youth associations will shortly be merged into a single organization to be known as the Young Men's League for Assistance in the Imperial Way.

Chairman of the new league's executive organ will be Taky Minami, fiery nationalist and former sub-lieutenant in the Navy who led the naval men involved in the May 15, 1932, incident in which Premier Inukai was assassinated.

The main objects of the league will be to overcome liberal and communist influences which may still remain in Japanese politics, economics, culture and other domains of national life.—Havas.

Reforming Japan's House of Peers

Some Opposition Comes From Nobility

Tokyo, Sept. 3.

The question of reforming the House of Peers to adapt it to the new political structure of Japan, is now coming rapidly to the foreground, the press reports. Premier Prince Fumimaro Konoye is declared to be deep in study of the problem.

Peers who obtained their seats by appointment are said to be most enthusiastic over the new structure idea. They favour immediate dissolution of all the party groups in the House, similar to the dissolution of political parties in the Lower House.

Members of the Japanese nobility, who hold seats in the House by rights of heredity, hold different views, however, it is reported. They believe the House of Peers still has a big reason for existence:—that of seeing to it that the House of Representatives "does not go too far."

The true problem, these quarters contend, is to revise rules of membership, and particularly those which govern the status of appointed members.—Havas.

Finance Post Said Offered Mr. Tsoong

Hongkong Report Names Him Successor to Mr. Kung

Hongkong, Sept. 3.

Mr. T. V. Soong, Chinese financial magnate, now staying in New York, was being asked by General Chiang Kai-shek to take the post of the President of the Executive Yuan and the concurrent post of the Finance Minister in succession to Dr. H. H. Kung, according to information reaching here from Chungking.

Mr. Soong was willing to accept the offer profiding that the authority of the Finance Minister which had been considerably limited following the establishment of the Ministry of Economic Warfare be restored to the former status and that an agreement on financial and economic policies be reached prior to his appointment, the same information disclosed.—Domei.

No Foreign Films In Seoul

Seoul, Korea, Sept. 3.

Falling in line with the general policy of the Korean Government, the motion picture exhibitors' association of Seoul has decided to suspend the screening of foreign motion picture films in a movement to conserve foreign exchange.

The ban, it is pointed out, is voluntary, and will become effective on November 1. It will be applicable to all imported motion picture films regardless of whether they are of an educational or entertainment nature.—Domei.

BABY'S CRY IS NOT ALWAYS TEMPER

Distinguish between your baby's cry of pain and cry of temper.

When it is the pain cry it is probably the result of upset stomach, 'wind', colic, indigestion. To correct this and restore the child's comfort and well-being all that is usually necessary is a dose of Baby's Own Tablets.

"Night after night, as soon as we would get settled in bed, baby would start crying . . . Baby's Own Tablets changed all this. What a blessed relief", writes Mrs. A. Baker Jnr. of Winona, Ont. Canada.

Baby's Own Tablets contain no opiates or other harmful drugs; they are absolutely pure and safe for the youngest infant as for older children. They correct indigestion, 'wind', upset stomach, colic; check diarrhoea, expel worms, allay feverishness, break up colds. They are helpful, too, when teething is troublesome. Chemists everywhere sell Baby's Own Tablets.

Suwa Maru to Sail For Belfast

London, Sept. 3.

The N.Y.K. liner Suwa Maru will shortly sail from England for Belfast, northern Ireland, with a number of Japanese evacuees on board, although the German guarantee of her safety during her voyage to Belfast had not yet been announced. The Japanese vessel will wait at Belfast for further instructions from Tokyo.—Domei.

Kobayashi's Mission to Bring Prosperity

Japan to Assume Lead in Mutual Prosperity Chain

Tokyo, Sept. 3.

Declaring that his mission was "to bring prosperity to the nation," Mr. Ichizo Kobayashi, special Japanese envoy to the Netherlands East Indies and Minister of Commerce and Industry, sailed for Batavia yesterday.

In an interview, Mr. Kobayashi said the only course he could follow was to carry on negotiations "rapidly and resolutely in accordance with national policies." He intended to "bring to realization the task imposed upon Japan, which is to assume leadership in a chain of mutual prosperity in East Asia," the Minister added.—Reuter.

Kawada Wields Economy Axe in Japan

5.6 Reduction Effected In Expenditures

Tokyo, Sept. 3.

Energetically wielding the economy axe, the Finance Minister; Mr. Isao Kawada has carried out a 5.6 per cent. reduction of the net budgeted expenditures for the current fiscal year, except for extraordinary military expenditures, it was officially revealed yesterday.

The Finance Minister, it was revealed, will seek approval of the drastic cut at today's regular cabinet meeting.

The actual saving, it was estimated, will amount to Y.638,000,000 representing 5.6 per cent. of the Y.11,380,000,000 which constitutes the net budget expenditure for the current fiscal year minus the cost of the operations in China.

Savings in the working budget of the 1939-1940 fiscal year amounted to 2.5 per cent. Mr. Kawada, it was disclosed, carried out the drastic cut by effecting a reduction of personnel, the paring of expenditures of various ministries and cutting government subsidies totalling approximately Y.500,000,000. Additional savings were effected by a reduction of interest charges on bonds.

Mr. Kawada's recommendations for drastic cuts in the working budget for the 1940-1941 fiscal year were fully approved by the Cabinet today.—Domei.

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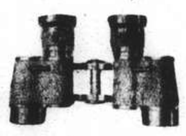

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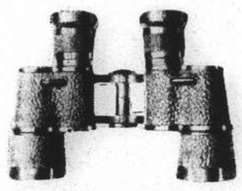

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FROM DAY TO DAY

THE All-England Lawn Tennis Club at Wimbledon has offered its car parks to the Surrey War Agricultural Committee for ploughing.

MEMBERS of the St. David's Society yesterday entertained Major J. S. Eynon, in command of the Army Pay Office in Shanghai, to luncheon.

A HUGE hulk, built in the Kiangnan Dock for the T.K.K., was yesterday towed down river. It appeared to be destined for a Yangtze port.

THE Toa K.K. Nagasaki express service liner ss. Nagasaki Maru is due to sail at 9 a.m. today. The steamer is berthed at the T.K.K. Wayside Wharf.

B. W. A. executive meetings will take place this year on the second and fourth Thursdays at 9.30 a.m. The first meeting will be on September 12.

A QUINCY (Mass). company is exhibiting "the first bomb-proof shelter made in America," and announces that it will shortly start mass production.

MR. and Mrs. P. Yannoulatos have returned to Shanghai after a two-year leave, combining pleasure and business, in Europe. They are staying at the Cathay Hotel.

CAPTAIN R. G. W. Melsome of the Northamptonshire Regiment (son-in-law of Mr. and Mrs. D. W. Crawford) who was missing at Dunkirk, is reported to be a prisoner of war.

THE B. W. A. sports section tennis afternoon in aid of the War Work Fund, which was postponed on account of weather will take place on Friday, at the Cathedral Girls' School at 3 p.m.

THE ss. Tsingtao Maru of the D.K.K. Line will sail for Tsingtao and Dairen from the D.K.K. Whangpoo Wharf at 9 a.m. today. The steamer was due to sail yesterday, but was delayed by the typhoon.

THE caption on yesterday's sports page, showing a tub race, was inadvertently switched. It should have read, "Ladies tub race at the Rowing Club, won by Vera Dodd, nearest to the camera.

THE B. W. A. war work knitting section resumes activities today, and knitters are reminded that finished articles may be returned and wool taken every Wednesday and Saturday between 9.30 and 11.30 a.m.

SIR Esmond Ovey, British Ambassador to the Argentine, has submitted a scheme for the voluntary taxation of Britons in that country to the extent of from five to 20 per cent. of their gross incomes, less deduction for wives and children.

AT a north-eastern branch meeting of the Farmers' Union, an English farmer said he had suffered more from the rush of souvenir hunters who appeared after a bomb had fallen in an air raid than he did from the bomb. A crop of wheat was trampled down.

NORTHAMPTON Town Council has decided that any conscientious objector in its employ should have his service terminated, but, if he wished, should be re-engaged for the duration of the war at the pay of a serving soldier, plus a billeting allowance of not more than £1 a week.

WOMEN in one English village have formed themselves into an observer corps. Each morning at 3.30 they climb high points in the district and keep watch until 6 o'clock. A cyclist is ready to report anything suspicious to the police or the L.D.V. The women hope to receive official recognition.

THE B. W. A. needlecraft section are starting work again on September 9, and will meet at Mrs. Toeg's, 753 Yu Yuen Road, at 2 p.m. The Social Service Board also begins work again on same date and wishes to remind members and friends of the jumble sale on October 15. Parcels may be sent to the office at any time during office hours.

GENERAL Chiang Kai-shek personally inspected the various refugee centres in Chungking on Monday, a message to the "Shun Pao" states. He took great interest in the relief work being done for victims of Japanese air raids. The Generalissimo instructed the competent authorities to see that refugee children were educated during their stay in the camps, it is learned.

MR. C. C. Todd, writing from Canada to a friend here says—"Canada wants Britons in the ranks as long as they are under 45 and can pass the doctor. Whether or not they get commissions rests with their own efforts. In other words it would not seem easy to walk into a commission straight away. If I fail to get in at home I shall come back to Canada and enlist. Gather they do not enquire too deeply into the question of age. Anyway I am only 41 now and have seen dozens of men in uniform in the streets—all ranks—with last war ribbons up."

THE seventh monthly meeting of the Shanghai Public Health Club will be held in the ninth floor of the Y.M.C.A., 123 Blvd. de Montigny (Ph. 85316) on Thursday. Dinner will be served at 7.15 p.m. Speaker.—Dr. H. Yu, M.D., Subject.—"Blood banks." Transfusion of preserved blood is gradually gaining a place in the larger medical centres abroad, and "blood banks" are found in many places. The recent interest of our local colleagues on this subject will undoubtedly bring up many local problems for discussion. An interesting and instructive evening is indicated.

THE following were among the passengers who sailed in the ss. President Pierce on September 3: for Kobe—Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Williams, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Marshall, and Lieutenant J. S. Blais. For Yokohama—Mr. and Mrs. F. F. Booth, and Mrs. E. F. Walker. For San Francisco—Miss D. Gibbings, Mrs. W. A. Palmer and her two sons, Mrs. D. E. Collins, Mr. and Mrs. B. Alpern, Mrs. C. F. Fielding, Mrs. J. F. Dreith, Mrs. H. Dumstery, Mrs. J. H. Jacobson, Miss Esther E. Tappert, Miss Eleanor Carnahan, Lieutenant and Mrs. V. S. Robinson and daughter, Lt. Col. J. M. Arthur, Lt. Col. C. I. Murray, Mr. S. S. Church, N. F. Brewer, C. Lacy, D. Beatty, J. Davies, Jr. For Los Angeles—Mrs. L. K. Campbell.

SHIPPING NEWS

Due at Future Dates

All vessels are listed under their terminal port. The first date is that of the ship's departure from that port, and the second is the date she is due to arrive in Shanghai. Where a ship's name is duplicated it indicates the port of call last visited.

On account of the present international situation there is considerable interference with movements of ships, especially those from Europe. In cases where it is definitely known that the vessel is not running to schedule the Shanghai arrival date is omitted.

EUROPE AND STRAITS

From Bombay
Ginyo M — 8/9

AMERICA AND JAPAN

From New York
Besholt — 17/9
St. Voyager — 21/9
Sagoland — 22/9
P Polk 9/8 24/9
P G'field 29/8 14/10
Vasaholm — 20/10

From Havana
P G'field 2/9 14/10

From Los Angeles
P Polk 27/8 24/9
Nitta M 19/8 1/10

From San F'cisco
K'kawa M — 9/9

From Honolulu
Nitta M 28/8 1/10

From Seattle
Coldbrook — 13/9

From Manila
Brageland 28/8 5/9
P C'lidge 4/9 9/9

From Yokohama
Atago M — 5/9

From Kobe
Taiyo M 10/9 12/9

From Nagasaki
S'hai M 4/9 5/9

From Keelung
Tyosa M 7/9 9/9

CHINA PORTS

From Dairen
Dairen M 3/9 5/9

Vessels Sailing

NORTH CHINA COAST

JARDINES FREQUENT SAILINGS to NORTH CHINA PORTS. —For freight or passage please apply to Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd., 27 The Bund. Tel. 15290.

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J.-C.-J.L. 3 SAILINGS MONTHLY TO AMOY, HONGKONG MANILA AND NETHERLANDS EAST INDIES PORTS. For Freight and Passage please apply to Java-China-Japan Lijn Agentschap, Shanghai N.V., Brunner Mond Building, 133 Szechuen Road, Telephone 16247.

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KUNIKAWA MARU. Sept. 9, NEW YORK, BOSTON, PHILADELPHIA and BALTIMORE via SAN FRANCISCO and LOS ANGLES. For freight please apply to Showa Shipping Co., Ltd., 130 Hankow Road, Tel. Nos. 18650 and 16118. 9-9

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The undermentioned vessels are due to leave Shanghai on the dates indicated.

For Liverpool
Kasima M 21/9

For Bombay and Calcutta
Atago M 8/9
Onoe M 24/9

For New York
Nozima M 7/9
Kunikawa M 10/9
Peiping 13/9
Sakura M 21/9
Steel Voyager 22/9
Nankai M 23/9
P Polk 25/9

For Los Angeles
Brageland 6/9
Nozima M 7/9
Peiping 13/9
Asama M 2/10

For San Francisco
P Coolidge 10/9

For Manila
Peiping 13/9
Coldbrook 15/9
P Polk 25/9

For Hongkong
P Polk 25/9

For Kobe
Ginyo M 12/9
Taiyo M 15/9

For Nagasaki
Nagasaki M 4/9
Shanghai M 6/9

For Dairen
Hoten M 4/9
Dairen M 7/9
Tsingtao M 10/9
Hoten M 12/9
Dairen M 15/9

Yesterday's Arrivals

Name	From	Consignees
Anwoo	Hsinkong	Dah Hsing
Chekiang M.	Tsungming	T.K.K.
Hukuken M.	Keelung	T.K.K.
Nagasaki M.	Japan	T.K.K.
Hoten M.	Dairen	D.K.K.
Tsingtao M.	Dairen	D.K.K.

Yesterday's Departures

Name	Flag	Despatcher
Tawha	Jap.	Quen Kee
Antai	Jap.	Dah Hsing
Talien	Jap.	Wan Woo
Whakou	Jap.	Ta Yah
Taiko M. 18	Jap.	T.K.K.
Mohlenhof	Ger.	Carlowitz
Taiyo M.	Jap.	T.K.K.
Mopelia	Ital.	Ta Sin
Nantung M.	Jap.	T.K.K.
Hakka M.	Jap.	D.K.K.
Chingning M.	Jap.	T.K.K.
Pres. Pierce	Am.	A.P.L.
Kondor	Ger.	Reuter B.
U.S.S. Luzon	Am.	—
Myoho M.	Jap.	T.K.K.
I'nis Fafalios	Gre.	Veritos Co.

Men-of-War in Port

Name	Flag	Type	Berthed
Oahu	Am.	Gbt.	10-11 Junk B.
D. de Lagree	Fr.	Gbt.	K.S.D.
Fran. Garnier	Fr.	Gbt.	F.N.B.
E. Carlotto	Itl.	Gbt.	1-2 B
Lepanto	Itl.	Gbt.	1-2 B

Going Home?

Remember to advise us of your home address to substitute the *North-China Herald* for the *North-China Daily News*. Including postage $28 per quarter to any address in Europe or America. Telephone 11055 (Circulation).

A SET of regulations by which Chinese banks and their branches overseas will co-operate with the Bank of China in absorbing capital from overseas Chinese in order to stabilize China's foreign exchange position has been promulgated by the Ministry of Finance of the Chinese National Government, says the "Sin Wan Pao." Among other things, these banks with branches overseas will use the official exchange rate fixed by the Bank of China, the report says. All such banks will sell their foreign exchange to the Bank of China in exchange for Chinese national currency. The Bank of China will in turn hand the foreign exchange to the Central Bank of China to strengthen the country's currency reserves. Banks which fail to co-operate with the Bank of China in any one of the regulations will be ordered by the Ministry of Finance to cease operating immediately, the paper concludes.

TRAVEL AND SHIPPING

N.Y.K. LINE

Orient-California Line via Honolulu
†ASAMA MARU ..... Oct. 2
NITTA MARU ..... Oct. 14
TATUTA MARU ..... Oct. 24
YAWATA MARU ..... Nov. 7
†Sailing from Kobe

Orient-Seattle Line via Vancouver
From Kobe
HIE MARU ..... Sept. 23
HEIAN MARU ..... Oct. 16
HIKAWA MARU .... Oct. 28

Orient-New York Line via Los Angeles and Panama
NOZIMA MARU ..... Sept. 7
SAKURA MARU ..... Sept. 21

Japan-Australia Line via Hongkong and Manila
From Nagasaki
ATUTA MARU ..... Sept. 23

European Mail Line
For Liverpool via Straits, Colombo, Bombay, Durban, Cape Town and Lisbon.
KASIMA MARU ..... Sept. 21

Japan-Bombay Line Singapore, Colombo, Bombay, Kundla and Karachi
ATAGO MARU ..... Sept. 8
ONOE MARU ..... Sept. 24

Orient-South America Line West coast ports via San Francisco from Kobe
HEIYO MARU ..... Sept. 27

Shanghai—Kobe Yokohama Line
GINYO MARU ..... Sept. 12
ANYO MARU ..... Oct. 1

81 The Bund **NIPPON YUSEN KAISYA** Telephone 12042
General Passenger Agents, Cunard-White Star Line

BLUE FUNNEL LINE

Two conveniently-placed sailings each month to UNITED KINGDOM PORTS

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Regular service to AUSTRALIA from HONGKONG

C. N. CO., LTD.
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Frequent and regular sailings by modern and comfortable passenger and cargo liners serving:
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Information relating to sailing, ports of call, freight and passage rates will be gladly given on request to intending passengers and shippers

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE
21-23 French Bund *Agents* Telephone 82020

DE LA RAMA LINE

NEW YORK
VIA HONGKONG MANILA LOS ANGELES AND PANAMA CANAL

ms. Peiping sails Sept. 13
Following Sailing about Sept. 20
ms. Dona Aurora sails Oct. 7
ms. Dona Nati sails Oct. 21

ALL VESSELS HAVE DEEP TANKS FOR OIL IN BULK

For freight and passage apply to:

DE LA RAMA STEAMSHIP AGENCIES
51 Canton Road *General Agents* Telephone 15044

O.S.K.

FOR NEW YORK
Via Panama Canal
MS. NANKAI MARU
Sailing Shanghai September 11

For freight apply to:

ŌSAKA SYŌSEN KAISYA
20 Canton Road Telephone 15323-15324

TŌA K. K.

Nagasaki Express Service

	Arrival	Departure (summer time)
NAGASAKI MARU Sept. 3	(Wayside Wharf)	Sept. 4 at 9 a.m. (Wayside Wharf)
SHANGHAI MARU Sept. 5		Sept. 6 at 9 a.m.
NAGASAKI MARU Sept. 8		Sept. 9 at 9 a.m.
SHANGHAI MARU Sept. 10		Sept. 11 at 9 a.m.

Kobe Express Sevice

TAIYO MARU	Sept. 12 ..... (Wayside Wharf)	Sept. 13 at 6 a.m. (Wayside Wharf)

(Passengers are cordially requested to go on board between 7 p.m. and 11 p.m. of the 14th.)

For passage apply to the ticket office of Toa Kaiun Kaisya at Astor House Hotel, Telephones 42350, 44064

TOA KAIUN KAISYA
6 The Bund Telephone 19600

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Go Empress AND ENJOY SCENIC CANADA

Record-breaking trans-Pacific speed. Then the trip of trips, across Canada in *air-conditioned* trains. See Banff, Lake Louise, Great Lakes, Niagara Falls, Montreal, Quebec. Convenient connecting train service to United States points. If Europe-bound connect direct with Canadian Pacific Trans-Atlantic liners. One management all the way!

TO PACIFIC COAST—
Second week in September — First week in November
First week in October — First week in December

TO HONGKONG AND MANILA—
Fourth week in September — Third week in October

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WORLD'S GREATEST TRAVEL SYSTEM
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Sailings to and from
UNITED KINGDOM

For details of freight and passage apply to:

JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LTD.
Agents
27 The Bund Telephone 15290

D. K. K.
For Passage and Freight apply to
DAIREN KISEN KAISHA
110 Szechuen Road Telephone 19646

SHANGHAI-TSINGTAO-DAIREN LINE

	Arrival (Whangpoo Wharf)	Departure (Daylight Saving Time)
ss. TSINGTAO MARU	Sept. 3	Sept. 4 at 9 a.m.
ss. HOTEN MARU	Sept. 3	Sept. 5 at 9 a.m.
ss. DAIREN MARU	Sept. 5	Sept. 7 at 9 a.m.
ss. TSINGTAO MARU	Sept. 8	Sept. 10 at 9 a.m.
ss. HOTEN MARU	Sept. 10	Sept. 12 at 9 a.m.
ss. DAIREN MARU	Sept. 13	Sept. 15 at 9 a.m.

DAIREN-TIENTSIN LINE (Sailing from Dairen)

	Departure.
ss. MANZYU MARU	Sept. 8 at 2 p.m.
ss. CHOHEI MARU	Sept. 10 at 4 p.m.

SHANGHAI-TSINGTAO-TIENTSIN-DAIREN-LINE (Freight only)

ss. KOGA MARU	Sept. 6
ss. HAKKA MARU	Sept. 21

YAMASHITA LINE

Regular Freight Service
ss. "YAMAURA MARU"
Sailing about Sept. 13
New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore via Philippine, Japan, Los Angeles and Panama Canal

KOBE SAILINGS

Orient-Seattle Line
Kuwayama Maru .... Sept. 14
Tosei Maru ..... Sept. 27

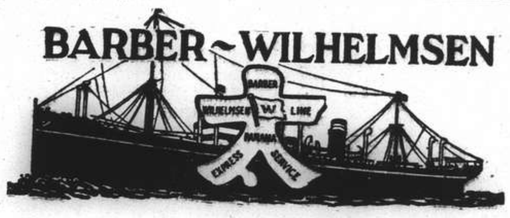
Japan—New Zealand Line
Maniwa Maru ..... Oct. 31

Japan-Australia Line
Montreal Maru .... Sept. 10
Kogyo Maru ..... Oct. 10

Japan—Persian Gulf Line
Kohuku Maru ..... Sept. 20

For freight please apply to:
YAMASHITA KISEN KAISHA
30 Foochow Road Telephones 17003, 17138

BARBER-WILHELMSEN



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To New York and Boston via Los Angeles and Panama Canal
Next Sailing about September 23

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TRAVEL AND SHIPPING

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TRANS-PACIFIC: Fortnightly service via Japan and Honolulu to San Francisco and Los Angeles.
PRES. COOLIDGE ..... Sept. 10
PRES. TAFT ..... Sept. 20
PRES. CLEVELAND ..... Oct. 5
PRES. PIERCE ..... Oct. 28

TO HONGKONG AND MANILA
PRES. POLK ..... Sept. 25
PRES. GARFIELD ..... Oct. 15
PRES. COOLIDGE ..... Oct. 23

ROUND-THE-WORLD: New York and Boston via Hongkong, Manila, Singapore, Penang, Colombo, Bombay, Capetown and Trinidad.
PRES. POLK ..... Sept. 25
PRES. GARFIELD ..... Oct. 15

Monthly sailings thereafter.

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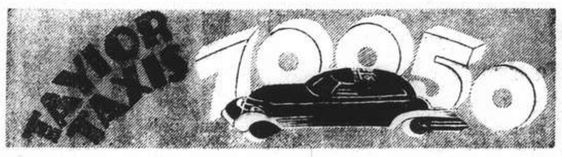
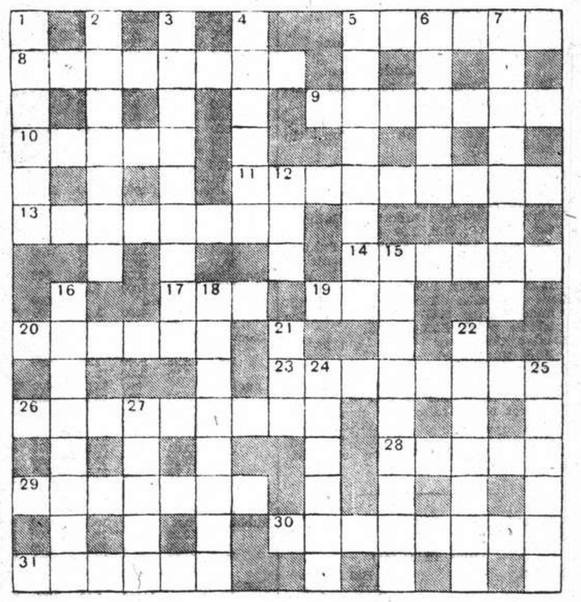


CROSSWORD PUZZLE No. 286

(By Arrangement with the "Daily Telegraph.")



ACROSS

5 An offer of this might be one of two "ponies," but it wouldn't be solid (6)
8 Evil advice, but would be far worse if upset (3)
9 No pleasant matter of choice (7)
10 Suitable haunt for a hobgoblin? (5)
11 It is apparently entirely woodland to be beforehand (9)
13 This fastener suggests a blow from an unarmed man (8)
14 These mistakes are made some time about an animal (6)
17 Part of the Kentish coast you must know (3)
19 Part of 11 across of some value (3)
20 Hark! But referring to a Roman numeral it is a wrong statement (6)
23 In this sport there is nothing in bad language (8)
26 The song of the lark perhaps (two words—4, 5)
28 Fabulous creature (5)
29 Loyal enough to check some onrush (7)
30 One would not have expected to have a virtuous wife run away with an author (8)
31 "Carted" (anag.) (6)

DOWN

1 Aloof (or piscine?) (6)
2 After a vessel and makes a villain (7)
3 Tea-table delicacy (two words—5, 4)
4 Charges (6)
5 He does not hurry on his way (8)
6 What you want to find in some grotesque statue (5)
7 Sacrifice (8)
12 Part of 1 down (3)
15 Checked what baggy trousers should be (9)
16 A parson I in church (8)
18 Certainly not voluntary (8)
21 After 12 down makes room for work (3)
22 Romance perhaps (7)
24 Bird that seems most likely to be killed for food (6)
25 Is this stone used to catch a fish? (6)
27 Word used once only in these clues (5)

Y'DAY'S SOLUTION.—**ACROSS**: 8, Air Warfare; 9, Wasp; 10, Chopsticks; 11, Ague; 12, Redirected; 17, Flint; 20, Gong; 21, Deed; 23, Noise; 24, Brown Bread; 30, Bath; 31, Impossible; 32, Iran; 33, Gramophone. **DOWN**: 1, Piths; 2, Swapping; 3, Crater; 4, Lanced; 5, Censor; 6, Maggot; 7, Spread; 13, Elgar; 14, India; 15, Eden; 16, Eyas; 18, Liar; 19, Town; 22, Dogfight; 24, Bobbin; 25, Outlaw; 26, Bridge; 27, Espial; 28, Despot; 29, Blunt.

COMMERCE AND FINANCE

Money and Exchange

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANK

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 3, 1940

BANK'S SELLING RATES 10 A.M.

£1 @ 3 1/2d.	$ 68.57
U.S. $100 @ 5 5/8	$1,927.71
Francs —	$100
Guilders 95 5/8	$100
Rupees 19 3/8	100
Pesos 10 3/8	100
Hongkong 23 1/4	100

BANK'S BUYING RATES 10 A.M.

£1 @ 3 1/2d.	$ 66.78
U.S. $100 @ 5 5/8	$1,882.00
London—demand, $1=	3 1/2d.
4 months' sight credits	3 11/16d.
4 months' sight docts	3 13/16d.
6 months' sight credits	3 13/16d.
6 months' sight docts	3 3/4d.
New York—demand, $100=	U.S.$5 7/8
4 months' sight credits	U.S.$5 7/8
4 months' sight docts	U.S.$5 3/8

INTERBANK CLOSING SELLING RATES

Sterling 3 13/32d. U.S.	$5 7/8
Hongkong/London	1/2 31/32

WAR DISCOUNT

Wei Wah $1,035.00 ..... C.N.$1,000.00

NETHERLANDS TRADING SOCIETY

Java Guilders	Buying —
Java Guilders	Selling 99 3/4

AMERICAN EXPRESS CO., INC.

Buying	U.S.$100=$1,860.465 £1=$66.206
Selling	U.S.$100=$1,927.710 £1=$68.571

HUA HSING COMMERCIAL BANK

Sterling Selling Rate @ 6d	per H.H.$ 1
" Buying " @ 6 1/32	" H.H.$ 1
U.S.$ Selling " @ 5 13/16	" H.H.$100
" Buying " @ 9 1/16	" H.H.$100
Local $ (Fapi) selling @ 168	per H.H.$100
..... buying @ 173	" H.H.$100

CUSTOMS OFFICIAL RATES FOR DUTY PAYMENTS

Gold Unit 1.00—Hua Hsing	$2.795
Gold Unit 1.00—Local Dollar	$4.837

Local Exchange Report

Messrs. Drakeford, Davis & Wilson

INTER BANK CASH DELIVERY

£ Highest	3 3/4	Lowest	3 11/16
U.S. G.$	5 3/32		5 1/4

MERCHANT CLOSING RATES

SELLING		BUYING	
September		September	
£ T.T.	3 1/2	4 m/s. l.c.	3 5/8
G.$ T.T.	5 5/8	4 m/s. l.c.	5 7/8
Rs. T.T.	19 1/2	15 d/s.	20

*—Hongkong Bank only.

BAR SILVER

	READY	FOR'D
London pence per std. oz.	23 7/16	23 5/16

U.S. $/£ CROSS RATE CASH QUOTATIONS

N.Y. closing rate for Sept. 2	Closed
Local Sellers of U.S.$ against £ at the close	3.56
Local Buyers of U.S.$ against £ at the close	3.58

The exchange market was quiet and rather easy, with fair merchant demand for U.S. dollars and some speculative demand for forward dollars brought out by the small forward differences. On the day's working, sterling declined 1/32d. and U.S. dollars 1/16. At the close the market was quiet with sellers at:—

3 3/32	sterling	5 7/32	U.S.$ Cash
3 3/32	"	5 3/32	" Sept.
3 1/2	"	5 5/16	" Oct

Foreign Exchanges

Closing, Sept. 2.

Bombay Rupee T. T. on:			
Japan	81 1/8	London	1/5 31/32
New York	333	2 mths	
Shanghai	22 1/4	" sellers	1/5 31/32
Hongkong	84 1/4	" buyers	1/6 1/32
		Japan 2 mths	
		" sellers	83 3/4
		" buyers	76 1/2
London £ Sterling T. T. on:			
New York	402.50	Hongkong	1/3
Madrid	37.70	Singapore	2/4 7/8
Berne	17.65	Yokohama	1/2 1/2
Bel. C'go	176 1/2*	" buying	1/2
Shanghai	3 1/8d.	Bangkok	2/1 5/8
Bombay	1/6 3/32		
London			4.03 1/4
Buenos Aires Paper,			29.78
" " " market rate			22.70
Montreal on London			4.50 7/8

N—Nom. *—Official. †—Quoted.—Reuter.

Foreign Money Rates

London:	Sept. 2.	
Fine Bank Bills,	3 months	1 1/4%
Bank Bills,	6 months	1 1/4%
Fine Trade Bills,	3 months	2 3/4%
Fine Trade Bills,	6 months	3 1/4%
Call money		0 1/4%

New York closed.—Reuter.

British Commodities

Monday's Closing Quotations

London, Sept. 2.

In the absence of consumer demand both here and in America, customary smelter sales slightly depressed prices in the London tin market today.

London Rubber: Spot, buyers 12 1/8 —1/16; sellers 12 3/16 —1/16; October delivery, buyers 12 1/16; sellers 12 1/4;

Liverpool Cotton: American Futures: Oct. 7.76 +8; Jan. 7.39 +11; Mar. 7.17 +8; May 7.03 +5; Egyptian Futures (Giza, F.G.F. No. 7) No. 2 contract: Nov.12.51 +31; Jan. 11.72 +13; Mar. 11.32 +4; May 10.96 unch.

London Metals: Tin, Standard, cash, middle price £257 5/8 —1/8; 3 mths middle price £256 3/8 —1/4;

London Gold: Bar Gold, Fine per oz 168/- unchanged.

London Silver: The market ruled quietly steady. Business done was small. After the official fixing the market remained quietly steady.

Spot	23 7/16d.	+1/16d.
Forward	23 5/16d.	+1/16d.

All markets in America remained closed.—Reuter.

Manila Gold Shares

(Bids in Pesos)

Sept. 3.	Bid Prices a.m. Closing	p.m. Closing
Atoks	.155	.155
Baguio Gold	.145 S	.145 S
Benguet Consolidated	4.30 *	—
Big Wedge	.17	.175
Consolidated Mines	.0021	.0021
East Mindanao	.065	.0675
I. X. L.	.23	.23
Itogen	.175 S	—
Masbate Consolidated	.065	.065 S
Paracale Gumaus	.135	.15
Surigao Consolidated	.165 S	.165 S
Suyoc	.09 S	.0925 S
Mindanao Motherlode	.065 S	.065 S

Turnover for the Morning: 14,400 Pesos.

Shares Index: (Morning Session) 50.27.

*—Over counter. S—Sales.—Reuter.

Silver Quotations

London, Sept. 3.

Steady conditions prevailed in the London silver market today, with quotations showing some appreciation compared with yesterday.

	Sept. 2	Sept. 3
London spot	23 7/16d.	23 1/2d.
" forward	23 5/16d.	23 7/16d.
" gold	168/-	168/-

—Reuter.

Shanghai Stocks

Yesterday's Business

The market yesterday was extremely uncertain, with prices fluctuating rapidly in both directions, but it was encouraging again to note the underlying strength, since, whenever prices were forced too low by profit taking or short selling, there seemed to be always new buyers. At the close industrials showed a much weaker tendency compared to the day's best prices, but this may have been in sympathy with rubbers which, throughout the day, were very uncertain, closing on a definitely easy tone. As regards the Rubber market, conflicting rumours and denials were the order of the day, the market, opening very weak, firmed up on denials of new regulations in Java and the F.M.S., but nevertheless sellers persisted, with fairly good support evident for any bargains.

Official Averages

High	Low		Today's Average	Change
456.55	105.32	General	280.11	+4.75
485.40	95.55	Rubbers	299.19	—1.41

Total 946,237 shares, 533 bonds.

Morning Session

I. I. Trust		3000	21.00	1500	21.25
	500 *21.25	1500	21.50	1000	21.75
	1500 22.00	1500	22.50	500	22.25
	500 *22.50	2000	22.25	500	*22.50
	1000 22.00	500	21.75	500	*22.00
	1000 22.25	500	22.50	500	22.75
	500 *22.50	1000	23.00	500	22.75
	2000 *22.75	1500	22.50	3500	22.25
	500 *22.00	1000	22.00		
S'hai Loan		1500	25.00	1000	24.75
	500 25.50	500	*25.75	1000	25.75
	1500 26.25	3500	26.50	1500	26.25
	1000 27.00	3000	26.00	500	26.25
	1000 26.50	1000	26.75	500	*27.00
	500 27.00	500	*26.50		
Yangtsze Finance		500	13.20	500	*13.50
	500 13.60	3000	13.80	1500	13.70
	500 *13.90	1500	*14.00	3000	13.90
	1000 14.00	2500	13.80	4500	13.60
	500 13.70	1000	13.50	1000	13.60
	1500 13.80	500	*13.70	1000	13.90
	2000 13.80	1000	13.70	1000	*13.80
	2000 13.70	1500	13.60		
S'hai Securities		2000	*5.80	2000	5.70
	1000 5.75	1000	5.80	1500	5.75
	8500 5.80	3500	*5.85	2000	5.90
	5500 5.85	500	*5.90	2000	5.80
	7500 5.85	500	*5.85	1000	5.90
	3000 5.85				
Int. Assurance				500	12.50
China Realty		2000	8.60	1500	8.65
	1500 8.70	500	8.65		
S'hai Land		2500	*11.40	4500	12.00
	500 *12.00	500	11.80	1000	12.20
	500 12.30	1000	*12.40	500	12.40
	1500 12.50	4000	12.60	3500	*12.70
	1000 12.70	1500	*12.60	3500	12.50
	500 *12.60	500	*12.40	500	12.50
	1000 *12.50	1000	12.20	500	*12.20
	2000 12.30	2500	12.40	2000	*12.50
	1000 *12.50	1500	12.40	500	12.30
Central Prop.		100	16.00	200	16.50
Dockyards		500	34.25	500	*34.25
	700 34.50	300	*34.50	200	*34.75
	200 34.50	400	*34.75	500	*34.50
	1300 34.75	100	34.50	100	*35.00
	500 35.25	300	35.50	200	*35.50
	1900 35.75	4900	36.00	1000	*36.00
	3200 36.25	200	*36.50	300	36.00
	1200 36.50	200	*36.50	100	*36.00
	2400 36.00	400	35.75	1700	35.50
	700 35.25	400	*35.50	1600	35.75
	200 *35.75	2900	36.00	100	*36.00
	2300 36.25	100	*36.50	1400	36.25
	200 *36.25	2900	36.00	1300	35.75
	200 *35.75				
Wheelock		100	77.00	600	77.50
	1100 78.00	200	*77.50	200	78.50
	100 79.00	1200	79.50	3600	80.00
	600 80.50	200	*80.00	1300	79.00
	200 79.50	600	78.50	100	78.00
	2700 79.00	100	*78.50	200	*79.00
	700 *79.50	1700	79.50	2400	80.00
	300 *80.00	100	*79.50	900	79.00
	400 78.50				
C. G. Omnibus		100	21.50	100	22.00
	100 22.25	800	22.75	400	22.50
	200 *22.75	500	23.00	400	22.00
	1500 22.25	1800	22.50		
S'hai Gas		900	17.70	400	17.80
	100 17.90	200	18.00	100	17.90
	100 18.10	300	18.20	100	18.30
	100 18.40	200	18.50	200	18.70
	700 19.00	1000	19.10	200	*19.20
	100 *19.10	400	19.10	700	18.8
	500 18.90	700	19.00	1600	19.20
	400 19.10	100	19.00	300	19.00
Telephone		600	41.25	100	41.00
	500 41.50	600	41.75	1900	42.00
	100 *41.75	500	42.25	700	42.00
	200 41.75	600	41.50	200	*41.75
	100 41.75	100	41.50		
Tram (Bearer)		£1		100	47.25
	100 47.50				
China Finance		1000	1.24	3000	1.20
	500 1.20				
Metal		100	32.00	400	*32.00
	200 31.75	700	32.50	1500	33.00
	100 *33.00	1400	33.25	600	33.75
	300 *34.00	200	34.00	1400	33.50
	600 33.25	1000	33.00	300	32.75
	100 32.50	100	*32.50	2200	33.00
	1800 33.25	800	33.50	200	32.75
	200 32.50				
Kaiping		100	46.50	400	47.00
Exploration		500	23.00	1500	23.50
	1000 *23.50	2500	23.75	2500	24.00
	1000 24.25	8000	24.50	8000	24.75
	500 *24.00	3000	23.75	3000	23.50
	500 *23.50	5500	24.00	1500	24.25
	500 *24.25	500	*23.75	100	22.50
Lumber		500	48.50	1100	48.00
	900 47.75	1000	48.00	100	48.25
	200 *48.25	100	*48.00		
Power (Pref)		60	136.50	10	136.00
Two Mills (Ord)		100	39.00	800	39.25
	200 *39.25	100	*39.50	500	39.50
	400 39.75	400	40.00	400	40.25
	200 40.50	1500	41.00	100	41.25
	4600 41.75	700	*41.75	200	41.50
	5900 42.00	300	41.50	400	42.25
	100 *42.00	400	41.75	500	*41.75
	2800 41.50	600	41.25	800	41.00
	1600 41.75	200	*41.75	1300	*42.00
	4200 42.00	2000	41.75	100	*41.75
	200 41.50				
Anglo Dutch		2200	21.00	200	20.75
	500 *21.00	200	*20.75	100	21.25
	100 *20.75	200	21.00	400	21.25
	500 21.50	800	22.00	2200	22.25
	100 21.75				
Anglo Java		700	38.00	100	37.75
	800 37.00	1000	36.75	500	37.25
	600 37.75	600	37.50	1000	38.00
	2100 38.25	200	*38.25	200	38.50
	800 39.25	800	*39.50	1900	39.50
	3400 40.00	400	*40.00	500	39.75
	100 *39.25	500	39.25	100	39.50
	500 39.00				
Ayer Tawah				500	7.50
Batu Anam		1000	*1.60	1000	1.60
	1000 *1.58				
Chemor		4000	2.90	1000	2.95
	2000 3.00				
Cheng		7000	0.90	2000	0.94
	1000 0.95	3000	0.96	7000	0.96
	3000 0.99	2000	0.97		
Consolidated		3000	7.00	500	7.10
	1000 7.30	4000	7.10		
Java Consolidated				2000	3.75
Kota		4000	5.70	1000	*5.55
	2000 5.50				
Kroewoek		5000	2.70	1000	2.65
	1000 2.70	6000	2.75	2000	2.70
	2000 2.75	9000	2.80	2000	3.00
	1000 2.85	2000	2.80		
Langkat		800	30.00	400	*30.25
	2500 30.25	800	30.50	1300	30.75
	100 *30.75	100	30.50	5000	31.00
	200 *31.00	1500	30.75	400	31.25
	500 31.50	100	31.75	400	32.00
	1000 *32.50	2700	32.50	200	*32.25
	300 32.25	600	32.00	1800	31.75
	500 *31.75	100	31.50	400	31.75
Padang		1000	2.70	2000	2.80
Repah		1000	1.40	3000	1.34
	1000 *1.34				
Rubber Trust		3500	10.10	6000	10.00
	500 *10.20	500	10.10	1500	10.20
	500 10.30	1000	10.50	1500	10.70
	500 *10.80	2000	10.80	1000	10.60
	500 *10.50	2500	10.50		
Samagaga				2000	1.78
Senawang		11000	1.70	1000	*1.70
	2000 1.68	2000	1.72	4000	1.74
	2000 1.78	5000	1.76	18000	1.74
Kedah		2000	10.00	3000	10.30
Kelantan		5000	1.00	8000	1.02
	2000 *1.02	2000	1.04	1000	1.02
	3000 1.06	2000	1.04	3000	1.02
	4000 1.04				
Seremban				2000	2.40
Sua Manggis				3000	1.90
Sungei Duri				100	66.00
Tanah Merah		1000	3.55	2000	*3.60
	4000 3.70	2000	3.75	5000	3.80
	3000 3.85	2000	3.82½	1000	3.80
Tebong		4000	1.68	4000	1.72
	1600 *1.70	7000	1.70	1000	*1.68
	4000 1.74	11000	1.76	1000	1.74
	4000 *1.76	6000	1.80	16000	1.78
Ziangbe		500	25.50	200	*25.75
	800 25.75	100	25.50	300	26.00
	100 *26.00	300	27.00	100	27.25
	1000 27.50	100	27.75	100	*27.25
	100 27.25	700	27.00		
S. W. W. 5% Debs.				8000	77.00
S'hai Land 5% Debs.				2800	*76.00
Power 5½% Debs.				9000	91.00
	1000 91.25				
S. M. C. 6% Debs.				30000	*90.00

ODD LOTS

Telephone				70	40.75
Chemor				500	2.90
Exploration		100	24.00	100	23.75
S'hai Land		200	12.30	300	12.10
	200 12.30	100	12.30	100	12.50
	300 12.20				

Hongkong's Trade Shows Increase

Imports, Exports for July Totalled H.K.$119,000,000 1939 Was H.K.$96,300,000

Hongkong, Sept. 3.

Encouraging figures are given in the Colony's trade returns for July, which show that the combined values of imports and exports of merchandise as declared during the month totalled $119 millions (£7.4 millions) compared with $96.3 millions (£5.9 millions) for the same period last year.

In terms of local currency, the total visible trade of the Colony increased by 23.6 per cent. in July, 1940, as compared with July, 1939, and by 25.4 per cent. in terms of Sterling. Imports of merchandise in July, 1940, totalled $56.6 millions (£3.5 millions) compared with $50.6 millions (£3.1 millions) in July, 1939, and exports $62.4 millions (£3.9 millions) compared with $45.7 millions (£2.8 millions). Imports increased by 11.9 per cent. in terms of local currency and by 12.9 per cent. in terms of sterling. Exports of merchandise in July, 1940, increased by 36.5 per cent. (local currency) and by 39.3 per cent. (sterling).

Imports

During the first seven months of 1940, imports of merchandise totalled $476.2 millions (£29.4 millions), compared with $351.6 millions (£21.6 millions) in the corresponding period of last year. Exports totalled $389.2 millions (£24.1 millions) compared with $315.7 millions (£19.4 millions. Imports for this period increased by 35.4 per cent. in terms of local currency and by 36.1 per cent. in terms of sterling; experts increased by 23.3 per cent. and by 24.2 per cent.

Food Prices Increase

On the other side of the picture, a review of average compradore prices for ordinary foods shows dismaying increases. Foodstuffs, which are obtained from sources in or adjacent to the Colony have increased in price by over 50 per cent. in the past year and by over 25 per cent. since June.

The Sino-Japanese War has, of course, played a major role in bringing up the prices, for local wholesalers and retailers have been unable to acquire sufficient stocks for their needs in many cases, which in itself is a big contributory factor to the increase in prices. For instance, during July, 1939, imports of poultry totalled 356,158 head. This year, imports in the same month totalled only 50,296, not because the Colony did not want more, but because it could not get them.—Reuter.

Japan Forbids Illegal Deals by Steel Works

Tokyo, Sept. 3.

Iron and steel factories discovered making illegal transactions will in future have their supplies or ore either altogether cut out or else drastically decreased, according to a motion now before the Commerce and Industry Ministry.

These measures would be applicable in addition to the punishment that would be meted out by the courts of law. They would be imposed by Japan's leading iron and steel sales control agencies, which have decided that penalties provided at present are not strict enough.—Havas.

Yangtsze Finance				250	*13.50
China Realty	150	8.60		55	8.60
Dockyards				50	35.00
I. I. Trust				100	*22.50
Power (Pref)				6	136.25
Kota				500	5.45
S'hai Securities	250	5.75		250	5.75
Tanah Merah	225	3.80		500	3.80

Afternoon Session

I. I. Trust		2000	21.75	2000	*21.50
	500 22.00	1500	*21.75	2000	21.75
	500 21.50				
S'hai Loan		3000	26.25	500	*26.25
	1000 26.50	500	26.25	1500	26.00
Yangtsze Finance				2000	13.50
	500 *13.50	2000	13.60	1000	13.70
	500 *13.50	1500	13.50		
S'hai Securities		5000	5.80	1000	*5.80
	5000 5.75	500	5.70		
Int. Assurance		500	13.00	500	*13.00
China Realty		4000	8.65	500	8.70
	3000 8.75				
S'hai Land		500	12.40	2500	12.50
	6500 12.60	3500	12.70	500	*12.70
	3000 12.60	2000	12.50	500	*12.50
Central Prop.		100	16.50	100	16.70
Dockyards		200	35.50	700	35.75
	400 *36.00	3300	35.50	300	35.25
	2000 *35.50	400	*35.25	800	*35.25
	1200 35.25	3900	35.00	100	*35.25
	100 35.25	500	35.00		
Wheelock		1400	78.50	500	78.00
	100 *78.00	2800	78.50	200	*79.00
	400 *78.50	200	78.00	600	78.50
	800 77.50				
C. G. Omnibus		300	22.50	300	*22.50
	300 22.25	500	*22.00	400	22.00
	200 *22.25	200	22.25	700	22.00
S'hai Gas		1800	19.00	300	18.90
	100 *19.00	100	18.90		
Telephone		3600	41.75	900	41.50
Tram (Bearer)		£1		100	47.75
	100 48.00	100	48.25		
China Finance		1000	1.24	1000	1.26
	2000 1.28	2000	1.30		
Metal		1800	32.75	1000	33.00
	100 *32.75	400	*33.00	1100	32.75
	900 32.50	400	32.25	300	32.00
Kaiping				700	47.00
Exploration		2000	23.75	2000	24.00
	500 *24.00	1500	24.25	1000	*24.25
	4000 24.00	500	*24.00	2000	23.75
Lumber		600	48.00	200	47.75
	200 47.50				
Power (Pref)				10	136.50
Two Mills (Ord)		1400	41.75	3700	41.50
	600 41.25	4400	41.50	1600	41.25
	200 *41.25	2300	41.00		
Anglo Dutch		500	21.75	600	21.50
	300 21.25	600	21.50		
Anglo Java		100	*38.75	100	38.50
	100 39.00	300	39.75	800	38.50
	400 *38.75				
Chemor		1000	2.90	2000	2.87½
	1000 2.85				
Cheng		5000	0.96	3000	*0.96
	1000 0.97	5000	0.96		
Consolidated		500	7.00	2000	6.90
Java Consolidated				10000	3.80
	1000 *3.80	1000	3.70		
Kota				2000	5.40
Kroewoek		100b	*2.80	1000	*2.75
	1000 2.75	5000	2.70		
Langkat		200	*31.50	400	31.50
	400 *30.75	1200	30.75	1200	31.00
	200 *31.00	1100	31.25	700	31.00
	500 *30.75	700	30.75	100	*30.50
	100 30.75	100	30.50	200	30.75
Repah				2000	1.36
Rubber Trust		500	10.40	1000	*10.50
	3500 10.50	500	10.40	500	10.30
	500 10.20				
Senawang		1000	1.76	5000	*1.72
	5000 *1.70	7000	1.72	12000	1.70
Kedah				3500	10.30
Kelantan		1000	*1.02	3000	1.02
	3000 1.00				
Pahang				1000	*5.00
Seremban				1000	2.40
Sumatra				200	30.50
Tanah Merah		3000	3.82½	2000	3.80
	1000 3.70				
Tebong		4000	1.74	1000	1.72
	16000 1.74	2000	1.72		
Ziangbe		100	26.50	1300	26.25
	400 26.00	200	*26.00		
S. M. C. 6% Debs.				2000	90.50

ODD LOTS

Power 5½% Debs.				500	91.25
Yangtsze Finance		100	13.80	100	13.80
S'hai Land		100	12.40	300	12.80
	300 *12.40				
Sungala				70	6.95
Ewo Mills (Pref)				5	160.00
Consolidated				120	6.75
Exploration				100	23.75
Bute				150	7.05

*—Direct Business.

Lancashire Cotton Trade Production

The War and Changes In Supplies and Prices

War-time conditions increase the number of factors in an industry's position which the industry itself cannot control, and the cotton industry, with its world-wide connections, has probably been affected at least as much as any other British industry by Government regulations and restrictions at home and by the economic and political events abroad which have arisen out of the war states the "Manchester Guardian."

The cotton industry's functions in the national economy, moreover, are not the same in war as in peace, and the need for readjustments to changed circumstances has been responded to with greater elasticity and adaptability than many observers expected to find in Lancashire.

Big Changes

Big changes have taken place recently in production in Lancashire in adjustment to changes in the supplies and prices of different growths of cotton, to the varying incidence of demand on productive capacity, and to the need for expediting delivery of Government orders. The large and persistent demand for coarse American yarns has brought some substitution of coarse Egyptian for coarse American counts, the unusual parity between Giza 7 and Upper Egyptian cottons has led some producers to replace Giza 7 by Uppers, and other instances could be mentioned of a readiness to depart from traditional practice with the object of maintaining output. A tendency which has recently become apparent is for the replacement of coarse single yarns by finer counts doubled —a replacement which increases the cost of goods but which makes for economical use of existing productive capacity—and there is no doubt that give-and-take between producers and customers has resulted in mutual benefits.

Distribution Unsatisfactory

The present distribution of Lancashire's productive capacity in its various sections is the result of many factors operating over a long period of years and, though recent events have made that distribution unsatisfactory from many points of view, no radical change can be made now This consideration is important because of the two functions—each now with its own organization—which the industry has to perform. Close collaboration of the two functions is essential if both are to be performed to the best advantage, and requirements for the Government and for export must be adjusted to each other and to productive capacity.

Taxation of War Profits

In his speech from the chair at the annual meeting on June 28, of the Bleachers' Association, Ltd., Sir Alan Sykes had a good deal to say about the incidence of Excess Profits Tax on the cotton trade. So far as his own undertaking was concerned, he pointed out that the difference in the amount of the provision for taxation between last year and the year before represented almost a full year's dividend on the preference stock. Sir Alan related how the combine's business had been affected by the war. with a gradual decrease in export trade, a short-lived expansion in home trade, and a considerable amount of Government work. The rationing system would bring a further contraction in home trade, so that it was the more important, if machinery activity was to be maintained, so that there should be a revival of exports. If, as Sir Alan said, the decline in exports has been caused largely by the increased cost of British goods, there would appear to be good reasons for a reconsideration of Lancashire's export prices in the light of the fact that E.P.T. prevents the distribution of much of the profit that the industry could earn.

London Stocks

Monday's Closing Quotations

London, Sept. 2.

Conditions on the Stock Exchange today were generally steady, but trading was quiet. Local support was responsible for the good tone of gold minings, while British gilt-edged securities mostly advanced, despite the small volume of trading. Elsewhere, prices were mostly maintained.—Reuter.

	Aug. 30	Sept. 2
U.K. LOANS		
3½% War Loan, (Red.)	£101 5/16	101 7/16
3% Defence Loan	101	101
CHINESE LOANS		
4½% Gold Loan, 1898	30	30
4½% Anglo French Loan	35	35
5% Crisp Loan, 1912	12	12
5% Reorg. Loan, 1913	18	18
9% Stg. Notes, 1925	8	8
5% Honan Rly., 1905	9	9
5% Hukuang Rly., 1911	12	12
5% " " " (Ger. Is.)	11	11
5% Lung Tsing U. H. Rly.	8	8
5% S'hai-Nanking Rly.	12	12
5% T'sin-Pukow Rly. B.	8	8
5% " " G.	8	8
5% " " (Supl. Loan) B.	8	8
5% " " (Supl. Loan) G.	8	8
5% Canton Kowloon Rly.	7	7
5% Chinese Imp. Rly.	38	38
JAPANESE BONDS		
6% Sterling Loan, 1924	32	32
BANKS AND INSURANCE		
H. & S. Bank (Ldn. Reg.)	63½	64
" " (Col. Reg.)	68½	69
Mercantile Bank of India	11¼	11¼
National Bank of India	24½	24¼*
Un. Ins. Soc. of Canton	20	20
COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIALS		
Bristol Aeroplane	9/3	9/-
B'tish American Tobacco	76/10½	76/3*
Dunlop Rubber	28/7½	28/7
Imp. Chem. Industries	25/4½	25/4½
United Steel	17/1½	17/1½
Woolworths	56/6	56/6
MINES		
Chinese Eng. & Min.	16/-	15/-
Chosen Corp.	4/-	4/-
Marsman Investments	8/9	8/9
Pekin Syndicate	2/-	2/-
Sub-Nigel	155/-	155/-
Western Holdings	9/3	9/3
MISCELLANEOUS		
Great Western Rly.	27¾	27½
Gula Kalumpong Rubber	13/9	13/9
London, Midland & Scot.	11¾	11¾
S'

Roosevelt Warns Americans To Prepare For Sacrifices

Calls For National Unity in Facing Threat of German World Domination

Newfound Gap, Tenn., Sept. 3.

PRESIDENT Roosevelt warned the United States here yesterday to toughen and harden itself to defend its way of life against the menace of history's greatest attack on free men and called for "absolute national unity for total defence."

The President said that Americans had grown "soft" in many ways and urged that the entire nation rally as one man behind the Administration's giant national defence programme.

The President's appeal for total support of the national defence programme was made during the dedication of the Great Smoky Mountains National Park "to the free people of America." The President's address constituted his explanation of the nation's huge defence programme.

"We have grown soft in many ways," Mr. Roosevelt said. "If we want to survive, we cannot be soft in a world in which dangers are threatening Americans, dangers far more deadly than those the American frontiersmen had to face....

Enemy at Home

"There is, moreover, another enemy at home. That enemy is the mean, petty spirit which mocks at ideals and sneers at sacrifice and pretends that the American people can live by bread alone. If the spirit of God is not in us, we will not be prepared to give all that we have, and all that we are, to preserve Christian civilization in our own land. We shall go down to destruction.

"Our vital task of conservation is to preserve the freedom our forefathers won in this land, and the liberties which were proclaimed in our Constitution.

"But there is a second serious danger—danger from without. I hope, for example, that one hundred years from now the Great Smoky Mountains National Park will not be in the hands of some strange kind of government, a puppet régime subject to an overseas landlord.

"We know that in the process of preparing against this danger we shall not have to abandon, and we will not abandon, the great social improvements that have come to the American people in these later years. We need not exchange our gain of better living for the gain of better defence. I propose to retain the one and gain the other....

Old Frontier Lives

"Here in the Great Smoky Mountains we meet today to dedicate these mountains, streams and forests to the service of the American people.

"The old frontier that put hard fibre into the American spirit, and long muscles in the American back, still lives and will continue to live in these untamed mountains to give future generations of Americans a sense of the land from which their forefathers hewed their homes.

"Today we no longer face the Indians or hard and lonely struggles with nature—and we have grown soft in many ways. If we want to survive, we cannot be soft in a world in which dangers are threatening Americans—dangers far more deadly than those the American frontiersmen had to face.

World Has Shrunk

"The world has been so shrunk by the aeroplane and radio that Europe is closer to America today than was one side of these mountains to the other when the pioneers toiled through the primeval forest.

"Threats are as close to us today as was the threat to the frontiermen when hostile Indians lurked on the other side of this gap.

"Therefore, to meet the threat and ward off these dangers, Congress and I are establishing by law the obligation inherent in our citizenship to serve our forces for defence through training of our people in many capacities.

"It is not in every case easy or pleasant to ask men of our nation to leave their homes, or for the women of our nation to give their men to the nation's service. But men and women of America have never held back even when it meant personal sacrifice on their part, if that sacrifice was for the common good.

Individual Freedom

"The greatest attack that has ever been launched against individual freedom is nearer to the Americas than ever before. To meet that attack we must prepare beforehand—our preparing later may be, and probably would be, too late.

"We must prepare in a thousand ways. Men are not enough. They must be skilled leaders who must be well traind. New bases must be established to enable our Fleet to defend our shores. Men and women must be taught to create the supplies we need and we must counter the agents of dictators within our country.

"It is good and right that we should conserve these mountain heights of the cold frontier for the benefit of the American people, but in this hour we have a greater thing to preserve—the right of the people of this country to live as free men.

"Our vital task of conservation is to preserve the freedom our forefathers won in this land and the liberties which are proclaimed in our Constitution.

"But there is another serious danger—a danger from without. I hope, for example, that one hundred years from now the Great Smoky Mountains National Park will still belong in practice as well as in theory to the people of a free nation, I hope this park will not belong to our people in theory alone, and that in practice the ownership of this park will not be in the hands of some strange kind of government, a puppet regime subject to an overseas landlord.

Danger From Without

"I hope that the use of this park will not be confined to people coming here on days specified by the government and during hours specified by the government.

"I hope the trees here will not be slaughtered by the axe in order that government may conduct wars of aggression against other nations.

"I hope that these roads and paths and trails will still have been built in the cause of liberty and recreation, and will not be confined to the ulterior purposes of a war machine controlled by an individual or an oligarchy.

"That there is a danger from without is at last recognized by most of us Americans. That such a danger can no longer be met with pitchforks and squirrel rifles; or even with the training and weapons of the war of 1917, is equally clear to most of us Americans.

Sacrifices Required

"It is not a change from the American way of life to advocate or legislate greater and more speedy preparedness. It is positive protection of the American way of life.

"We know that in the process of preparing against danger we shall not have to abandon, and we will not abandon, the great social improvements that have come to the American people in these later years. We need not exchange better living for the gain of better defence. I propose to retain the one and gain the other.

"But to conserve our liberties will not be easy. The task will require the united efforts of all of us. It will require sacrifices from us all. In this hour we must have absolute national unity for total defence.

"What shall we be defending? The good earth of this land, our homes, our families and far more. We will all be defending a way of life which has given more freedom to the soul and body of man than has ever been realized in the world before, a way of life that has let men scale whatever heights they could scale without hurting their fellow men, a way of life that has let men hold up their heads and admit no master but God.

The Old Frontier Way

"That way of life is menaced. We can meet that threat. We can meet it in the old frontier way.

"We believe that the only whole man is a free man and we believe that in the face of danger, the old spirit of the frontiermen, which is in our blood, will give us the courage and unity which we must have.

"We need that spirit in this hour. We need the conviction felt deep in us all that there are no divisions among us. We are all members of the same body. We are all Americans.

"The winds that blow through the wide sky in these mountains—winds that sweep from Canada to Mexico and from the Pacific to the Atlantic—have always blown on free men.

"We are free today. If we join together now—men, women and children—and face the common menace as a united people, we shall be free tomorrow. To the free people of America I dedicate this park."—United Press.

Mr. McNutt May Join U.S. Cabinet

Speculation on Future After Elections Rife In America

Washington, Sept. 3.

The presence of Mr. Paul V. McNutt, Federal Security Administrator, among the personages accompanying President Roosevelt on his inspection trip in the Tennessee Valley renewed political speculation here yesterday as to Mr. McNutt's future, which most informed political quarters believed would be a Cabinet post if Mr. Roosevelt is re-elected.

Since the democratic Convention, the former U.S. Higher Commissioner to the Philippines has remained quiet, except for a speech at the Connecticut state democratic convention, in which he challenged the Republican Presidential candidate, Mr. Wandell Willkie, to debate.

Mr. McNutt has agreed to act as "campaign trouble shooter" and his Tennessee trip is expected to include conferences on political strategy.

It was believed certain that Mr. McNutt would campaign extensively in Indiana, where Mr. Willkie has gained a strong following. Mr. Roosevelt was also reported to be depending on Mr. McNutt to swing the American Legion's vote, since numerous former Legion leaders have announced they would support Mr. Willkie.

Although it has been rumoured that Mr. McNutt is slated to become Chairman of the Democratic National Committee, Postmaster-General, or Secretary of Agriculture, Mr. McNutt has maintained a strict silence, but told friends that he preferred to remain in his present capacity as Federal Security Administrator, at least until after the campaign. Friends said Mr. McNutt would prefer to be made Secretary of War, Commerce or the Navy, in that order.—United Press.

THE Legislative Council of the Falkland Islands has decided that stock to the redemption value of £50 000 should be transferred to the Imperial Government for the purchase of warplanes. The colony has a population of only 2,400 and already bears the cost of its own defences.

U.S. Sends Typhoid Serum to France

New York, Sept. 3.

Two hundred and twenty-one pounds of typhoid serum to combat an epidemic reported to be raging in the unoccupied zone of France was among the cargo that the Yankee Clipper took today en route to Lisbon.

The American Red Cross was sending the serum to Marseilles. The serum was being carried gratis by the clipper plane.—United Press.

T.V.A. Power Used For Munitions

District Said Ideal for Industrial Plants; Work Being Speeded Up

Knoxville, Tenn., Sept. 3.

The Tennessee Valley—scene of a seven-year-old New Deal experiment in the production and distribution of cheap electrical power—is fast becoming a major source of munitions and materials for the nation's defence forces, Tennessee Valley Authority officials said here yesterday as President Roosevelt was dedicating the Great Smoky Mountains National Park.

Sheltered on the east by a chain of mountains and situated hundreds of miles inland from any possible point of attack, the valley with its mineral resources and power facilities meets all the requirements of the National Defence Council for location of key defence industries. The valley in addition has adequate transportation facilities by highways, railroads and water routes.

"Our huge supply of power," said the T.V.A. director, Mr. David E. Lilienthal, "now is of great strategic importance to the nation. Without this power supply, production of aeroplanes on the scale needed would be impossible, for today T.V.A. power is a principal reliance in America's production of aluminum.

Construction Speeded Up

"The need for power and more power in this emergency has led us to order our dam construction programme to be speeded up by every device. This pressure means completion of one of T.V.A.'s dams 10 months ahead of schedule and it will add five new power generators in dams already completed."

In Washington, the House of Representatives Rules Committee approved a bill appropriating $25,000,000 for increasing T.V.A. power facilities in order to expand aluminum production in that area for national defence purposes, after Edward R. Stettinius Jr., of the National Defence Advisory Commission, urged prompt action.

Lilienthal said that in addition, the Muscle Shoals Plant—constructed during the Great War—is ready to be converted to production of ammonium nitrate for high explosives "as soon as the signal is given." This plant under the T.V.A. programme has been used in production of phosphate fertilizer.

Because of the great supply of power generated by T.V.A. dams—constructed originally to make more abundant and fruitful the lives of farmers and urban residents in this area—defence industries are locating in the valley.

Contracts for Services

An aeroplane factory recently was built at Nashville and three companies are considering building plants at Memphis. The Du Pont Company is building a powder plant near Memphis. Other plants in this area are obtaining contracts for Army and Navy goods.

Gov. Prentice Cooper of Tennessee, meanwhile, has asked the Federal Government to build in this state a naval aviation training base, an $8,000,000 aviation engine research laboratory, and establish an aeronautics school at Vanderbilt University in Nashville.

T.V.A. officials are insistent in pointing out that use of power for defence industries will not curtail its other activities in supplying electric current for farms in the valley. Instead, they say that T.V.A. will generate greater quantities of power to meet demands for defence industries rather than reduce the amount available for individual consumers.—United Press.

Mongol Princes Confer At Kalgan

Peiping, Sept. 3.

All Mongolian princes and dukes in Inner Mongolia held a conference at Kalgan for two days to discuss the development of industries, economics, education, culture and other matters of concern to their land.

The conference was held under the chairmanship of Prince Teh, head of the Mengkiang Federated Autonomous Government.—Havas.

New Zealand to Send 3,000 Pilots Yearly

Dunedin, N.Z., Sept. 3.

Mr. F. Jones, Minister of Defence, announced today that when New Zealand reached its maximum contribution under the Empire air scheme, it would send nearly 3,000 pilots, gunners and observers to Canada and Britain every year.

The first observers and gunners are going to Canada soon.—Reuter.

Tribute Paid to American Labour

Praise by Roosevelt For Defence Effort in "Time Of Unmatched Peril"

Chickamauga Dam, Tenn., Sept. 3.

President Roosevelt, delivering the first of two Labour Day speeches, paid tribute to labour's seven-year task in constructing he Chickamauga Dam, which he dedicated yesterday to the "total defence of the United States.

The President indirectly directed a broadside against the private utilities background of the Republican Presidential nominee, Mr. Wendell Willkie.

Listing the benefits of the Tennessee Valley Authority, Mr. Roosevelt said. "We see the progress we have made. that we are making, that we propose to continue to make.

Steadfast to the Goal

"In this valley, as in the nation, we do not not propose to abandon the goal that is directly before our eyes, either by sitting down or going back.

"These splendid chances have not come by compulsion. No farmer was forced to join this conservation movement. No workman was compelled to labour here under onerous conditions or for less than a rightful wage. No citizens lost a single one of those human liberties we prize so highly in this Democracy. This is a demonstration of what Democracy can do, of people uniting against waste and insecurity.

"There were and are those who maintain that the development of this enterprise is not proper Government activity. As for me. I glory in it as one of the great social and economic achievements of our time...

"Today we are facing a time of peril unmatched in the history of the nations of all the world and. because we are undertaking the total defence of the nation, the Tennessee Valley region has assumed, in addition to its own domestic betterment its share of responsibility for national defence.

Safe from Attack

"The new defence Industries are safer from attack in this region behind the mountains than if they were located on more exposed borders. It is therefore good for safety to develop further and use the national resources and manpower of this region.

"We are seeking preparedness in America, not against the threat of war or conquest alone, but in order that preparedness may be built to assure America the peace that rests on the well-being of the American people....

"Let us therefore today dedicate this dam and these lakes to the benefit of all the people, the prosperity they have stimulated, the faith they have justified, the hope they have inspired, and the hearts they encourage.... to the total defence of the United States of America."—United Press.

Japan Loses Trade by Arresting Britons

Boycott Movements Cause Worry in Tokyo

Osaka, Sept. 3.

The local press now reports that the Commerce Department's Trade Bureau is deep in an investigation of the effects caused on Japanese trade abroad by the recent arrests of Britons on charges of espionage.

The Osaka Office of the Trade Bureau has received a report, it is pointed out, that the arrests seriously affected sales of Japanese goods in Canada. The report came from Mr. Yamashita, head of the Toronto Japanese Trade Bureau.

There were sporadic boycott movements ever since the outbreak of Sino-Japanese hostilities, Mr. Yamashita declared. But they had no noticeable effect until lately, when the arrests of Britons in Japan, created a situation which "has signs of becoming serious."

There is a movement afoot in Canada to suspend all transactions in Japanese goods, and the press is also agitating for a nationwide boycott, Mr. Yamashita stated.

Outlook for Osaka exports of sundries to Canada is black in view of the unfavourable impression created by the "espionage" arrests, Mr. Yamashita concluded, according to the local press.—Havas.

New York Has Tallest Fire Alarm Yet

False Scare Started on 78th Floor of Building

New York, Sept. 3.

New York City got the tallest fire scare in its history yesterday when black billows of smoke, visible for many miles, poured from the 78th floor of the Chrysler Building, the second highest in the world.—1,046 feet.

Firemen hastened to the scene with a new pumping unit especially designed for skyscraper work. They found that the building's new engineer had turned on the incinerator at the wrong time—noon instead of midnight.

The fact that the fire alarm occurred on a holiday prevented a critical traffic jam, as the building is on the corner of Lexington Avenue and 42nd Street, one of the most congested districts in the city.—United Press.

GLORIA ANDICO'S MUSIC

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CASANOVA BALLROOM

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SOL GREENBERG, *Manager.*

Houses and Land

TO LET large space, 6075 sq. ft. on Wayside, good for godown or factory. Apply Box 1859, NCDN. -3429

FOR SALE, in good location Avenue Haig, small piece of land for $15,000. Apply Box 1860, NCDN. -3429

FOR SALE, nice, modern residence, French Concession, owner leaving. Price $85,000. No brokers. Address 1725, NCDN. -3203

INVESTMENT property. Land and house (foreign residence), fully-occupied, giving 10 per cent returns, for sale. About one mow land, B.C. lot, eastern district. For particulars address Box 1630, NCDN. -3047

Furnished Houses

FOR RENT, as from November 1940 and for six months, Hungjao, furnished house excluding linen, cutlery and crockery. Reasonable rental. In reply please state nationality. Box 1867, NCDN. -3258

HOUSE, 10 rooms, 2 baths, well furnished, big garden, rent $150. French Concession. Apply "Agarta" Commission Agency, 60 Route Pere Robert. -3263

TO LET, near French Park, nice residence with spacious garden, central heating, frigidaire etc. One year contract. Available immediately. Apply 89 Rue Massenet. -3263

Unfurnished Houses

FOR rent. House with big garden, French Concession, total 16 rooms, partly furnished, best location. Servants' quarters, etc. Box 1850, NCDN. -3415

SIX-ROOMED house in the French Concession. Rental US$30. Apply to Box 1872, NCDN. 11107

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In applying for positions copies of references and not originals should be sent.

Rooms with Board

FROM the 15th single room. British only. S. Eriksen, 335 Rue Bourgeat. -3460

59 Rue Paul Henry, single, steamheated room, good board. $200 a month. -3430

THE Towers 1182 Avenue Road. Comfortable double room, private bathroom, garden. Telephone 35534. -3081

ROOM available private bathroom. Lane 1220/55 Avenue Road. -3233

FURNISHED room with full board for two persons. Private bathroom. 14 Kelmscott Gardens. Telephone 72385. -3323

Animals

FOR SALE, fox-terriers, pure-bred puppies. 241 Route des Soeurs, House 1, Telephone 73569. -3454

FOR SALE, pedigreed Scotch terrier puppies, four months old. Apply Burnthwaite Kennels, 204 Route Ferguson, telephone 70128. 11081

Furnished Apartments

TWO-ROOMED flat in modern apartment building, Petain district. All modern conveniences. Furniture to be taken over. Box 1842, NCDN. -3405

BEAUTIFULLY furnished four-room apartment with high-class furniture, refrigerator and elegant Pekin carpets, in centre of Bubbling Well Road, US$900. Rent $600. Also two-roomed apartment with first-class furniture, $7,500. Rent $220. Telephone 73125, between 4-8 p.m. -3423

ROOMS to let on Route de la Tour: Chinese only. One parlour, one bedroom, furnished, with bathroom. To let for three months only. Price moderate. Telephone 71991. -3377

FURNISHED two-roomed flat and rooms. With kitchen. Near Jessfield Park. 37 Brenan Road, House 107. -3422

BUBBLING Well, Seymour Road district, two-roomed modern apartment. Furniture and fixtures to be taken over. Apply Box 1822, NCDN. -3374

FOR SALE, partly furnished three-roomed apartment, south, Petain district, apply Box 1820, NCDN. -3370

TWO-three-roomed apartments, fully furnished, immediate occupation. Rent $170 and $270. French Concession. Apply "Agarta" Commission Agency. 60 Route Pere Robert. -3263

ONE three-room and one four-room, beautifully furnished apartment for people with taste. High-class modern furniture, dishes, kitchenware, Peking carpets, etc. Rentral low. Located in first-class apartment buildings in Settlement and Concession. Immediate occupation. Lease transfer guaranteed. US$1,000. Box 1499, NCDN. 11084

Unfurnished Apartments

TO LET, two large, unfurnished rooms with kitchen, bathroom and servants' quarter, in a three-room apartment, well-located. No key-money. Low rental, Brokers or go-between not accepted. Apply Box 1876, NCDN. 11113

OFFER three-roomed apartment, well-located, low rental, in exchange for a four or five roomed apartment. No key-money. No speculation. Apply Box 1877, NCDN. 11113

TO LET: two-roomed flat, bath, kitchen. Concession. Rent $165, no keymoney. General Investment Co., 233 Nanking Road, Room 122. -3452

IMMEDIATE occupation, one new modern three-roomed housekeeping flat, south east facing. Edinburgh Road, near corner Avenue Haig. Rent $400 monthly. Apply Rent Department, Brandt & Rodgers, Ltd., 391 Kiangse Road, telephone 11169. 11029

VERY attractive, bright, five-roomed apartment, two baths, refrigerator. Immediate occupation. 745 Yu Yuen Road. -3324

TWO and three roomed flats, with all conveniences, to let immediately. 609/3 East Seward Road, Inspection 10-12, 4-6. 11039

152 Route Destelan. Two, three, four-roomed apartments with bathroom and kitchen, for immediate occupation. Rental $275, $325, $400 per month, including hot and cold water and taxes. For further particulars apply Palmer & Turner Property Office, 17 Canton Road. Telephone 15100. 11067

THREE-ROOMED flat with verandah, servants' room. Immediate occupation. Centre Concession. Shanghai Realty Co. -3369

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That Melody Man is here with the new screen sensation of the nation...glorious Gloria Jean of "The Under-Pup" fame!

Produced and Directed by DAVID BUTLER

Story by David Butler, William Conselman and James V. Kern

Screenplay by WILLIAM CONSELMAN and JAMES V. KERN

A *New* UNIVERSAL Picture

Wanted to Rent

WANTED 3-room apartment in French Concession. Willing to pay key-money. Call 78680. -3459

BY responsible party three/four-roomed apartment/house furnished/unfurnished, pay good price. Telephone 18951 from 10-3 p.m. -3462

WANTED to rent small room, steamheated, with bath facilities. Reasonable. Reply stating price to Box 1870, NCDN. -3461

HOUSE with garden or apartment, preferably furnished, by three responsible American bachelors. Willing to take over servants. Kindly address Box 1834, NCDN. -3431

WANTED in first-class apartment house, 4-room flat. Partly furnished or unfurnished. Box 1851, NCDN. -3415

WANTED. Furnished or unfurnished, two or three roomed apartment for British couple. Will take over fittings and furniture at reasonable figure. Situation central. Address Box 1852, NCDN. -3417

WANTED to rent 6-7 roomed furnished flat or house, all conveniences. Apply Box 1818, NCDN. -3369

WANTED: One or two rooms with bath and kitchen. Please state terms to Box 1810, NCDN. -3342

BACHELOR requires room with all modern conveniences, in central district. Box 1809, NCDN. -3341

WANTED three roomed furnished, unfurnished flat, all conveniences. Box 1805, NCDN. -3337

WANTED 4-6 roomed apartment, unfurnished, steamheated, all conveniences. Settlement or Concession. Box 1676, NCDN. -3116

WANTED by American, four-roomed furnished/unfurnished apartment Settlement/Concession. September. Reply Arnold 70395. -3211

WANTED 2-4 roomed apartment or flat by responsible party. Willing pay key-money. Box 1785, NCDN. -3305

$200 reward. British couple want three-roomed unfurnished apartment, with modern conveniences. Central district preferred. Replies to Box 1793, NCDN. -3316

WANTED five-roomed house Concession, offering one-roomed apartment as keymoney, rent paid for one year, heating, cold, hot water, tax. Box 1816, NCDN. -3262

BRITISH bachelor would like accommodation with full board, in private house. Preferably with large garden and garage. Kindly reply Box 1826. NCDN. -3282

Personal

WELL-EDUCATED foreign, young lady, just arrived Shanghai, would like to meet American/British gentleman between 30-40 for companionship. Box 1835, NCDN. -3296

FOREIGN lady, 35 years of age, desires to meet a serious foreign gentleman for companionship. Box 1849, NCDN. -3410

ENGLISHMAN, learning to ride, would appreciate companionship of British/American young lady. Please reply Box 1788, NCDN. -3339

MARGARITA. I'm longing to see you, please phone or write to J. Box 1821, NCDN. -3372

Beauty Culture, etc.

Advertisements under this heading are carefully scrutinized before acceptance, and though no guarantee can be given readers may be reasonably assured of their bona fides.

LADY gives general massage, manicure 10-7 p.m. 205 Peking Road, Apartment 30, Second Floor. 11031

360 Rue Bourgeat, Room 2. Alice. Massage. -3235

To Advertisers

The following replies are being held at this office, and the owners of the undermentioned Box numbers are requested to call for same before September 10, after which date they will be destroyed. Nos. 1140, 1370, 1376, 1408, 1424, 1470, 1511, 1594, 1595, 1600, 1611, 1633.

Offices, Shops, Godowns

REQUIRED office with telephone, central district. Willing pay high price Reply Box 1812, NCDN. -3351

A FEW shops, specially suitable for pharmacies, florists, green-grocers, tailors, Edinburgh Road, near corner Avenue Haig. Rent from $80 upwards. Apply Rent Department, Brandt & Rodgers, Ltd., 391 Kiangse Road, telephone 11169. 11030

WANTED urgently, shop or part shop for millinery, knitted dresses. Near Bubbling Well, Joffre. Box 1635, NCDN. -3056

TO LET: At reasonable rentals, attractive shops in French Concession. Apply United Import and Trading Co. 89 Foochow Road, Room 142, between 9 a.m. and 1 p.m. 11068

Rooms Without Board

SUPERIOR large modern furnished room by day or week. References required. 55 Yuen Ming Yuen Road. Telephone 13750. 11111

FURNISHED room with verandah, facing south, for single person. 372/2 Rue Maresca. -3331

FURNISHED room, all modern conveniences, single persons only. 1184/4 Rue Lafayette, Telephone 70602. -3446

SMALL, steam-heated room, facing south, near Bund. Bath and box-room attached, private telephone and lift service. Write Box 1838, NCDN. -3399

TWO rooms for rent, big and small, in a flat. Telephone 78152. -3398

TO LET big room with balcony and box-room. For single person only. 108 Route Vallon, House 5. -3435

NICE convenient rooms to let for short periods. Bubbling Well Road, telephone 36593 from 1-3 p.m. -2601

FLATS and rooms, all modern conveniences, with large garden. For eigners only. Apply Lane 42, 19 Tunsin Road. Near 14 bus station. -3292

NICE, big room to let in building opposite Astor House Board optional. 4 Astor Terrace. -3313

Clothing and Fabrics

ATTENTION exporters. Tropical shirtings. Elastic top. Men's, women's and children's hose. Interlock underwear. Polo shirts. Jockey singlets and shorts. Write Post Office Box 844. -3432

EMIGRE sells fine bed and table linen. A bargain for the discriminating housewife. No dealers. Box 1846. NCDN. -3409

SHIRTS made to measure. English cellular, ½ sleeve, $18.50. Poplin, $25. Supertwill, $28. Razon's, 12 Central Road. 11030

TOWELS, Ship and Machine brands. Face towels, bath towels, bath mats and towelling, etc. First-grade quality at moderate prices. Manufactured by The Tuck Chong Weaving Factory. Office 10 Wongkashaw Gardens (Ave Road, Carter Road east). Telephone 37024. -2819

LADIES' worn hats renovated, remodelled perfectly. Fine selection of new model hats, ready made and to order. Rosette, 135 Seymour Road. -3037

SUITLENGTHS, 100 per cent. wool. Individual latest designs, solid worsted. London shrunk, reasonable prices. Razon's 12 Central Road. 11029

Motor Cars and Cycles

FOR SALE 1934 Morris Oxford Six 16 saloon, in excellent condition, Box 1869, NCDN. 11106

FOR SALE. Vauxhall 1933 4-door sedan, recently reducoed, in very good condition. Price US$200. Apply Box 1854, NCDN. -3419

1933 Morris Minor 8 sedan, excellent condition, beautifully kept, 26 m.p.g. has five new tyres. Only for US$250. Apply by telephone 17730, 10-12 noon, Telephone 84389, 2-5 p.m. -3293

BEACON Continental coupe 1934, good condition. $3,500 or nearest offer. Apply Box 1861, NCDN. 11121

WANTED reliable but inexpensive motor-cycle. Telephone 76803, 5-6 p.m. -2464

SPORTY Morris roadster with dicky. 1935, excellent condition, good tyres, owner leaving. Address Box 1802, NCDN. 11079

BUICK sedan late 1932. Excellent mechanically. Nice appearance. Six wheels. First-class tyres. Roomy, comfortable, US$225. Telephone 50581. -3327

FOR SALE: Baby Ford 1934; Morris 8 sedan; Hudson 1932; Terraplane 1934/35; Chevrolet 1934. Pacific Motors, 863 Avenue Foch, Telephone 74500. -3381

1936 Terraplane, 4-door saloon, mechanically perfect. Reducoed. U.S.$650. For inspection and trial telephone 17510. -3312

Office Cars

LIFT offered three times daily, Joffre/Dubail downtown. Box 1786, NCDN. -3306

Garages

GARAGE wanted, vicinity Route Culty. Reply stating terms to Box 1642, NCDN. 10976

Lost

LOST: Customs stamped Delivery Order covering 11 bales leaf tobacco, marked C. P. in diamond, Shanghai 189/196, 198/200 below, ss. Taketoyo Maru, from Cocanada; arrived on June 16, 1940. Cargo overlanded. The public is hereby notified that same is null and void. 11021

LOST, Declaration of Trust B.C. Lot No. 6247 on the property situated at Connaught Road, in the name of Woo Chao Ching, issued by Platt, White-Cooper & Co., has been lost and hereby declared null and void. Woo Chao Ching. -3074

Chinese Servants

EXCELLENT cook-boy, clean, honest, good cooking, best reference, available immediately. Address Box 1837, NCDN. -3297

WANTED well-recommended, honest, clean, reliable coolie-boy. Address Box 1830, NCDN. -3391

EXPERIENCED cook-boy and coolie seek employment. Recommended by British couple. Box 1831, NCDN. -3393

CAN anyone recommend a good cook-boy with A-1 references? Telephone 87801. -3449

CLEAN, honest, reliable cook-boy, seeks position. Well-recommended. Address Box 1743, NCDN. -3238

73148. Central Employment Agency (British). The last word in household servants. 833/17 Avenue Joffre. -3122

72782. General Employment Agency. Reliable cooks, boys, amahs, chauffeurs, coolies, ricshaws. 1272 Avenue Joffre. -3305

EXPERIENCED cook-boy, speaks English well. Recommended. Address Box 1814, NCDN. -3355

COOK required for small English family. Good references essential. Telephone 73491. -3345

Wanted to Purchase

WANTED to buy second-hand pianos and gramophones. Please apply to Mr. Hayashi, 387 Woosung Road. Telephone 45654. 10949

WANTED buy secondhand carpets, trunks, suits, dresses, shoes. Telephone 39965, Mr. Bers, 9-7 p.m. daily. -3013

WANTED to buy secondhand suits, dresses, shoes, carpets, clothing, etc. Telephone 34663, Engel. -3233

Holiday Resorts

SPEND the Autumn in lovely Tsingtao. Miramer House (British) offers you every home comforts. Slater, 24 Laiyang Road. -2213

Boats

MOTOR-BOAT for sale, 18 ft. long, Universal motor. Price US$100. Box 1714, NCDN. 11019

HOUSEBOAT for sale. Price very cheap. Boat is very comfortable. Box 1713, NCDN. 11019

More Classified Ads, Overleaf

TO-DAY'S WEATHER PROBABILITIES

Cool, fine weather, cloudy at times with fresh to moderate North-Westerly to Northerly winds over Shantung, our regions and to the South of the Saddles. Cyclonic rough weather around Korea and to the South-East of the Loochoos.

	At Cathedral	At Siccawei
Temperature yesterday	min. 68.0 max. 83.0	min. 68.0 max. 84.4
„ same date last year	min. 74.5 max. 91.5	min. 74.8 max. 91.6
Rainfall: .32		

NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS

SHANGHAI, WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 4, 1940 (3rd day of 8th moon)

AIR AND OCEAN MAILS

Pan American Airways Service per steamer on Sept. 6, at 11 a.m. for registered and at noon for ordinary due San Francisco on Sept. 17. Air mails for Europe may be sent by this service to U.S.A. for connection with the P.A.A. Trans-Atlantic Air Service.
Imperial Airways (H'kong, Bangkok, S. Africa, Australia) per steamer on Sept. 6, at 11 a.m. for registered and at noon for ordinary.
Shanghai-Japan Air Mails close daily at 8 p.m. (Mails for America may be sent on Sept. 4, by air mail to Japan for connection with a steamer leaving Yokohama on Sept. 6.)
Shanghai-Dairen Air Mails close daily at 8 p.m.
Next steamship mails for America and Europe: Sept. 3 and 9, 1940.

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Letters should be addressed to the Secretary, North-China Daily News & Herald, Ltd., to whom all remittances should be made payable.

Announcements of Births, etc., in this column, $10 per insertion, including insertions in the NORTH-CHINA HERALD.

To-day's Events $3 per line, which includes all insertion till date of event.

MARRIAGE

GUTHRIE—BARNETT.—On September 3, 1940, at Holy Trinity Cathedral, Shanghai, by the Rev. A. C. S. Trivett, M.A., B.D., FREDA BARNETT, niece of Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Fulstow of Shanghai, to JAMES WILLIAM, only son of Mr. and Mrs. T. Guthrie of Broomhill, Glasgow, Scotland. 11108

IN MEMORIAM

BROOM—Unfading memories of BLANCHE, a true wife and pal who was called to her Rest two years ago.
Time will never dim my sorrow
We shall meet again.
-3390

TO-DAY'S EVENTS

SEPTEMBER
4 *SS. Athenia sunk by German submarine (1939)*
4 Reception and dinner to Mr. and Mrs. Julean Arnold by Amer. Assn. Col. Country Club, 8

COMING EVENTS

SEPTEMBER
5 Rotary Club, Metropole Hotel, 12.15
12 Rotary Club, Metropole Hotel, 12.15
19 Rotary Club, Metropole Hotel, 12.15
26 Rotary Club, Metropole Hotel, 12.15

OCTOBER
1 K.D.'s Jumble sale, Un. Ch. Hall

NOTIFICATION

SHIH No. 3

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that in accordance with Article 2 of the Regulations Governing the Export of Natural Silk and its Textile Goods, export of natural silk and its textile goods shall be applied, prior to application to Customs, to this Office for a yellow application, which shall be duly filled in according to the Duty Receipt, and submitted to the Customs and our Officer stationed in the Customs for examination before release. Any disobedience to the above-mentioned regulation shall be condemned as smuggling. In addition to our request to the Customs for co-operation in this respect, due attention be paid to the aforesaid notification by all the merchants concerned.

COMMISSIONER OF BUREAU OF THE SILK TAX FOR RECONSTRUCTION.

H. S. U. KIANG,
Director.

Shanghai, September 4, 1940.
-3445

GOVERNMENT BILLS, ETC.

TENDERS for Dollars local currency for telegraphic transfer on the War Office, London, up to and for the sum of £3,000 will be received by the Area Paymaster, until 11 a.m. on September 4, 1940.

The tenders to state the total amount (in pounds sterling). No telegraphic transfer will be made for less than £100.

The tenders to be in duplicate, and in sealed covers, addressed to the Area Paymaster, Embarkation Staff Office, 1st Floor, 24 Central Road, and endorsed "Tenders for Government Bills, etc."

The right is reserved (1) to accept or reject any or all of the tenders and (2) in case of equality of rate between tenders amounting in all to more than the total sum required, to give preference to any tender received from the Bankers to the Treasury Chest.

Persons tendering for (Bills) are hereby notified that having regard to the Provisions of the Acts 22 George III Cap. and 41 George III Cap. 52 the acceptance of any such tenders is subject to the express condition that no Member of British House of Commons shall be admitted to any share or part in or to any benefit to arise from the contractor thereby made for the allotment of such (Bills).

The provisions in question do not apply to contracts entered into by any incorporated company in its corporated capacity and made for the general benefit of the company.

J. S. EYNON, Major, R.A.P.C.,
Area Paymaster, Shanghai.

Area Pay Office, Shanghai. 11100

CHINA HOMEWARD FREIGHT CONFERENCE

FREIGHT TARIFF No. 31
Dated 7th February, 1939

ADDENDUM No. 17

PART II—ADDITION

	Col. 1 Net	Col. 2
Page 57. Oil in Bulk, Stillingia	20 cwt. 65/-	72/-

(Plus current Tariff surcharges).

Shanghai, September 4, 1940.
11104

FORD CARS

are everywhere associated with dependability, economy and lasting good service.

Whether you choose the Ford V-8 (85 h.p. or "Thrifty-Sixty"), the 10 h.p. "Prefect" or the 8 h.p. "Anglia," you know that the matchless experience and manufacturing facilities of the Ford Motor Company assure you of the best possible value for the money you invest.

BILLS MOTORS

Federal Inc. U.S.A.

615 Avenue Foch, Tel. 74400 (6 lines)

STENOGRAPHER required. A really qualified and educated English stenographer is required by a firm of brokers. Salary $400-$500 a month according to qualifications. Only those who know the English language and who are hard-working, intelligent and who can think need apply. Replies to Box 1828, NCDN. 11093

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that we have been appointed Agents of the Springfield Fire and Marine Insurance Company.

SPEELMAN-BREEN INSURANCE OFFICE
1 Rue Montauban
11086

A PERFECT SEAT

will be acquired by being expertly taught by one of the following instructors:

Colonel A. P. Bendersky
Peter Zarianko
Captain N. D. Daniloff
E. N. Sokoloff
Captain A. A. Gourvitch

COLUMBIA & GREAT WESTERN RIDING ACADEMY
470 Great Western Road, Tel. 22012
General Manager, N. I. KRIKORIANTZ
11052

U. B. ORDER DEPT.
BEER 30087
11057

AISHI
DENTAL OFFICE

DENTAL SURGEON
Dr. M. YAGATA
Artificial Porcelain Teeth
(Jacket Crown)
50 Kiukiang Road, Mitsui Bank Building, 1st Floor
Hours: 9 a.m. to 6 p.m.
Telephone 14273
11064

PIANOS for HIRE
Moderate price
SAM LAZARO BROS.
Telephone 19225
11114

Dr. MARCO REISZ
Dental Surgeon
Office hours: 10-12, 4-6
and by appointment
1225 Bubbling Well Road
House 32 Telephone 38546
-3456

TOWN SERVICE
CENTRAL GARAGE
117 Hongkong Road.
Telephone 19565

Will service your car during parking hours.

Repairs — lubrication
Washing and Polishing.

AUTO PALACE
100 Route Cardinal Mercier
Telephone 70180
11036

THEY SAY—

that Britons in Shanghai are intensely patriotic. The money received for the Voluntary War Contribution and Central British War Fund has proved this, but more than patriotism is needed. Guns, aeroplanes, Red Cross ambulances, ships, the maintenance of an army, etc.—therefore we say GIVE AND GIVE AGAIN and remember that every dollar you contribute materially helps to win the War and maintain the freedom of your country. Your brothers and sisters are donating their brains, their muscles and their time, you cannot—but you can help by sending a contribution, no matter how small it may be.

Ask us how to
LIGHT YOUR OFFICE ECONOMICALLY
HOLLIS H. ARNOLD INC.
I.E.S. "BETTER SIGHT" LAMP MFRS.
51 Canton Road, Telephone 17805
11105

ARCHAEOLOGISTS

have excavated the thumb of a million-year-old woman. Perhaps if they dig a little deeper they will find a million-year-old man under it. Deeper still and doubtless documents would be discovered showing that the contents of the cave were protected by adequate FIRE and BURGLARY insurance.

C. E. SPARKE
INSURANCE OFFICE
Agents:
PHŒNIX ASSURANCE CO., LTD.
Established 1782 Assets £30,000,000
18 The Bund Telephone 11393

NORGE
for refrigeration

COLUMBIA RADIO
British and Best

ELECTRIC AND MUSICAL INDUSTRIES (CHINA) LTD.
878 BUBBLING WELL ROAD
Telephone 36865
11046

EVEN GREATER

than our pleasure in selling to new customers is our gratification in serving old customers whose return means satisfaction with our cars and our "square deal"

MARK L. MOODY
Federal Inc., U.S.A.
80 Ave. Edward VII 640 Ave. Foch
Telephone 13083 Telephone 60104
After We Sell—WE SERVE

SWISS WATCHMAKER
(Holder of Swiss Government Diploma)
All work personally done by
E. TOBLER, 153 Nanking Road
4th floor. Telephone 12160
-3436

EWO GIN
Distilled in England
Obtainable at all Compradore Stores
11069

The Best By Test
DUNLOP
Sixty-five
GOLF BALLS
Remarkable length allied with durability
MADE IN ENGLAND
Obtainable at all Sports Dealers
DUNLOP RUBBER CO. (CHINA) LTD.
117 Hongkong Road, Telephone 13413
11033

CULTY DAIRY
The Home of Quality Milk
Pasteurised Grade "A"
1567 AVENUE JOFFRE, TELEPHONE 70126

General Managers: KEYLOCK & PRATT
11070

Dr. GEORG GLASS
has returned and resumed his practice
934 Bubbling Well Road
Medhurst Apartments B5
Telephone 34043
-3173

Dr. R. HOLPER, M.D.
Specialist in
Urology and Skin
Consulting hours: 11-1, 4-6
59 Peking Road Telephone 10734

Dr. J. KASSOFF, M.D.
(New York and Berlin Clinics)
Specialist in
Urology and Skin Diseases
Hamilton House, Office 218
Hours: 11-1 and 4-6 p.m. Tel. 14379
Also at 587 Bubbling Well Road
Hours: 8-10 and 6-8 p.m. Tel. 37622

Dr. A. LESNIK, M.D.
Specialist in
Urology and Dermatology
320 Szechuen Road, Arnhold Building
Hours: 10.30-1, 3-6 Telephone 17779
86 Bearn Apts., 475 Ave. Joffre
Hours: 8-10, 6-8. Telephone 83992

SANUS!

The only Saline Table Water procurable in Shanghai at an
ECONOMICAL PRICE

As health-giving and delicious as any Natural Spring Water

PRODUCT OF THE AQUARIUS CO.

EXECUTOR OR TRUSTEE

CONTINUITY OF SERVICE
EFFICIENT ADMINISTRATION

THE YANGTSZE INSURANCE ASSOCIATION, LTD.
Trustee Department 26 The Bund

MACGREGOR PRINGLE & COMPANY
THE ONE FIRM THAT GUARANTEES

their Whiskies are sold in Shanghai exactly as they leave the Highlands of Scotland—absolutely pure.

ROYAL BRAEMAR.
CLUB ROYAL.

Obtainable at all Compradores and Stores or Telephone 14528.
11034

COMMERCIAL PRINTING
UNDERTAKEN BY
The Printing Department of the "North-China Daily News"

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THE NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS
PRINTING DEPARTMENT
17 The Bund, Shanghai, China. Telephone 11055, Extension 5

WEATHER, TIME AND TIDE

Meteorological Reports	Sept. 2 16.00	Sept. 2 21.00	Sept. 3 4.00	Sept. 3 9.00
Barometer inches	29.50	29.56	29.67	29.74
at 32 F. (variation for 24 hrs.)	—0.17	—0.10	+0.11	+0.20
at 32 F. („ „ 12 hrs.)	—0.06	+0.02	+0.17	+0.18
Wind (direction)	WSW	WNW	WNW	WNW
„ (miles per hour)	12.4	23.0	20.6	19.9
Temperature (Fahr.)	72.9	71.4	69.1	73.4
Humidity %	96	96	93	81
Nebulosity (0 to 10)	10	10	8	8
Rainfall inches	0.33	0.10	0.07	—

Siccawei Abridged Report Sept. 2	Mean 1940	24 hrs. variation	67 years average
Barometer (mean 4 obs.)	29.54	—0.15	29.79
Temp. min. 76.8 Max. 88.2	82.5	+2.1	77.4
Total rainfall January 1 to midnight before last (inches)	26.55	0.47	34.25

Time and Tide	4/9	5/9	6/9	7/9	8/9	9/9	10/9
Sun rises at Shanghai	5.31	5.32	5.32	5.33	5.33	5.34	5.35
Sun sets at Shanghai	18.15	18.13	18.12	18.11	18.10	18.09	18.07
Moon rises at Shanghai	7.34	8.42	9.48	10.53	11.54	12.52	13.45
Moon sets at Shanghai	19.40	20.24	21.10	21.58	22.49	23.42	—
Flood makes Shai. 6 to 18	11.49	12.27	12.51	13.20	14.24	15.23	16.11
Ebb. makes Shai. 6 to 18	17.00	17.27	18.02	6.18	6.57	7.55	8.35
H. W. W'sung Bar 6 to 18	13.24	13.58	14.35	15.21	16.07	17.18	5.34
Ht. above LLW. (feet)	12.15	11.50	11.04	10.12	9.20	8.05	6.55

THE WEATHER

(See top left)

State on the morning of the 2nd:—Normal and rather steady pressure over Japan: low and rising over China. The typhoon to the north of Shanghai is inclining north-eastward. Freshening north-westerly winds over our regions. Cooler and showery weather in our Valley. Stormy over the Yellow Sea.

State on the morning of the 3rd:—Overcast and cool weather. Pressure normal and rising. Fresh west-north-westerly wind.—Siccawei Observatory.

TYPHOON SIGNALS

1st: Approximate position of the centre at 2 p.m., within 60 miles of latitude 35, longitude 126, direction north-east, intensity: unknown. 2nd: Approximate position of the centre at 2 p.m., within 120 miles of latitude 22, longitude 134, direction north-west to north-north-west, intensity: unknown.

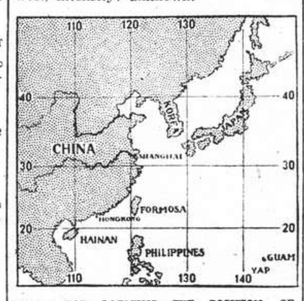

CHART FOR LOCATING THE POSITION OF TYPHOONS FROM SICCAWEI REPORTS.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

Contributions received by the "North-China Daily News" will be forwarded to the societies or charities concerned, by whom acknowledgment in these columns will be made in due course.

St. Andrew's Society

IN MEMORY OF MR. C. E. M. THOMSON

R. G. Boyd	$15

I. C. Milk Fund

Bueschitz Mr.	$10
Fuchs Paul Ing	25
Loewenstein, Kurt (Koeln)	3

IN MEMORY OF BERTHA GUMPERT

United Artist Corp	5

Society of St. Vincent de Paul

IN MEMORY OF MR. S. G. DOS REMEDIOS

Costa C. A. da	$5
Golding F. W.	10

POST OFFICE NOTICES

(See top right)

The following times apply to the Head Post office Szechuen Road Bridge, Earlier posting at Sub-Offices is needed.

WEDNESDAY, September 4.	Reg.	Ord.
Japan Korea via Nagasaki	*20.00	7.15
Tsingtao and Dairen	*20.00	7.15
Hongkong and Canton	19.30	20.00
Kiangpei offices south and east of Jukao	19.30	20.00
THURSDAY, September 5.		
Tsingtao and Dairen	*20.00	7.15
Formosa via Keelung	*20.00	8.00
Hongkong and Canton	13.30	14.00
Nantung	14.30	15.00
U.S.S.R. Europe via Siberia	18.30	20.00
Kiangpei offices south and east of Jukao	19.30	20.00
FRIDAY, September 6.		
Japan Korea and Formosa via Nagasaki	*20.00	7.15
Amoy Swatow Canton	*20.00	8.00
Weihaiwei Chefoo Tientsin	X 9.30	10.00
Aust. N.Z. Manila and Java Ports	AX11.00	12.00
Amoy Hongkong and Canton	X 11.30	12.00
Kiangpei offices south and east of Jukao	19.30	20.00

* The night before
A Parcel mail for Netherlands India, closes at 16.00 on 5th.
X Provisional time—subject to alterations.
(Next parcel mail for U.S.A. closes on September 7, 1940.)

Domestic Air Mail

Nanking per Shanghai-Nanking Air Line at 1 p.m. and 10.30 p.m. at Yuhang Road Sub-Office daily at 12.30 p.m. and 10 p.m.
Hwaining Kiukiang and Hankow per Shanghai-Hankow Air Line daily at 10.30 p.m.
Ningsia, Shensi, Szechuen, Yunnan Kweichow, Hupeh (Shasi and west) and west to Hongkong for the Hongkong-Chungking plane.
Peiping, Tientsin, Tsinan, Tatung, Kalgan, Shanhaikwan, Tungshan, Shihkiachwang, Changte, Kaifeng, Taiyuan and Yuncheng by the planes of the Chung Hwa Air Transport Co. daily at 9.30 p.m.
Tsingtao per Shanghai-Tsingtao-Dairen Air Line close at 10.30 p.m.
Canton per Shanghai-Canton Air Line close at 10.30 p.m. on Sundays and Wednesdays.

Light Train Mail

Via N.S.R. 10 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.
Kiangpei offices north and west of Jukao 10 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.
Via S.H.N.R. 1.30 p.m.; for Sungkiang and Hangchow 1.30 p.m. and 10.30 p.m.
North Pinghan and Lunghai Line (Chenghsien and east thereof) 10 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.
Wuhu, Tatung, Hwaining, Kiukiang and Hankow 10 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.
Remarks: For Europe via Siberia:—Mails for Europe and U.S.S.R. via Siberia despatched per trains via Nanking and Tsin to connect with the Trans-Siberian trains. (for time of closing, see above).

Ladies should consult
MADAME SELMA
about their new
AUTUMN OUTFITS
LOVELY NEW FABRICS NOW ON DISPLAY
WHITEAWAY, LAIDLAW & CO., LTD.

Positions Vacant

Do not enclose original testimonials when replying to advertisements. Copies answer the same purpose.

SHORTHAND course free to mature lady student of advanced English or with knowledge of typewriting. No refugees. Must state age, education, salary. Box 1874, NCDN. 11110

POSITIONS shortly available for female secretary and nurse in foreign dental office. Applicants must be young, energetic and of good appearance. Reply Box 1875, NCDN. 11112

TEACHER of Pitman's shorthand and/or typewriting wanted. Full day. Temporary. Must be experienced with perfect theoretical knowledge. State qualifications and remuneration to Box 1871, NCDN. -3461

EXPERIENCED governess with good English required for 7 year old boy. Box 1863, NCDN. -3440

WANTED Chinese translator for day-evening work; whole/part time. Address Box 1855, NCDN, stating qualifications. -3427

STENOGRAPHER experienced and fully qualified, with thorough knowledge of the English language, is required by foreign firm. Replies to Box 1873, NCDN. 11109

AMERICAN firm requires experienced stenographer, knowledge French desirable. Reply stating nationality, experience, salary. Box 1833, NCDN. -3386

WANTED lady stenotypist, knowledge of French essential. Apply 3-4 p.m. Room 33, 110 Szechuen Road. -3385

STENOGRAPHER required. A really qualified and educated English stenographer is required by a firm of brokers. Salary $400-$500 a month according to qualifications. Only those who know the English language and who are hard-working, intelligent and who can think need apply. Replies to Box 1828, NCDN. 11093

EXCELLENT positions are assured to students of either sex after a few months training at Farmer's Commercial College, 264 Kiangse Road, Telephone 14967. -2439

Positions Wanted

Advertisements under this heading only are accepted at the rate of nine dollar cents per word per insertion, with a minimum charge of $1.25.

YOUNG, experienced foreigner, perfect knowledge English and Japanese, desires position. Has good local Japanese connections. Address Box 1843, NCDN. -3406

EXPERIENCED young lady secretary-stenographer, also good at figures, open for engagement. Excellent testimonials. Box 1868, NCDN. -3487

BRITISH ex war serviceman (total abstainer) willing accept any offer employment. Box 1866, NCDN. -3447

BRITON, 53, wants light work, whole/part time, wages secondary consideration. Reply Box 1845, NCDN. -3412

BRITISH subject, foreigner, single, 26, passed senior Cambridge, general office assistant, salesman, advertising, seeks employment any capacity, moderate salary. English spoken, written fluently. Box 1853, NCDN. -3418

STENOTYPIST, beginner, intelligent girl of 19, seeks position. Apply to Box 1856, NCDN. -3426

YOUNG girl seeks position as governess. Good English recommendations. Apply to Box 1857, NCDN. -3426

YOUNG export clerk, fast and accurate in typing. Can organize sampling. Hard-worker. Salary $100. Address Chan, 663 East Seward Road. -3389

ENGLISHMAN, 46, seeks any employment, temporary, permanent, Shanghai, elsewhere. Very active, capable office man, speaks Chinese. Excellent credentials. Address Box 1840, NCDN. -3401

QUALIFIED young lady secretary/stenographer. Journalistic abilities. Immediate position. No objection temporary part-time. $300. Box 1671, NCDN. -3421

FEMALE stenographer (beginner) typist, general office assistant, open for engagement. Address Box 1610 NCDN. -3383

YOUNG Chinese university graduate seeks position as translator, economic research worker, junior journalist Salary over $140. Box 1825, NCDN. -3379

YOUNG, female stenotypist (beginner) seeks position. Address Box 1798 NCDN. -3324

GERMAN lady, not refugee, 50, capable running big household, nursing, wishes position. Box 1808, NCDN. -3340

ACCOUNTANT bookkeeper, Chinese, now employed, wishes to join share broker's firm. Long experience and well-recommended. Address Box 1764, NCDN. -3272

FIGUEIREDO'S School can recommend steno-typists: beginners, experienced, 54 Garden Apartments. 1173/11 Bubbling Well Road. -3069

EXPERIENCED, young foreign lady stenographer, with knowledge of general office routine and Japanese, seeks position. Moderate salary. Box 1749, NCDN. -3249

PHARMACEUTICAL chemist, reliable, refugee, well-recommended, long practice in dispensaries, seeks position. Box 1707, NCDN. -3160

PROBATIONARY nurse (British) desires position at a doctor's office. Box 1794. -3317

YOUNG lady stenographer, knowledge of filing and general office routine, seeks immediate employment. Salary moderate. Good references. Box 1823, NCDN -3376

For Sale—Miscellaneous

GREY flannel D.B. suit, 36" chest, overcoat navy blue reefer cloth recently purchased for winter, never worn. Owner, service man, must leave shortly. Cost $480, will accept reasonable offer. Apply Ancell, 24 Central Road. -3424

FOR SALE, perambulator, Marmet, good condition, $75. Telephone 76102, afternoons. -3448

50,000 pieces pine tree ply-wood, size 6' x 3' x 3½ mm. Price Yen 1.65 per piece ex godown. Apply to Room 411, 110 Hankow Road. -3426

1,000 tons Calcutta lump coal and 100 tons Calcutta foundry coke, recently arrived. Price etc. apply Box 1839, NCDN. -3400

REFRIGERATOR, showcase, mark Freezor, 45 cu. ft. American motor. Guaranteed excellent condition. Apply hours 8-11 a.m. 3-6 p.m. 360 Avenue du Roi Albert, House 4. Telephone 71793. -3414

DON'T fail to inspect our spectacular selection of paintings, bronzes, chinaware, crystalware, carpets, miniatures, small furniture, etc., at our showrooms, 1310 Avenue Joffre, European Arts. -3329

SUPERB Persian carpet for private sale. 335 Rue Bourgeat, Room 7. -3426

GENUINE (old) Dutch oil-painting by famous artist (1663). No dealers. Box 1847, NCDN. -3408

BINOCULARS, Zeiss 8 x 24, new, List-price $1,140, sacrifice $700. Swiss 8 x 25, new, $475. Autor, Telephone 71289. -3416

MEISSEN coffee-set for 16 persons, heavy crystal liqueur, wine glasses, etc., 5 different sorts. Benesi, 12 Rue du Consulat, Apartment 501. -3440

VACUUM-CLEANER "Efi" $65, electrical sewing machine "Singer", brandnew bargain. 24 Bund, Room 35. -3437

ONE almost new Viva-Tonal portable gramophone, double spring, with records, $150. One big American coal burning stove in good condition, $75 Telephone 34358. 11103

GREAT China Electric Lamp Factory Manufacturers of decorative electric lamp bulbs, especially designed for Christmas and New Year decorations Prices moderate. Quality guaranteed All orders promptly executed. Office 193 Tatung Road. -3462

ELECTRIC motor, 30 h.p., T.B.T. Excellent condition. Telephone 50519 office hours. -3467

CORY coffee/tea brewers. Samples New. At cost. Davis, 45 Denis Apartments, 770 Bubbling Well Road 33837. 11089

WINCHESTER 20-bore pump gun and 150 rounds ammunition for same. Box 1817, NCDN. -3364

FOR SALE, Bentley's complete phrase code, pocket edition. Offers to Box 1795, NCDN. -3318

STAMPS, collection 10,200 pieces, worth US$1,500, for sale very cheap Charles, 37c Brenan Road. -3310

NICK'S secondhand furniture shop Buying selling: furniture, carpets refrigerators, etc. Telephone 73937, 140 Route des Soeurs. House 3. -3243

STEEL drums 50/55 galons for oil or gasoline. Orders accepted. Asia Engineering & Iron Works, 133 Yuen Ming Yuen Road. 11018

SINGER sewing machines, new and slightly used, at moderate prices. 139 Hamilton House. -3339

COLOURED crochet turbans, $1.60 handkerchiefs, 65 cents; embroidered dressing-gowns, $23. Lace & Linen Syndicate, 114 Peking Road. 10994

SECONDHAND furniture, carpets, etc bargain sale/highest prices paid by Feiner's, 306 Rue Bourgeat, Telephone 73597. -3301

BED-SHEETS, best imported qualities at bargain prices. Box 1625, NCDN -3042

OUR fur department offers you the best coats at cheapest prices. 46 Route de Grouchy, telephone 73740. -3156

SHIRLEY TEMPLE, fully dressed, with a large company of other nice dolls and toys arrived at Doll Store Rosette 135 Seymour Road. -3141

Business Opportunities

OWNER of piece of land situated in central district off Bubbling Well Road looking for partner for erecting a building. Good proposition. Apply Telephone 32176 from 8-10, 1-3, 4-6. -3373

BALL-ROOM for rent or operation on partnership basis. Spacious, attractively decorated, conveniently located with healthy surroundings. For full particulars please call at Reception Office, 993 Avenue Joffre, 9-12 a.m., daily -3453

EXPORTERS! View our selection in waterproof coats. Ar-Ge. European Export Clothing Factory, 575/47 East Seward Road. -3439

ADVERTISER prepared to invest up to $100,000 in sound business or will buy partnership in running business. Address Box 1841, NCDN. -3404

Dancing

PROFESSOR Waldemar, famous teacher in ballroom, ballet, tap dances, gives private class lessons, 1272 Avenue Joffre. -3112

LESSONS wanted in simple ballroom dancing by Englishman. For fee, or will teach driving in exchange. Reply Box 1827, NCDN. -3382

Miscellaneous

EXPERIENCED graphologist undertakes character analysis, vocational consultation. Thorough and discreet replies to inquiries. Telephone 36767 or Box 1803, NCDN. -3352

YOUNG foreign business lady would like to share flat/apartment with another lady. Please address replies to Box 1836, NCDN. -3396

BRIDGE lessons. Foreigner (tournament player) gives lessons to beginners and advanced players. Apply Box 1832, NCDN. -3393

JUST opened. Arco Stamp Co., 321 Szechuen Road. Collectors cordially invited. -3411

JOINER'S workshop (electric machinery); speciality: serial jobs. Can call on customers. Ludwig Lewinsohn, 213 Chusan Road. -3428

TRANSLATION: Letters, other articles, from English, French into Chinese, vice versa. General Secretariat, 422/6 Nanking Road, Telephone 97445. -3397

Educational

ERDENSOHN, concert violinist and pedagogue, composer of the well-known instructive works, gives violin lessons. For appointment 5-6 p.m., Route Say Zoong, Passage 93, House 11. Telephone 78035. -3441

FOREIGN gentleman wishes private lessons in English. Grammar and commercial English. Only experienced tutors need apply. Kindly write to Box 1865, NCDN. -3444

GERMAN, not refugee, wishes to take French lessons from qualified lady or gentleman teacher. Box 1858, NCDN. -3427

EXPERIENCED lady teacher gives lessons in English conversation. Moderate terms. Apply Box 1862, NCDN. -3433

JAPANESE conversation lessons wanted by foreigner. Write Box 1848, NCDN. -3410

FRENCH lessons. Speedy and excellent results assured. Fully qualified gentleman teacher (Belgian). Twice weekly pupil's/own home, $30 monthly. Box 176, NCDN. -3451

FOREIGN Y.M.C.A. Chinese classes, Mandarin and Shanghai dialect, starting Tuesday, September 10, 6 p.m. Apply Educational Office, Telephone 92250. 11102

WANTED, British or American tutor for children of 11 and 16. Answers stating qualifications, references and terms to Box 1747, NCDN. -3242

MISS MOALEM'S School, 218 Yuen Ming Yuen Road, Kindergarten and primary grades. Autumn term commences September 4. Telephones 14080, 11801. -3310

QUALIFIED Chinese lady-teacher, speaking English, gives Shanghai dialect lessons to foreigners. Easy method. Box 1376, NCDN. -3309

LESSONS in typing, two evenings weekly, wanted by Englishman. Please state fee to Box 1789, NCDN. -3309

COMPLETE commercial course, shorthand (Gregg/Pitman), typewriting, English, commercial correspondence, bookkeeping, coding, filing. Students prepared for Pitman, Gregg and London Chamber of Commerce examinations. Class or individual tuition. Moderate fees. Apply Mrs. Sweeney. Steno-Typist Academy, 173/301 Seymour Road. 10966

GERMAN and Russian lessons given by lady teacher. Long experience, $15 monthly twice weekly. Telephone 74393. -3091

PROFESSIONAL lady-teacher, Vienna University graduate, gives German lessons for children and adults, pupil's/teacher's home. Moderate terms. Box 1720, NCDN. -3168

YOUNG Frenchman desires join English conversational group. Box 1796, NCDN. -3320

Radios

FOR SALE: Radio Zenith 9-tube model 1939, in new condition. Apply Box 1864, NCDN. -3445

BLAUPUNKT 6 tubes, long and short wave receiver. Bargain. Radio Record, 681 Bubbling Well. -3450

FLASH! Pierce Radio Service. Repair radios of any manufacture, Telephone 73711. -2591

DEPENDABLE radio service. All makes radios, RCA equipped. Foreign engineers. Radio Corporation of Asia. Telephone 87777. -2227

NEWS from Europe straight to your home with a Radio Record Europe reciever, six American tubes, American loudspeaker. US$12.50 only. Demonstration without obligation. Repairs by European expert. Radio Record, 8 Chusan Road, Telephone 51262. 1916 Avenue Joffre, Telephone 73109. 681 Bubbling Well, Telephone 32217. -3429

SPECIAL offer. Superb RCA. 6-tube 1940 allwave radio with RCA record player. US$47.50 Radio Corporation of Asia, 361 Avenue Foch. -2228

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